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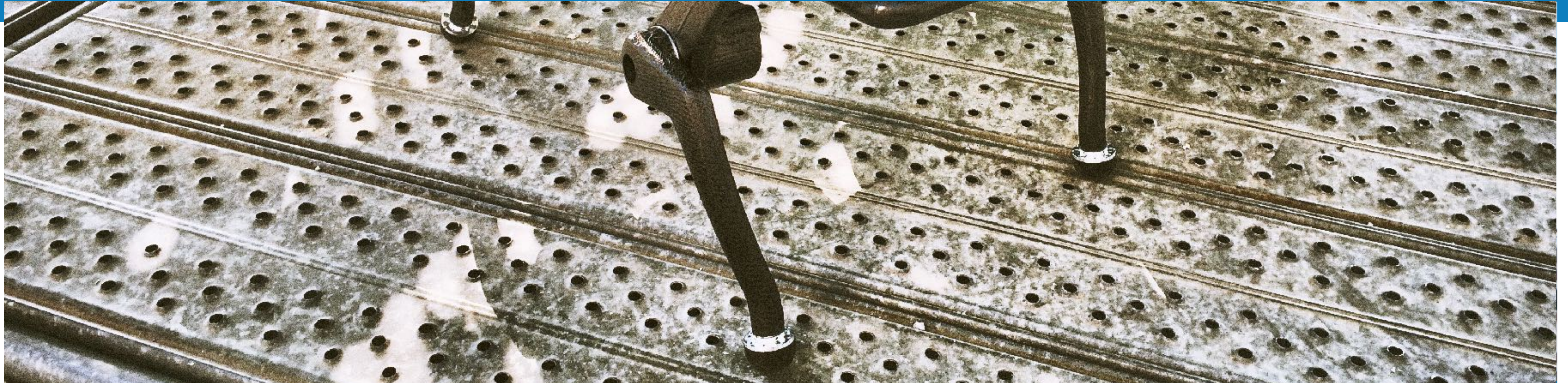
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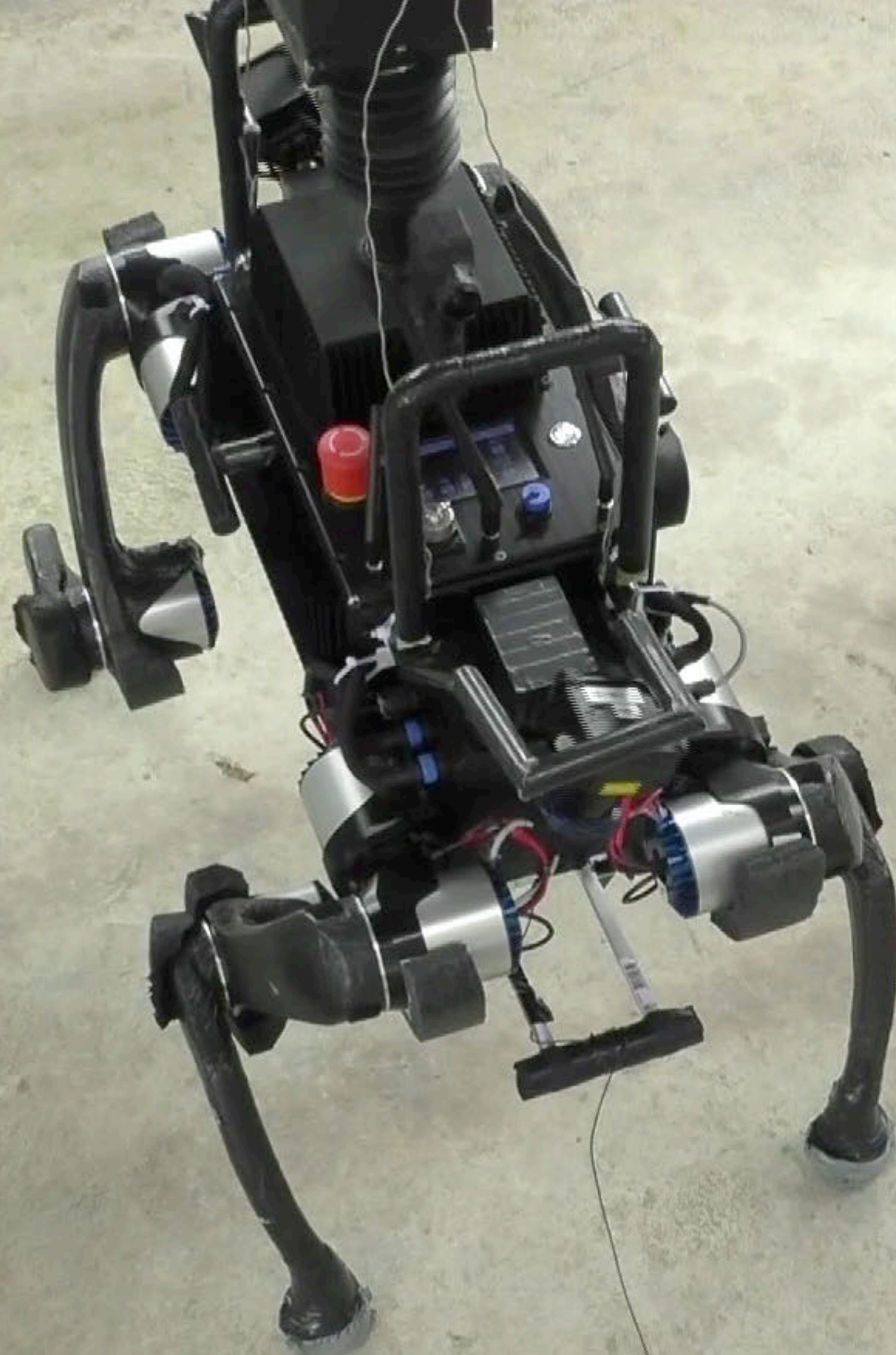
ANYmal at the ARGOS Challenge

Tools and Experiences from the Autonomous Inspection of Oil & Gas Sites with a Legged Robot

Péter Fankhauser

Remo Diethelm, Samuel Bachmann, Christian Gehring, Martin Wermelinger, Dario Bellicoso, Vassilios Tsounis, Andreas Lauber, Michael Bloesch, Philipp Leemann, Gabriel Hottiger, Dominik Jud, Ralf Kaestner, Linus Isler, Mark Hoepflinger, Roland Siegwart, Marco Hutter

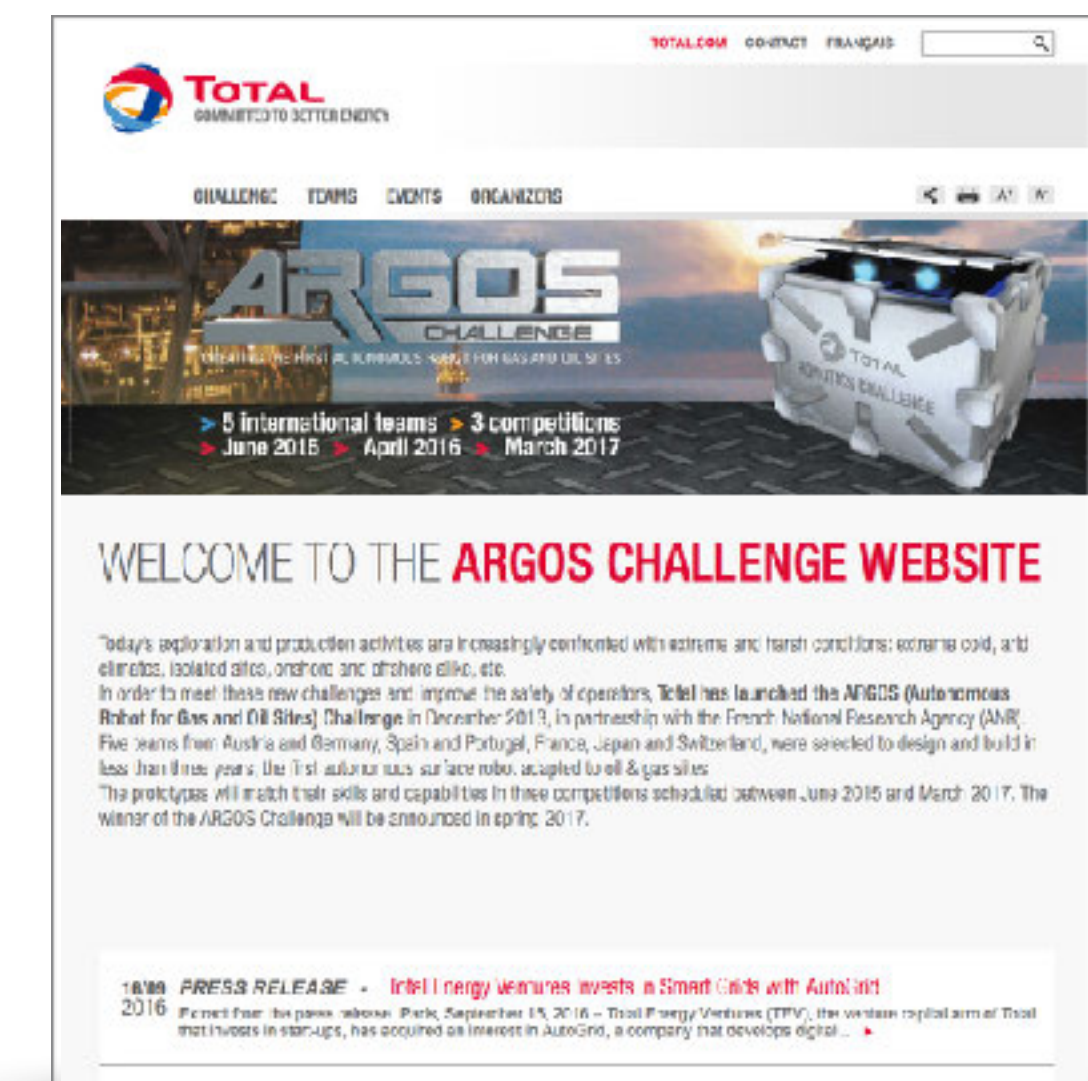
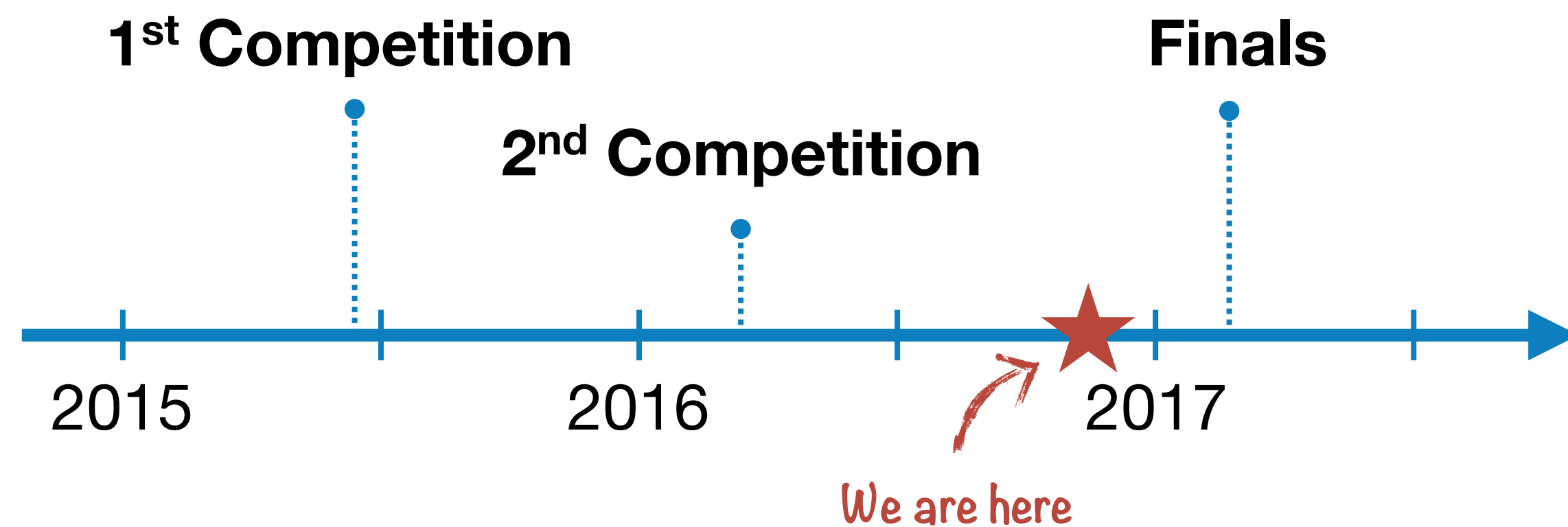




ANYmal for the
Oil & Gas Industry

ARGOS Challenge

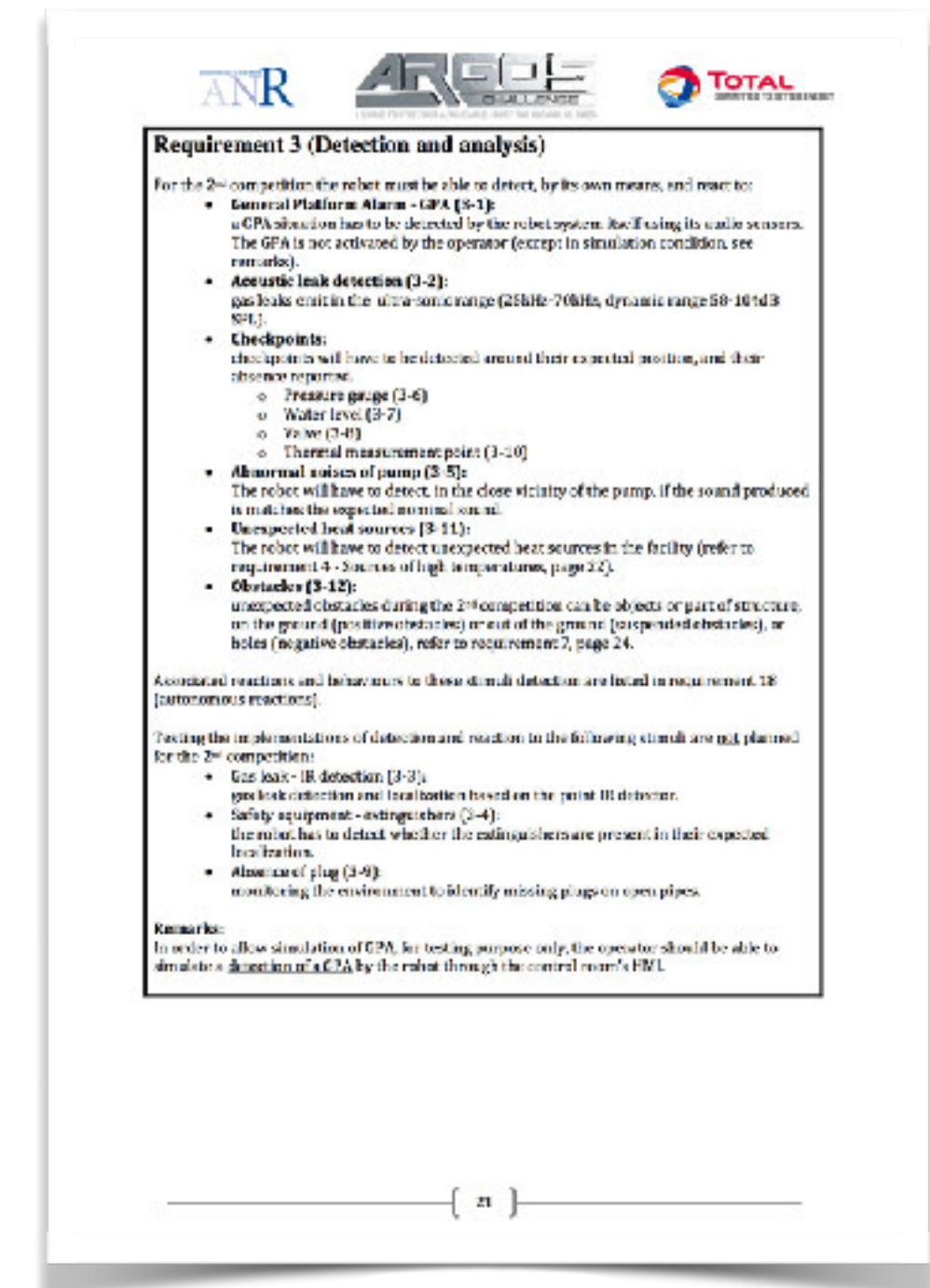
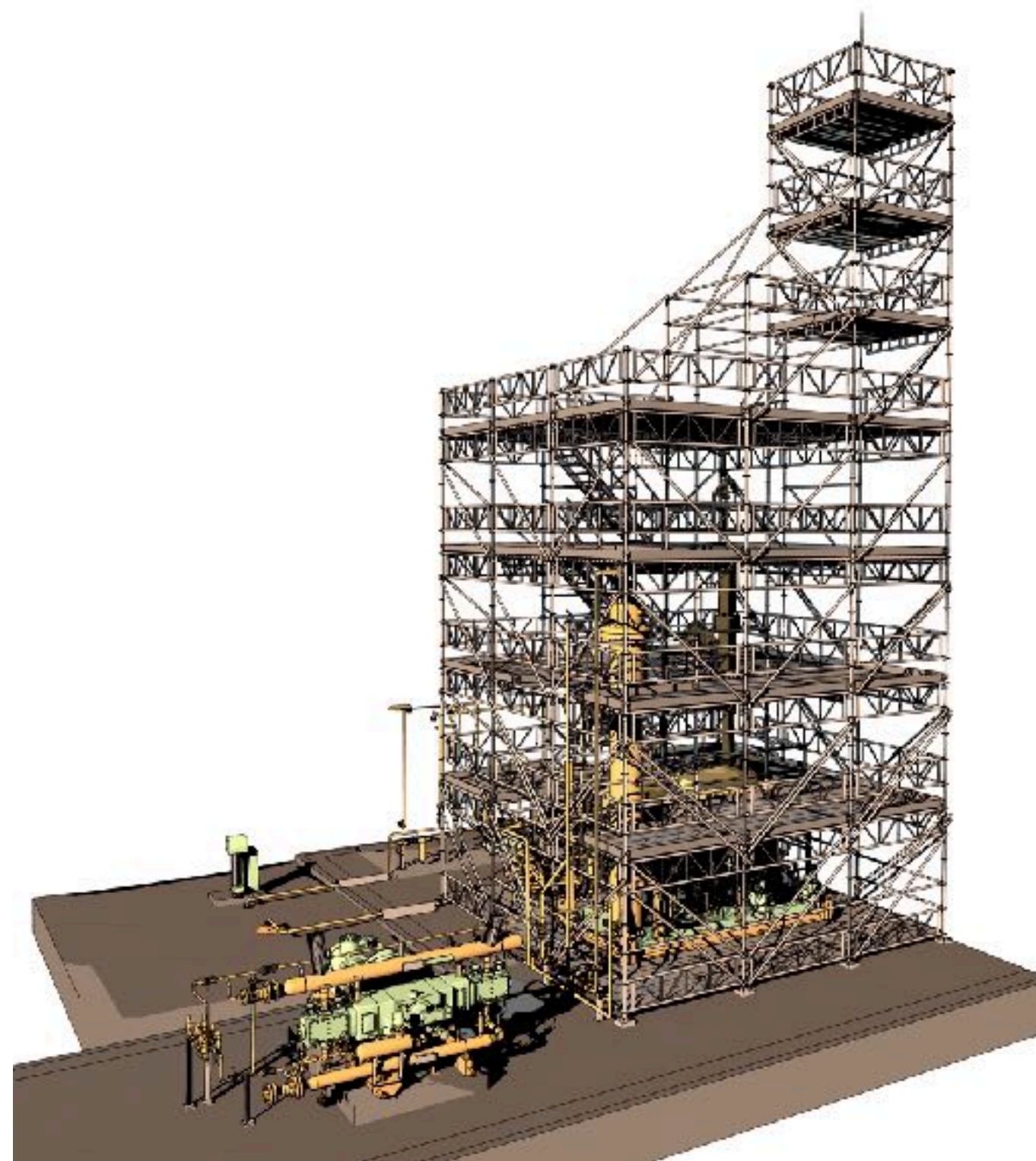
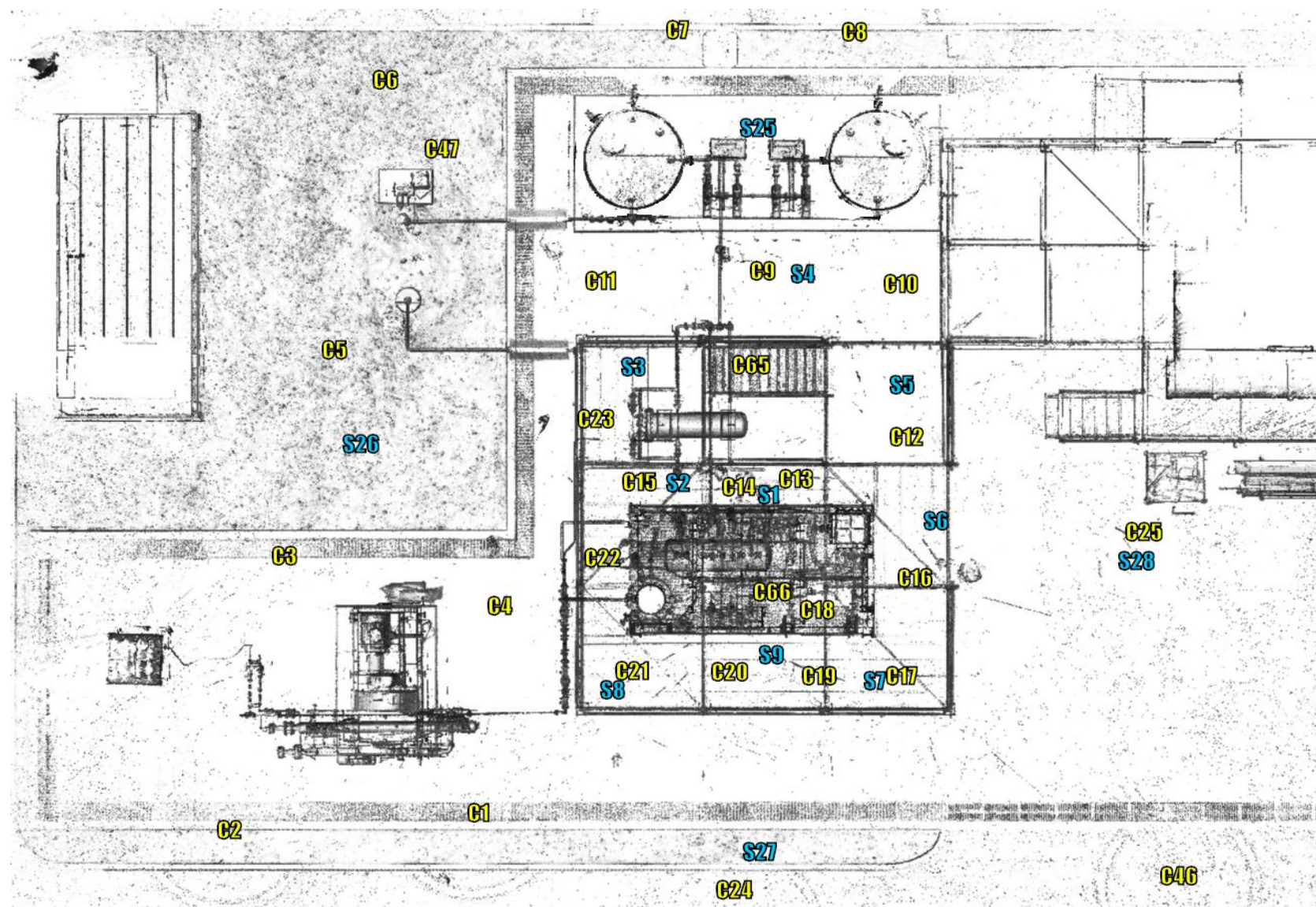
“Creating the first autonomous robot for gas and oil sites”



<http://www.argos-challenge.com>

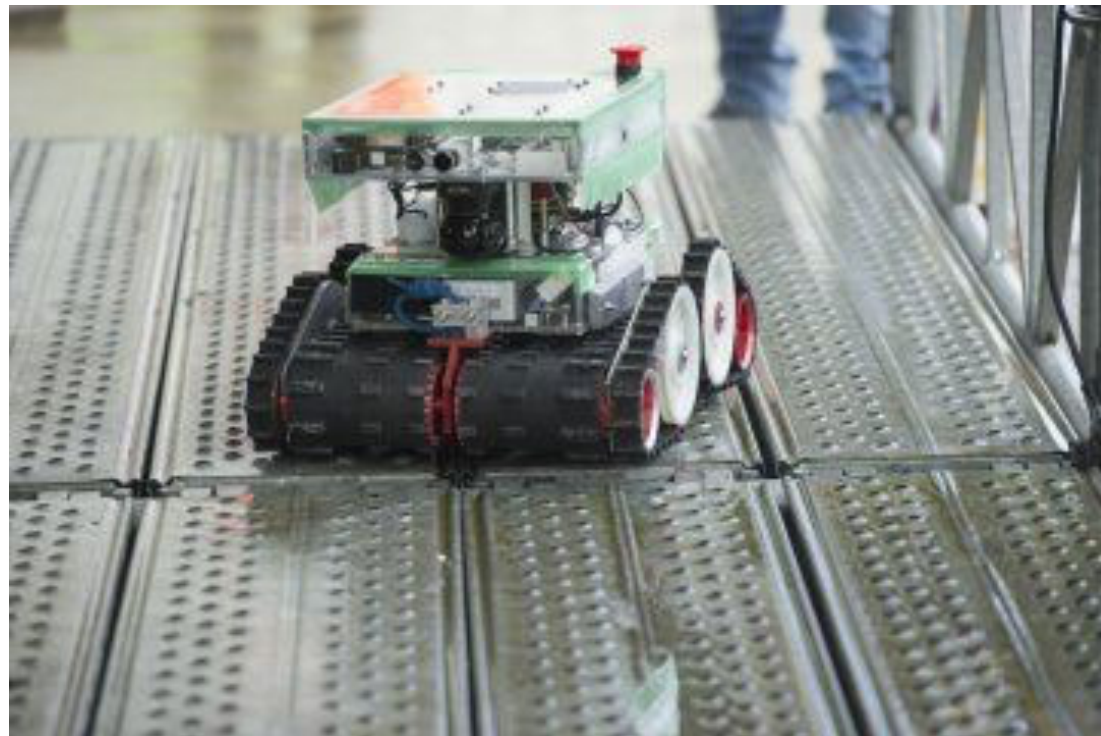
ARGOS Challenge

Autonomous Inspection of Oil and Gas Sites

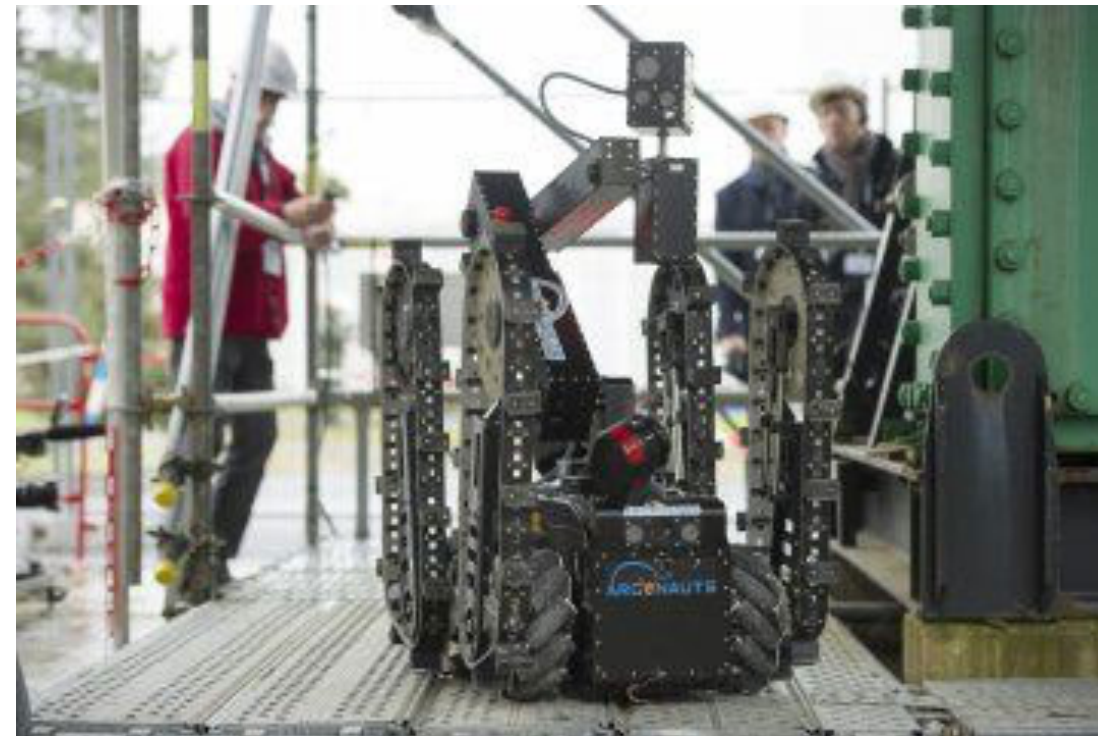


ARGOS Challenge

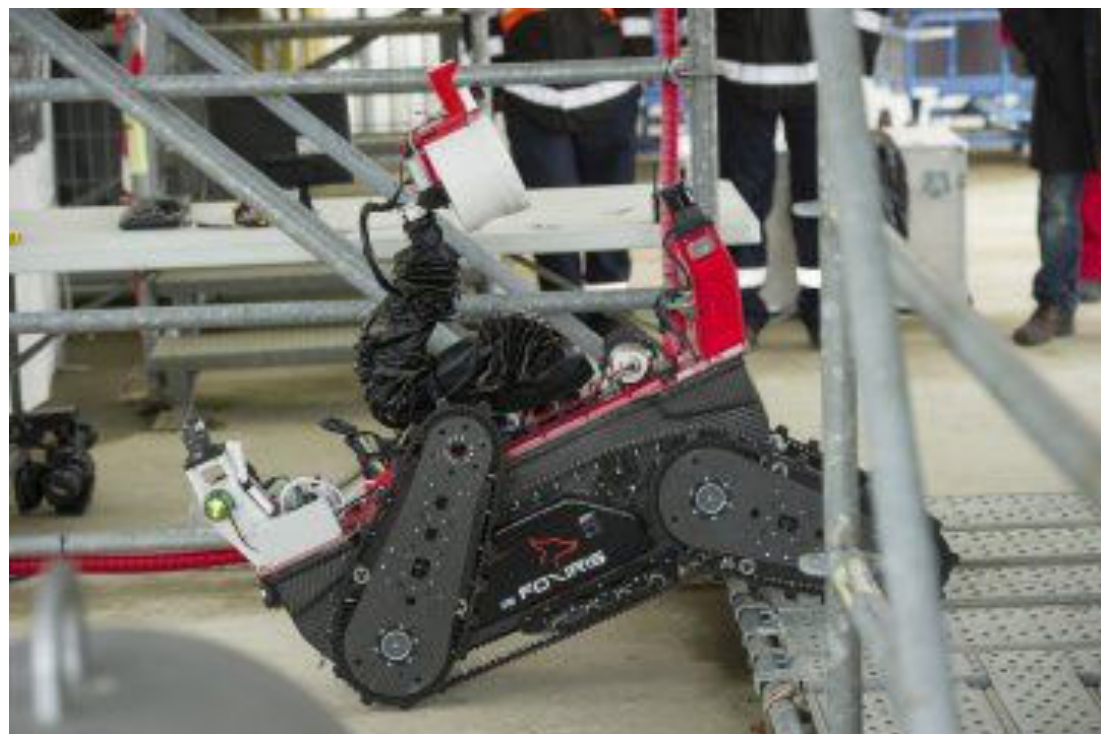
5 International Teams



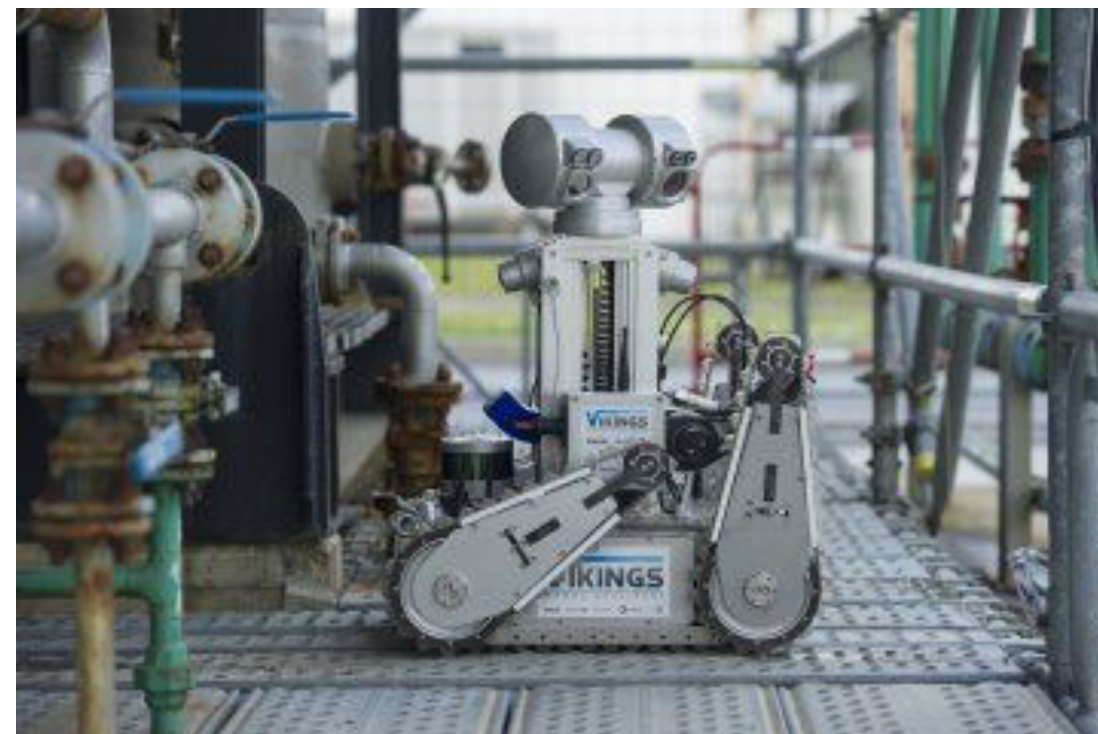
AIR-K
Japan



ARGONAUTS
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VIKINGS
France



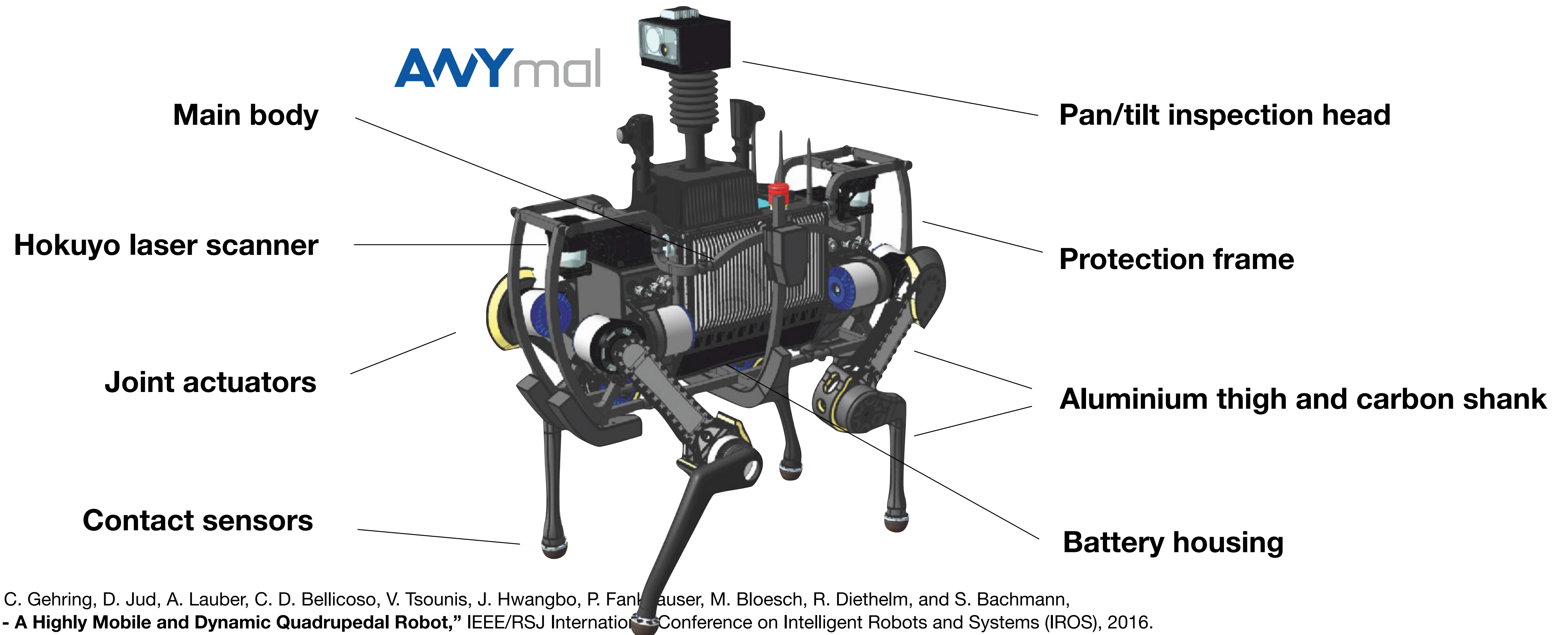
LIO
Switzerland

ARGOS Challenge

Team LIO



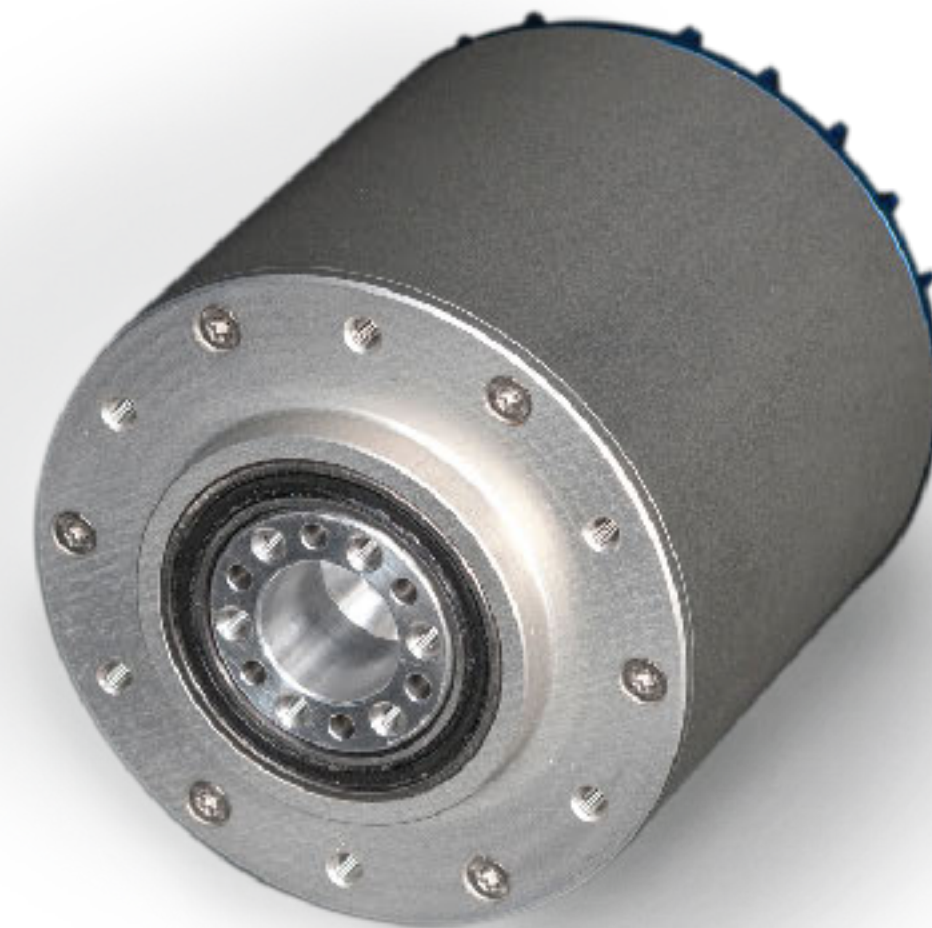
ANYmal – A High-Performance & Versatile Quadrupedal Robot



M. Hutter, C. Gehring, D. Jud, A. Lauber, C. D. Bellicoso, V. Tsounis, J. Hwangbo, P. Fankhauser, M. Bloesch, R. Diethelm, and S. Bachmann, "ANYmal - A Highly Mobile and Dynamic Quadrupedal Robot," IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2016.

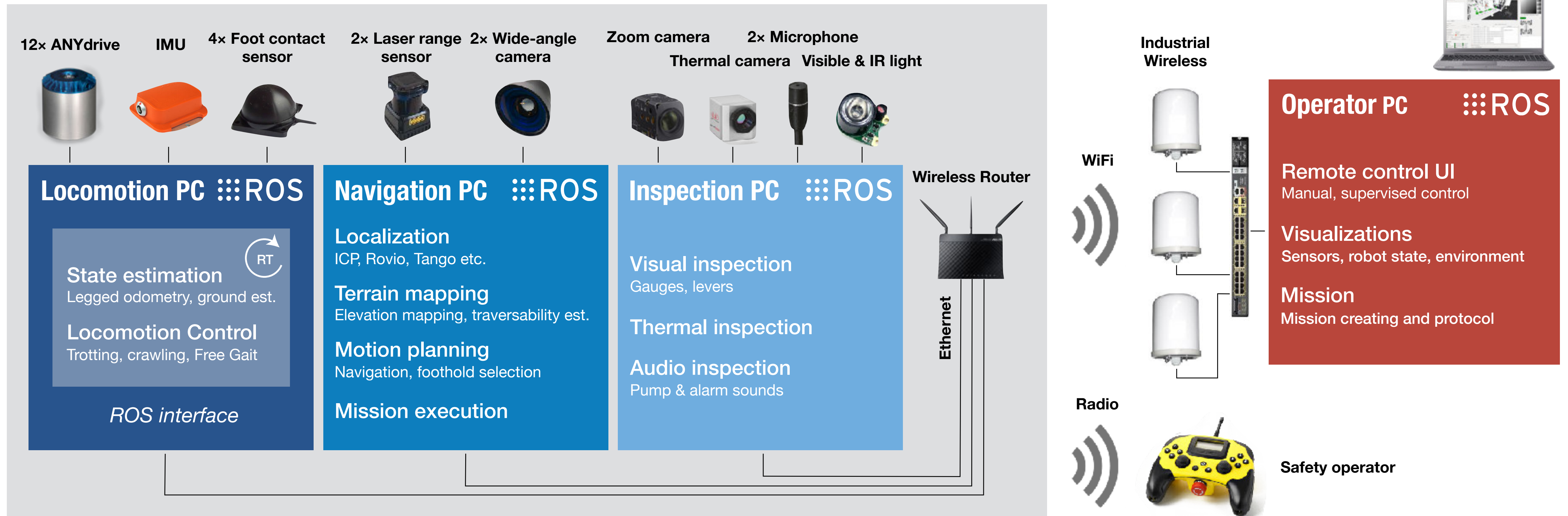
ANYdrive – A Integrated, Robust, Torque-Controllable Robot Joint

- Fully integrated
- Accurate position & torque control
- Absolute position sensing
- Programmable controller
- Impact robust
- Hollow-shaft
- Water-proof

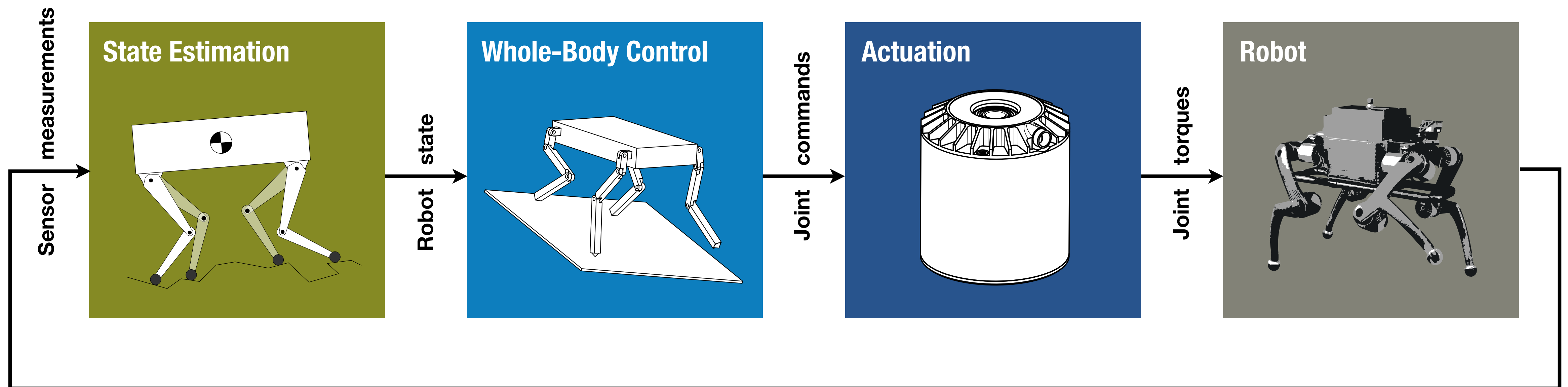


ANYdrive

System Overview



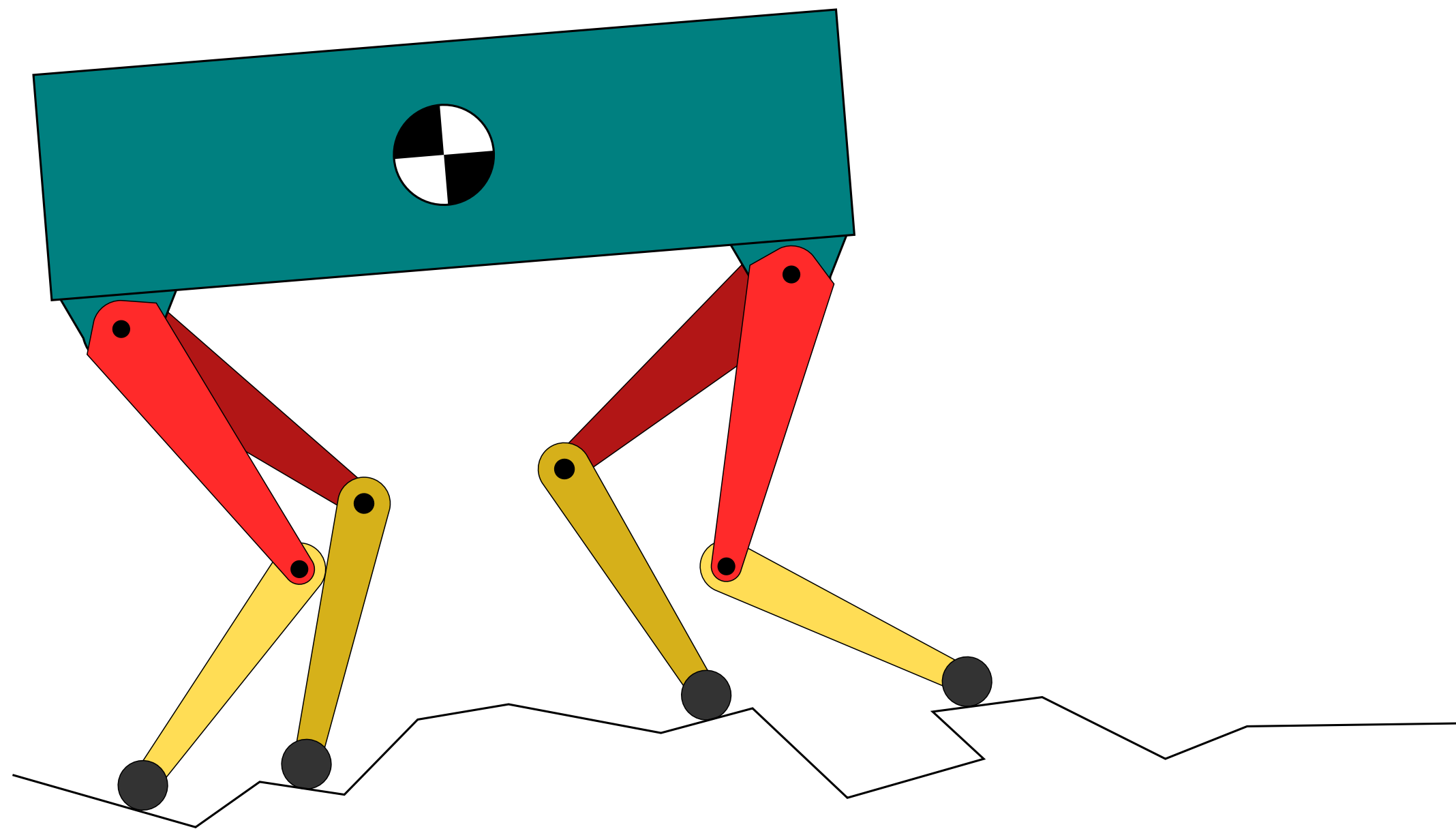
Locomotion



Locomotion State Estimation

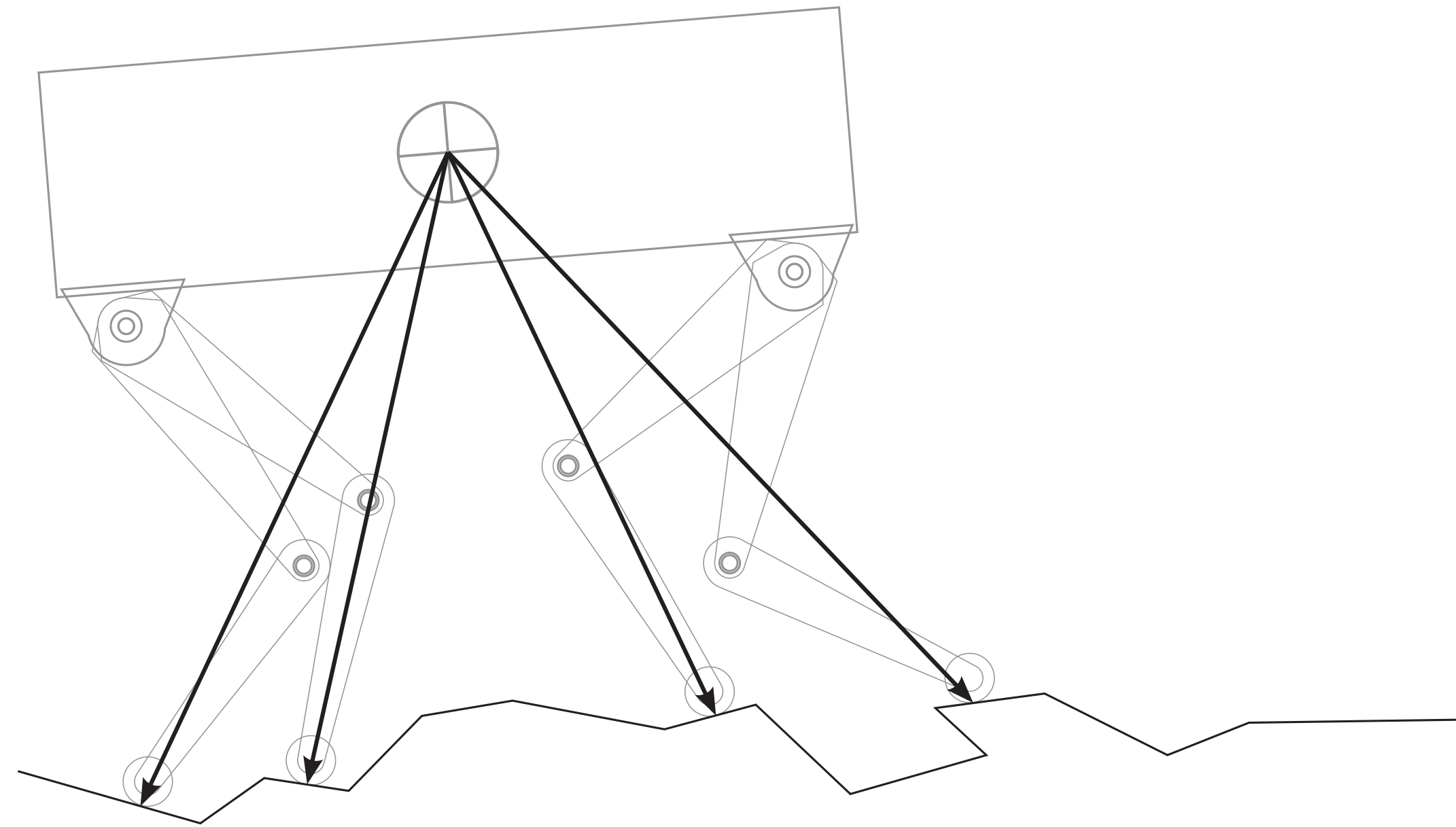
Extended Kalman Filter

- No assumption on terrain



M. Bloesch, C. Gehring, P. Fankhauser, M. Hutter, M. A. Hoepflinger and R. Siegwart, “**State Estimation for Legged Robots on Unstable and Slippery Terrain**”, in International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2013.

Locomotion State Estimation

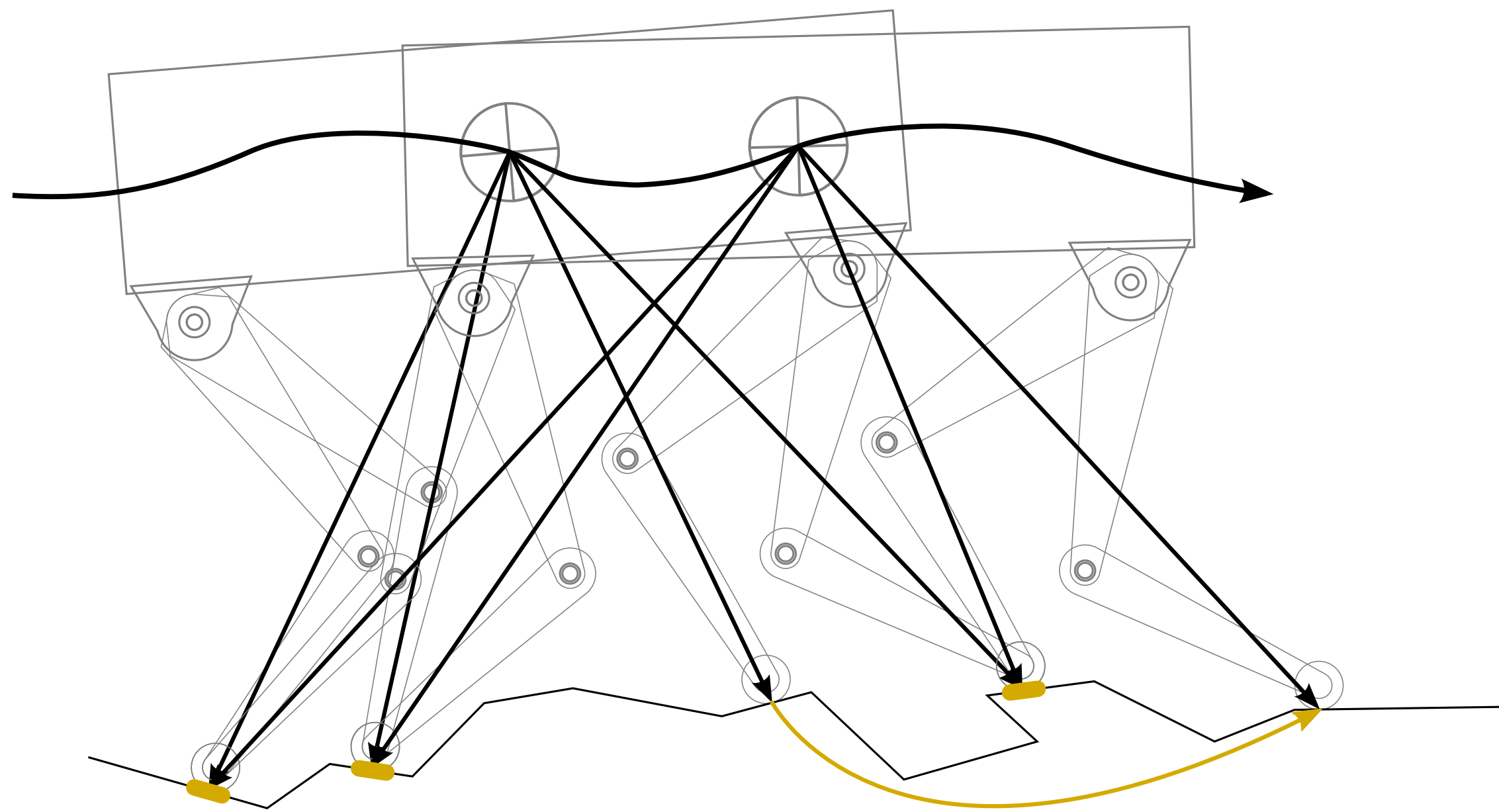


Extended Kalman Filter

- No assumption on terrain
- Kinematic measurements (encoders) for legs in contact

M. Bloesch, C. Gehring, P. Fankhauser, M. Hutter, M. A. Hoepflinger and R. Siegwart, “**State Estimation for Legged Robots on Unstable and Slippery Terrain**”, in International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2013.

Locomotion State Estimation



Kinematic measurements

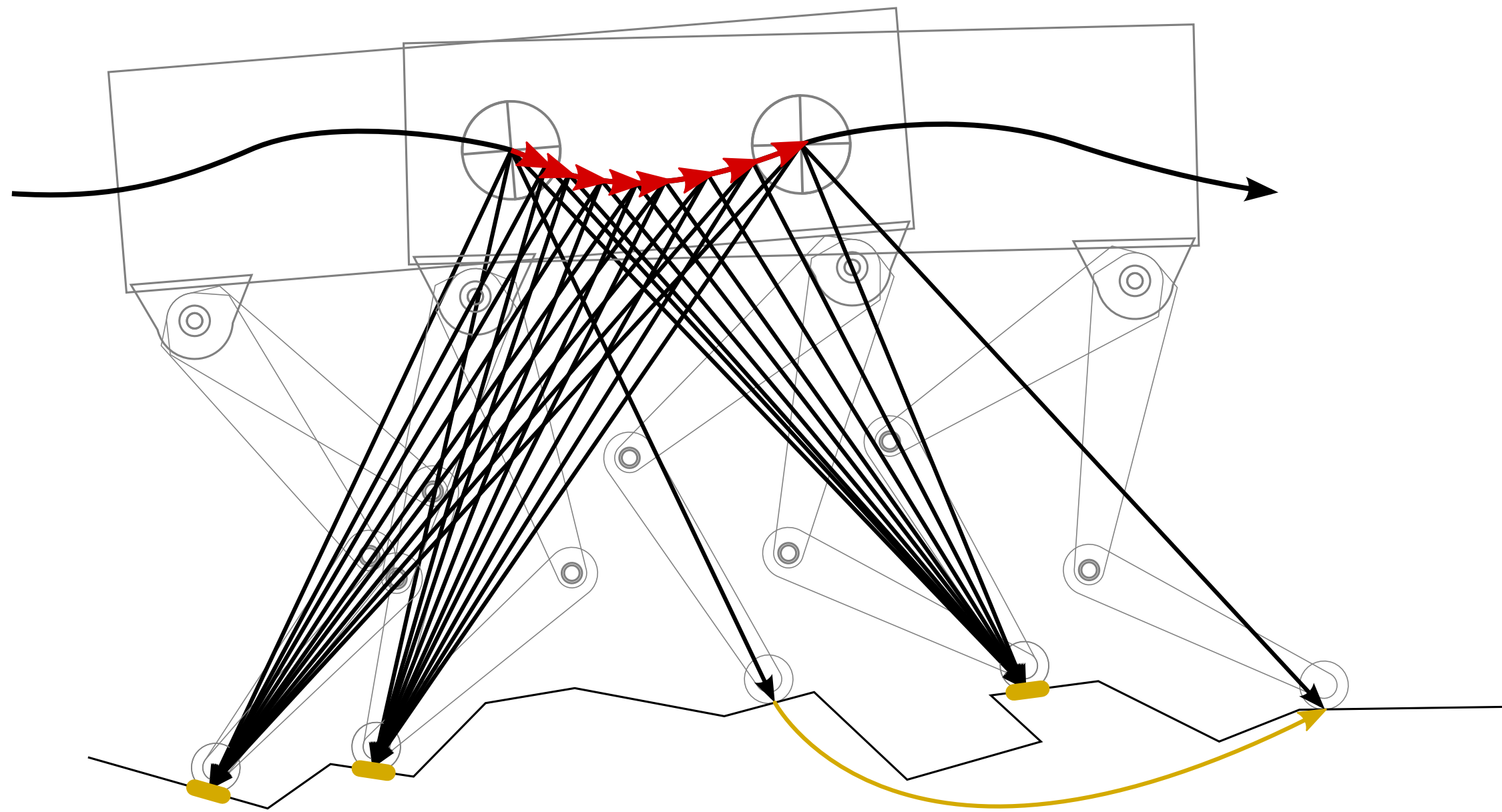
Extended Kalman Filter

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Locomotion State Estimation

Inertial measurements



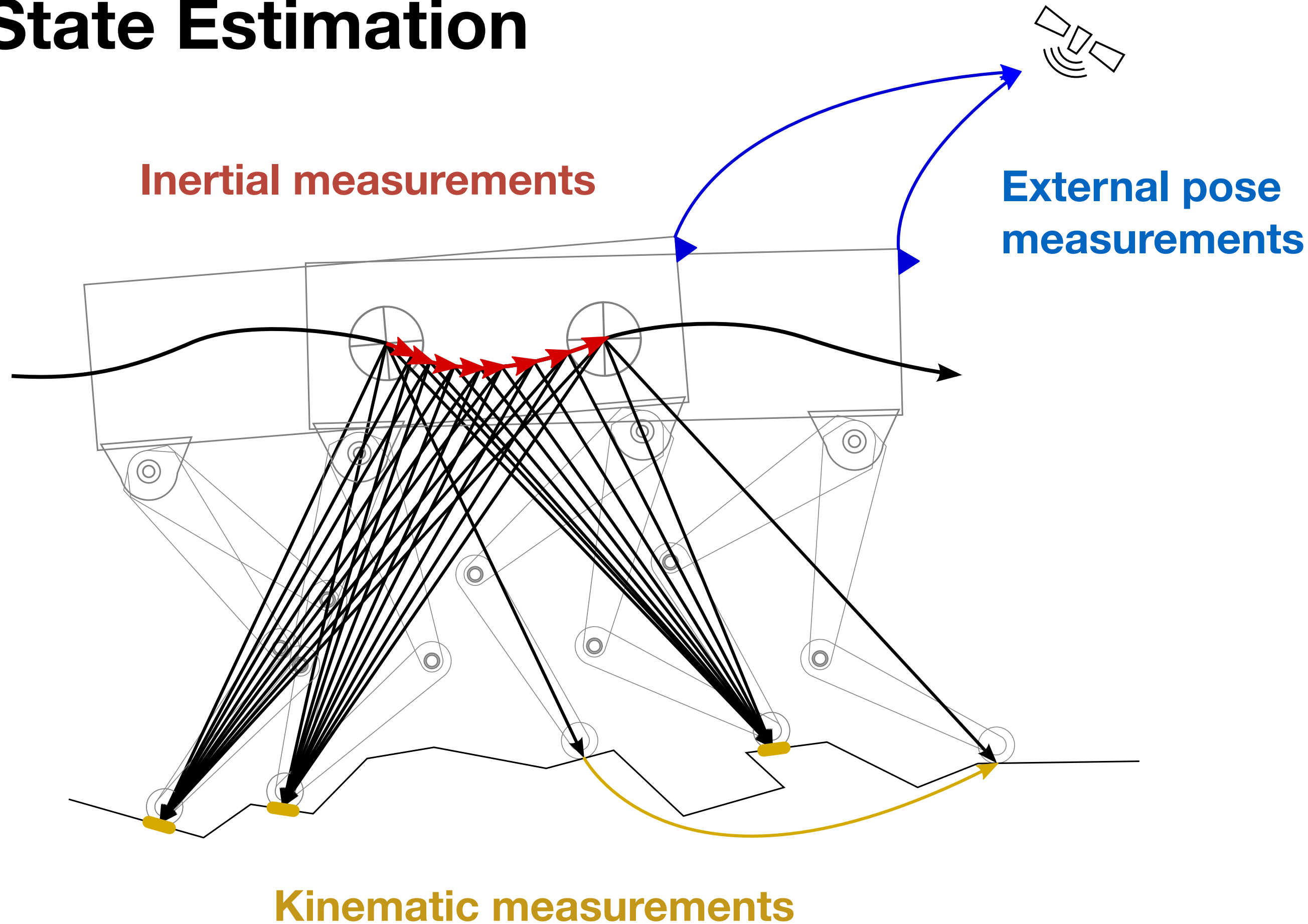
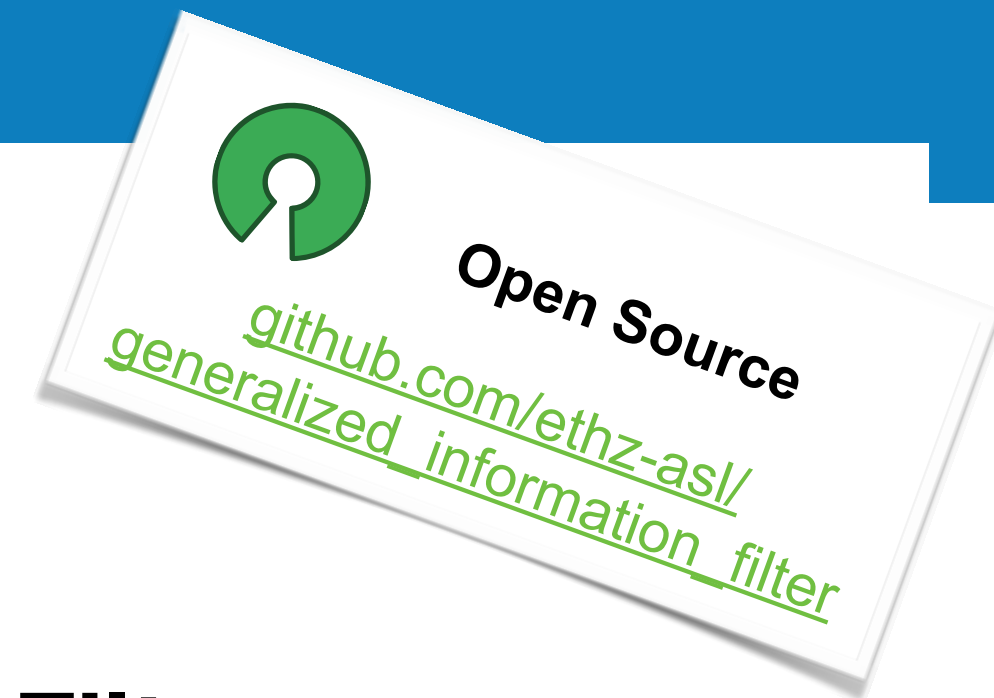
Kinematic measurements

Extended Kalman Filter

- No assumption on terrain
- Kinematic measurements (encoders) for legs in contact
- Fused with inertial measurements (IMU)
- Error < 5% over distance

M. Bloesch, C. Gehring, P. Fankhauser, M. Hutter, M. A. Hoepflinger and R. Siegwart, “**State Estimation for Legged Robots on Unstable and Slippery Terrain**”, in International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2013.

Locomotion State Estimation



Extended Kalman Filter

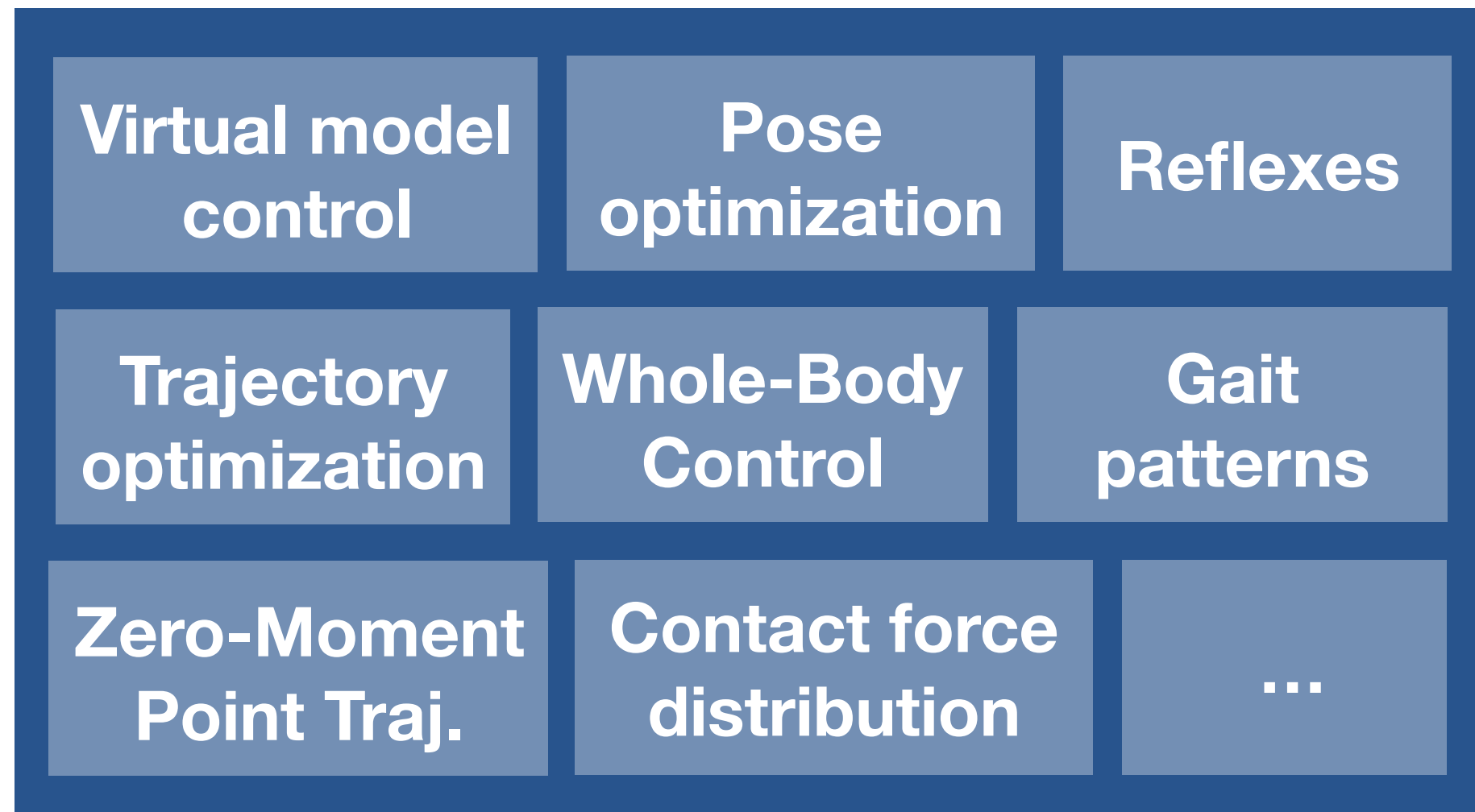
- No assumption on terrain
- Kinematic measurements (encoders) for legs in contact
- Fused with inertial measurements (IMU)
- Error < 5% over distance
- Optionally combined with external pose (GPS, laser, vision, etc.)

M. Bloesch, C. Gehring, P. Fankhauser, M. Hutter, M. A. Hoepflinger and R. Siegwart, “**State Estimation for Legged Robots on Unstable and Slippery Terrain**”, in International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2013.

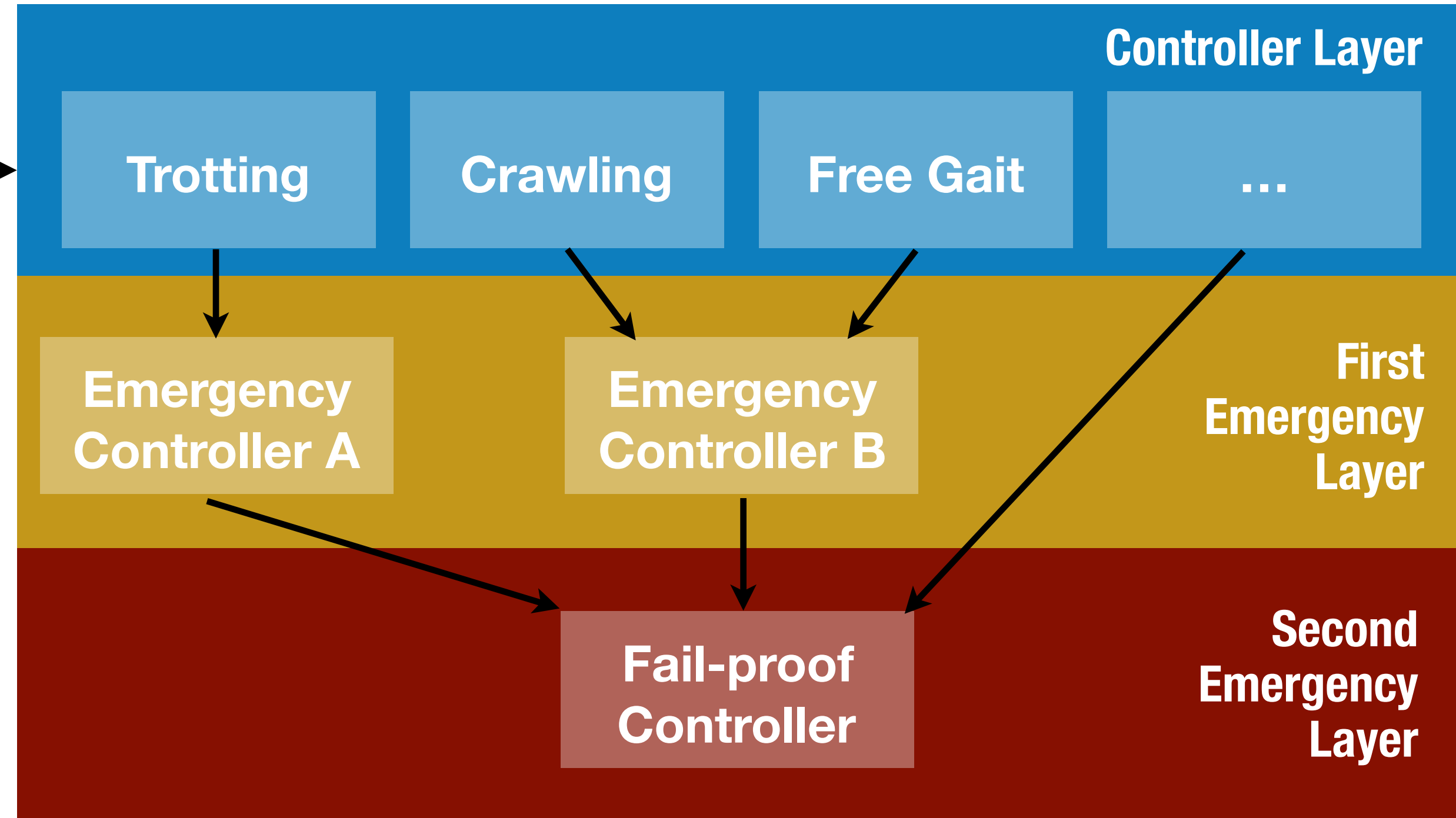
Locomotion Whole-Body Control



Locomotion Controller Modules (Loco)



Robot Controller Manager (Rocoma)



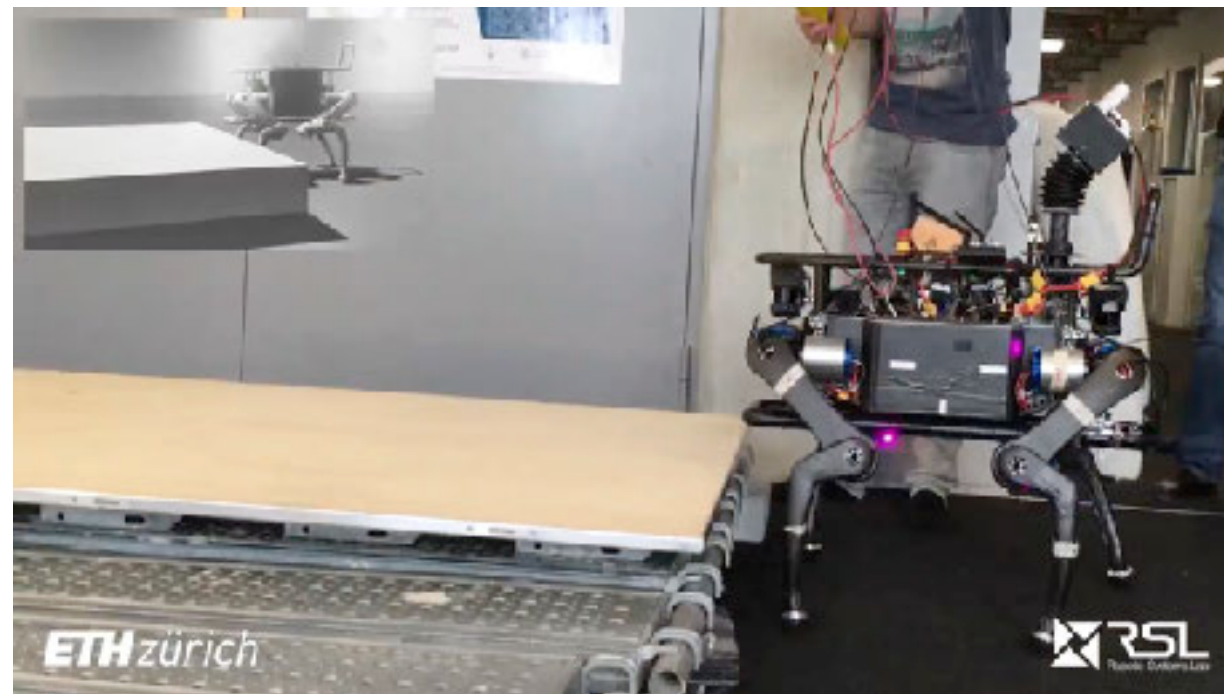
C. Gehring, S. Coros, M. Hutter, D. Bellicoso, H. Heijnen, R. Diethelm, M. Bloesch, P. Fankhauser, J. Hwangbo, M. A. Hoepflinger, and R. Siegwart, “**Practice Makes Perfect: An Optimization-Based Approach to Controlling Agile Motions for a Quadruped Robot.**”, in IEEE Robotics & Automation Magazine, 2016.

C. Dario Bellicoso, C. Gehring, J. Hwangbo, P. Fankhauser, M. Hutter, “**Emerging Terrain Adaptation from Hierarchical Whole Body Control,**” in IEEE Internal Conference on Humanoid Robots (Humanoids), 2016.

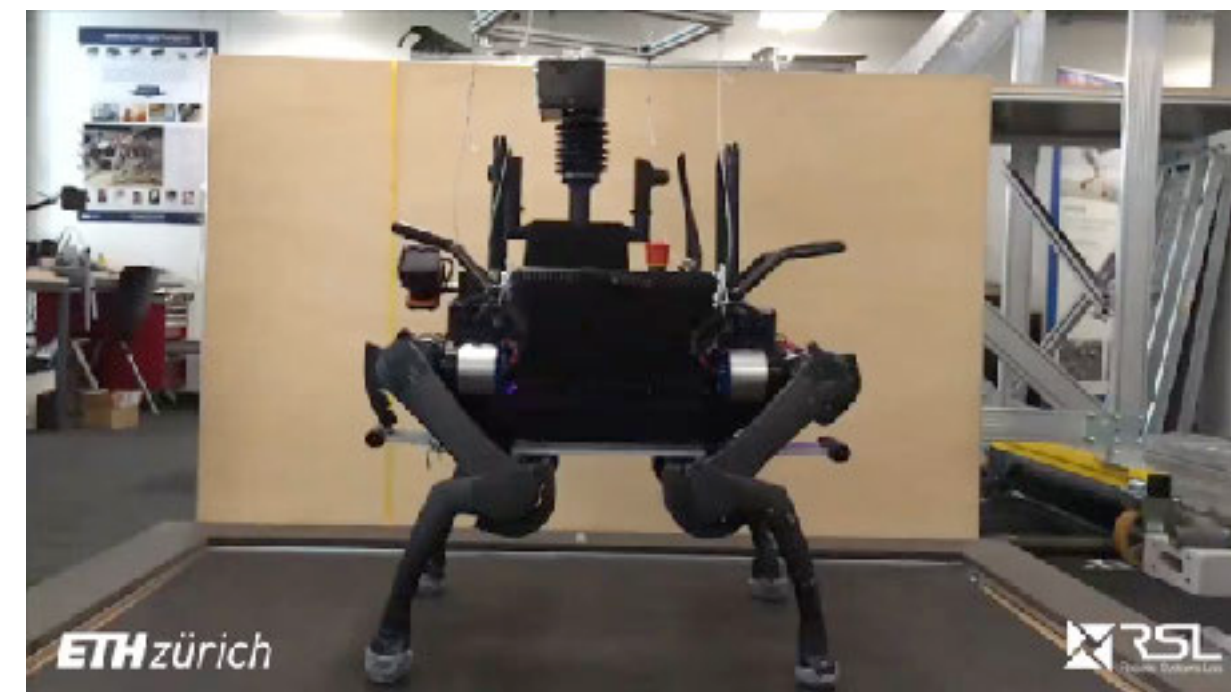
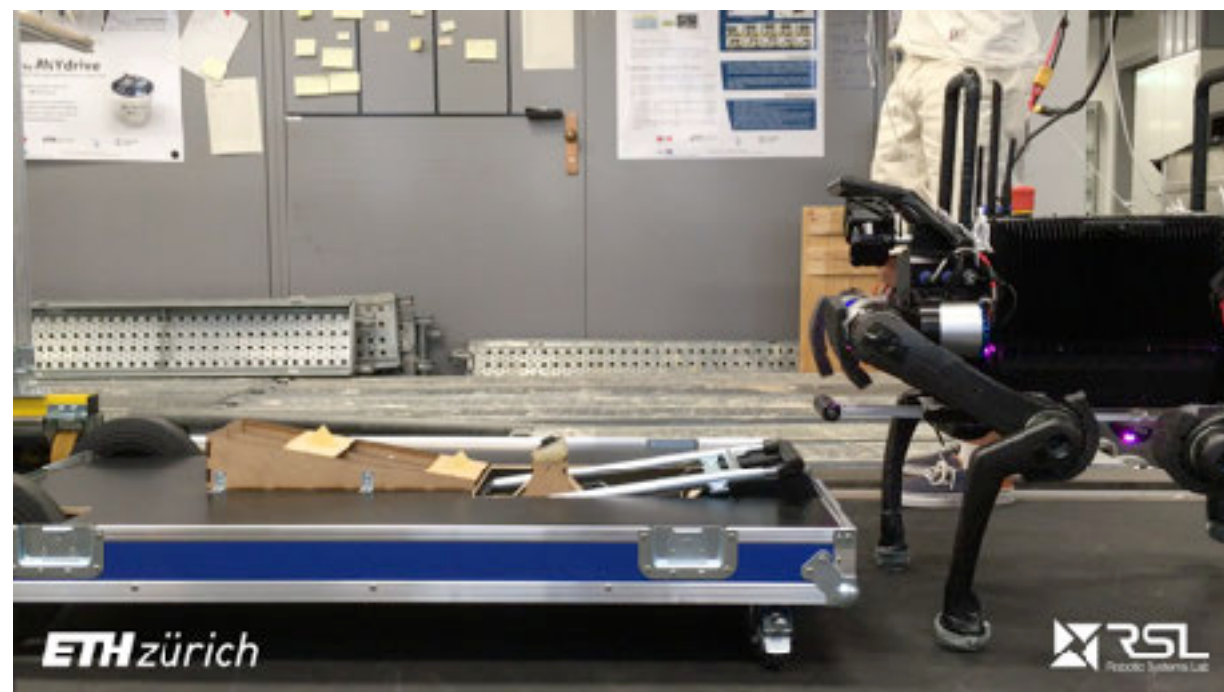


Locomotion

Free Gait – An Architecture for the Versatile Control of Legged Robots



- Abstraction Layer for Whole-Body Motions (Free Gait API)

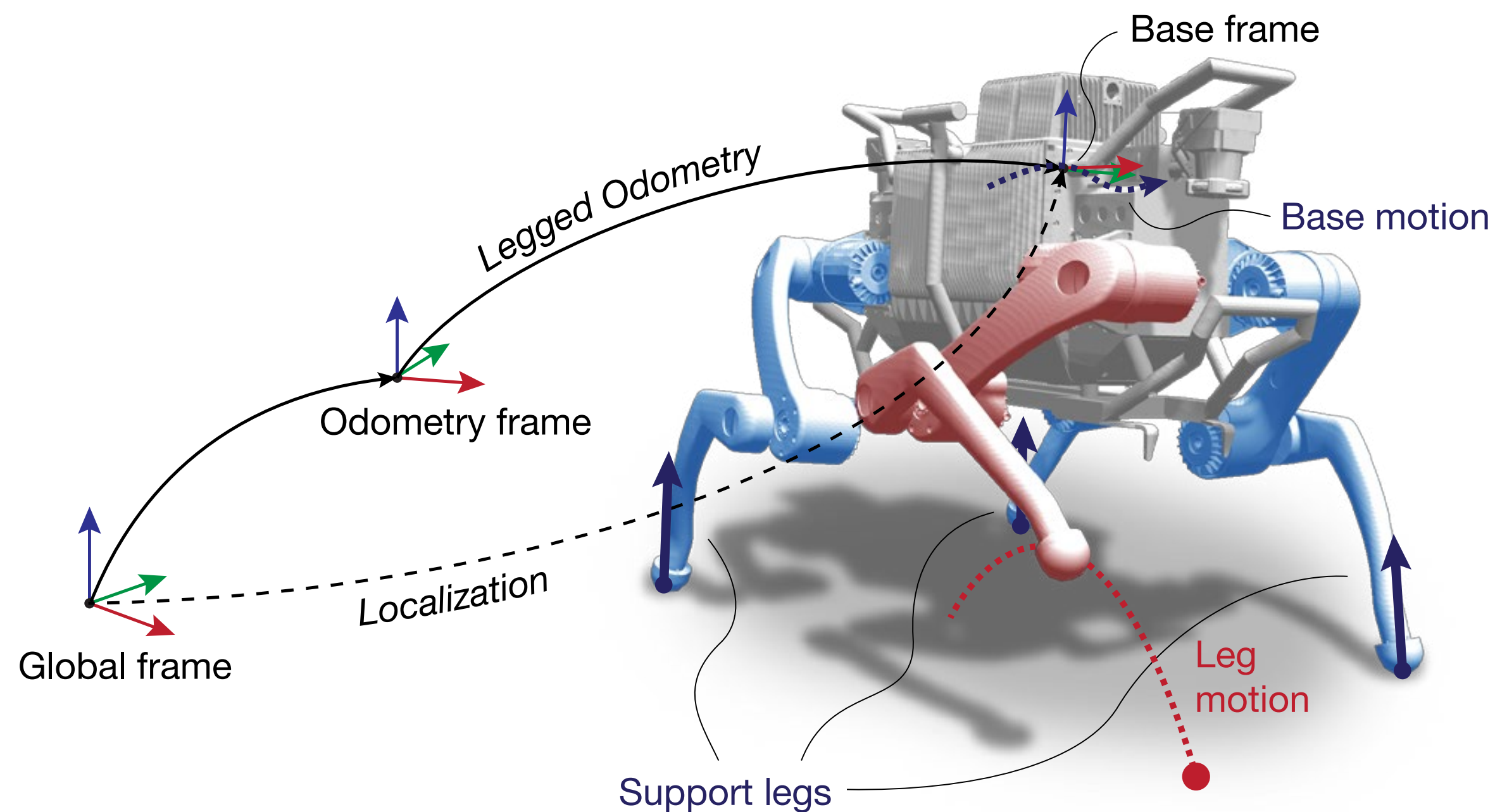


P. Fankhauser, D. Bellicoso, C. Gehring, R. Dubé, A. Gawel, and M. Hutter, “Free Gait – An Architecture for the Versatile Control of Legged Robots,” in IEEE-RAS International Conference on Humanoid Robots (Humanoids), 2016.



Locomotion

Free Gait – An Architecture for the Versatile Control of Legged Robots



- Abstraction Layer for Whole-Body Motions (Free Gait API)
- Robust motion execution in task space

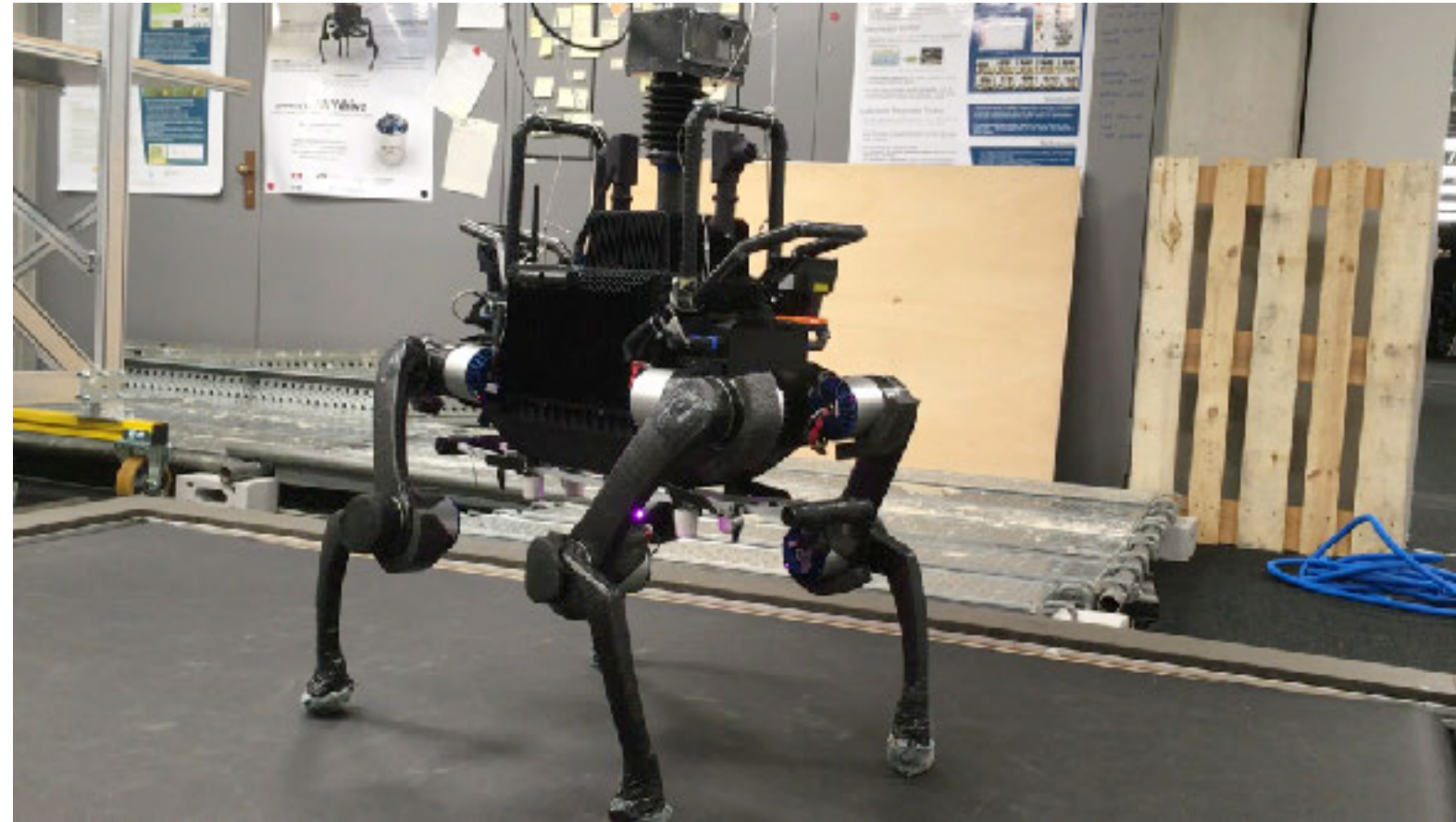
P. Fankhauser, D. Bellicoso, C. Gehring, R. Dubé, A. Gavel, and M. Hutter, “Free Gait – An Architecture for the Versatile Control of Legged Robots,” in IEEE-RAS International Conference on Humanoid Robots (Humanoids), 2016.



Locomotion

Free Gait – An Architecture for the Versatile Control of Legged Robots

```
steps:
- step:
  - base_auto:
  - step:
  - end_effector_target:
    name: RF_LEG
    ignore_contact: true
    target_position:
      frame: footprint
      position: [0.39, -0.24, 0.20]
- step:
  - base_auto:
    height: 0.38
    ignore_timing_of_leg_motion: true
  - end_effector_target: &foot
    name: RF_LEG
    ignore_contact: true
    ignore_for_pose_adaptation: true
    target_position:
      frame: footprint
      position: [0.39, -0.24, 0.20]
- step:
  - base_auto:
    height: 0.45
    ignore_timing_of_leg_motion: true
  - end_effector_target: *foot
- step:
  - footstep:
    name: RF_LEG
    profile_type: straight
    target:
      frame: footprint
      position: [0.32, -0.24, 0.0]
- step:
  - base_auto:
```



- Abstraction Layer for Whole-Body Motions (Free Gait API)
- Robust motion execution in task space
- Implemented as ROS Action (with frameworks for YAML, Python, C++)

P. Fankhauser, D. Bellicoso, C. Gehring, R. Dubé, A. Gawel, and M. Hutter, “Free Gait – An Architecture for the Versatile Control of Legged Robots,” in IEEE-RAS International Conference on Humanoid Robots (Humanoids), 2016.

Locomotion

Kindr – Kinematics and Dynamics for Robotics



- C++ library for the consistent handling of 3d position and rotations
- Support for *rotation matrices*, *quaternions*, *angle-axis*, *rotation vectors*, *Euler angles*, etc.
- Support for all common operations and includes time-derivates
- ROS interface available
- Based on Eigen, 1000+ unit tests

M. Bloesch, H. Sommer, T. Laidlow, M. Burri, G. Nuetzi, P. Fankhauser, D. Bellicoso, C. Gehring, S. Leutenegger, M. Hutter, R. Siegwart, “A Primer on the Differential Calculus of 3D Orientations,” in arXiv:1606.05285, 2016.

Kindr Library – Kinematics and Dynamics for Robotics

Christian Gehring, C. Dario Bellicoso, Michael Bloesch, Hannes Sommer, Peter Fankhauser, Marco Hutter, Roland Siegwart

Nomenclature

| | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| (Hyper-)complex number | Q | normal capital letter |
| Column vector | \mathbf{a} | bold small letter |
| Matrix | \mathbf{M} | bold capital letter |
| Identity matrix | $\mathbf{I}_{n \times m}$ | $n \times m$ -matrix |
| Coordinate system (CS) | $\mathbf{e}_x^A, \mathbf{e}_y^A, \mathbf{e}_z^A$ | Cartesian right-hand system A with basis (unit) vectors \mathbf{e} |
| Inertial frame | $\mathbf{e}_x^I, \mathbf{e}_y^I, \mathbf{e}_z^I$ | global / inertial / world coordinate system (never moves) |
| Body-fixed frame | $\mathbf{e}_x^B, \mathbf{e}_y^B, \mathbf{e}_z^B$ | local / body-fixed coordinate system (moves with body) |
| Rotation | $\Phi \in \text{SO}(3)$ | generic rotation (for all parameterizations) |
| Machine precision | ϵ | |

Operators

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Cross product/skew/unskew | $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix} = (\mathbf{a})^\wedge \mathbf{b} = \hat{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -a_3 & a_2 \\ a_3 & 0 & -a_1 \\ -a_2 & a_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| | $\mathbf{a} = \hat{\mathbf{a}}^\vee, \quad \hat{\mathbf{a}} = -\hat{\mathbf{a}}^\vee, \quad \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = -\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{a}$ |
| Euclidean norm | $\ \mathbf{a}\ = \sqrt{\mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{a}} = \sqrt{a_1^2 + \dots + a_n^2}$ |
| Exponential map for matrix | $\exp: \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}, \mathbf{A} \mapsto e^{\mathbf{A}}, \quad \mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$ |
| Logarithmic map for matrix | $\log: \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}, \mathbf{A} \mapsto \log \mathbf{A}, \quad \mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$ |

Position & Orientation

Position

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Vector | $\mathbf{r}_{OP} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ | from point O to point P |
| Position vector | ${}^B\mathbf{r}_{OP} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ | from point O to point P expr. in frame B |
| Homogeneous pos. vector | ${}^B\mathbf{r}_{OP} = [{}^B\mathbf{r}_{OP}^T \ 1]^T$ | from point O to point P expr. in frame B |

Orientation/Rotation

- 1) Active Rotation: $\Phi^A: {}^I\mathbf{r}_{OP} \mapsto {}^I\mathbf{r}_{OQ}$ (rotates the vector \mathbf{r}_{OP})
- 2) Passive Rotation: $\Phi^P: {}^I\mathbf{r}_{OP} \mapsto {}^B\mathbf{r}_{OP}$ (rotates the frame $(\mathbf{e}_x^I, \mathbf{e}_y^I, \mathbf{e}_z^I)$)
- 3) Elementary Rotations ${}^I\mathbf{r}_{OP} = \mathbf{C}_{IB} {}^B\mathbf{r}_{OP}$
 - around z-axis: $\mathbf{C}_{IB} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 - around y-axis: $\mathbf{C}_{IB} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$
 - around x-axis: $\mathbf{C}_{IB} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ 0 & \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$
- 4) Inversion: $\Phi^{A^{-1}}(\mathbf{r}) = \Phi^P(\mathbf{r})$
 $\Phi_2^A(\Phi_1^A(\mathbf{r})) = (\Phi_2^A \otimes \Phi_1^A)(\mathbf{r}) = (\Phi_1^{A^{-1}} \otimes \Phi_2^{A^{-1}})^{-1}(\mathbf{r})$
 $\Phi_2^P(\Phi_1^P(\mathbf{r})) = (\Phi_2^P \otimes \Phi_1^P)(\mathbf{r}) = (\Phi_1^{P^{-1}} \otimes \Phi_2^{P^{-1}})^{-1}(\mathbf{r})$
- 5) Concatenation: $\exp: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \text{SO}(3), \mathbf{v} \mapsto \exp(\hat{\mathbf{v}}), \quad \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^3$
 $\log: \text{SO}(3) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3, \Phi \mapsto \log(\Phi)^\vee, \quad \Phi \in \text{SO}(3)$
 $\Phi_2 = \Phi_1 \boxplus \mathbf{v} = \exp(\hat{\mathbf{v}}) \otimes \Phi_1, \quad \Phi_1, \Phi_2 \in \text{SO}(3), \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^3$
 $\mathbf{v} = \Phi_1 \boxminus \Phi_2 = \log(\Phi_1 \otimes \Phi_2^{-1}), \quad \Phi_1, \Phi_2 \in \text{SO}(3), \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^3$
- 6) Exponential map: $\Phi_{IB}^{k+1} = \Phi_{IB}^k \boxplus ({}^I\omega_{IB}^k \Delta t), \quad \Phi_{IB}^{k+1} = \Phi_{IB}^k \boxplus (-{}^B\omega_{IB}^k \Delta t)$
- 7) Logarithmic map: ${}^I\omega_{IB}^k = (\Phi_{IB}^{k+1} \boxminus \Phi_{IB}^k) / \Delta t, \quad {}^B\omega_{IB}^k = -(\Phi_{IB}^{k+1} \boxminus \Phi_{IB}^k) / \Delta t$
- 8) Box plus: $\Phi_t = \Phi_0 \boxplus ((\Phi_1 \boxminus \Phi_0)t), \quad \Phi_t = \Phi(t), \Phi_0 = \Phi(0), \Phi_1 = \Phi(1)$
- 9) Box minus: $\Phi_t = \Phi_0 \boxminus ((\Phi_1 \boxminus \Phi_0)t), \quad \Phi_t = \Phi(t), \Phi_0 = \Phi(0), \Phi_1 = \Phi(1)$
- 10) Discrete integration: $\Phi_t = \Phi_0 \boxplus ((\Phi_1 \boxminus \Phi_0)t), \quad \Phi_t = \Phi(t), \Phi_0 = \Phi(0), \Phi_1 = \Phi(1)$
- 11) Discrete differential: $\Phi_t = \Phi_0 \boxplus ((\Phi_1 \boxminus \Phi_0)t), \quad \Phi_t = \Phi(t), \Phi_0 = \Phi(0), \Phi_1 = \Phi(1)$
- 12) (Spherical) linear interpolation $t \in [0, 1]$: $\Phi_t = \Phi_0 \boxplus \Phi_0^{-1} \hat{\Phi}_t \boxplus \Phi_0$

Rotation Parameterizations

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Rotation Matrix | $\mathbf{C}_{IB} \in \text{SO}(3)$ | The rotation matrix (Direction Cosine Matrix) |
| | ${}^I\mathbf{r}_{OP} = \mathbf{C}_{IB} {}^B\mathbf{r}_{OP}$ | is a coordinate transformation matrix, which transforms vectors from frame B to frame I . |
| Quaternion | $\mathbf{q}_{IB} = [q_0 \ q_1 \ q_2 \ q_3]^T$ | Hamiltonian unit quaternion (hypercomplex number) |
| | $Q = q_0 + q_1 i + q_2 j + q_3 k \in \mathbb{H}, \quad q_i \in \mathbb{R}, \quad \ Q\ = 1$ | |
| Angle-axis | $(\theta, \mathbf{n})_{IB}$ | Rotation with unit rotation axis \mathbf{n} and angle $\theta \in [0, \pi]$. |
| Rotation Vector | ϕ_{IB} | Rotation with rotation axis $\mathbf{n} = \frac{\phi}{\ \phi\ }$ and angle $\theta = \ \phi\ $. |
| Euler Angles ZYX | $[z, y, x]_{IB}^T$ | Tait-Bryan angles (Flight conv.): $z - y' - x''$, i.e. yaw-pitch-roll. Singularities are at $y = \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$. |
| Euler Angles YPR | | $z \in [-\pi, \pi], y \in [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}], x \in [-\pi, \pi]$ |
| Euler Angles XYZ | $[x, y, z]_{IB}^T$ | Cardan angles: $x - y' - z''$, i.e. roll-pitch-yaw. Singularities are at $y = \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$. |
| Euler Angles RPY | | $x \in [-\pi, \pi], y \in [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}], z \in [-\pi, \pi]$ |

Rotation Quaternion

A rotation quaternion is a Hamiltonian unit quaternion:

$$Q = q_0 + q_1 i + q_2 j + q_3 k \in \mathbb{H}, \quad q_i \in \mathbb{R}, i^2 = j^2 = k^2 = ij = ji = -1, \quad \|Q\| = \sqrt{q_0^2 + q_1^2 + q_2^2 + q_3^2} = 1$$

Tuple: $Q = (q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3) = (q_0, \hat{\mathbf{q}})$ with $\hat{\mathbf{q}} := (q_1, q_2, q_3)^T$

4 x 1-vector: $\mathbf{q} = [q_0 \ q_1 \ q_2 \ q_3]^T$

Conjugate: $Q^* = (q_0, -\hat{\mathbf{q}})$

Inverse: $Q^{-1} = Q^* = (q_0, -\hat{\mathbf{q}})$

Quaternion multiplication:

$$Q \cdot P = (q_0, \hat{\mathbf{q}}) \cdot (p_0, \hat{\mathbf{p}}) = (q_0 p_0 - \hat{\mathbf{q}}^T \hat{\mathbf{p}}, q_0 \hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{q}} \times \hat{\mathbf{p}}) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{q} \otimes \mathbf{p} = \underbrace{\mathbf{Q}(\mathbf{q}) \mathbf{P}}_{\text{quaternion matrix}} = \begin{pmatrix} q_0 & -\hat{\mathbf{q}}^T \\ \hat{\mathbf{q}} & q_0 \mathbf{I}_{3 \times 3} + \hat{\mathbf{q}} \hat{\mathbf{q}}^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} p_0 \\ p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} q_0 p_0 - q_1 p_1 - q_2 p_2 - q_3 p_3 \\ q_1 p_0 + q_0 p_1 + q_2 p_3 - q_3 p_2 \\ q_2 p_0 - q_1 p_2 + q_0 p_2 + q_3 p_1 \\ q_3 p_0 + q_1 p_3 - q_2 p_1 + q_0 p_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \underbrace{\mathbf{Q}(\mathbf{p}) \mathbf{q}}_{\text{conjugate quat. matrix}} = \begin{pmatrix} p_0 & -\hat{\mathbf{p}}^T \\ \hat{\mathbf{p}} & p_0 \mathbf{I}_{3 \times 3} + \hat{\mathbf{p}} \hat{\mathbf{p}}^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} q_0 \\ q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} p_0 q_0 - p_1 q_1 - p_2 q_2 - p_3 q_3 \\ p_1 q_0 + p_0 q_1 + p_2 q_3 - p_3 q_2 \\ p_2 q_0 - p_1 q_2 + p_0 q_2 + p_3 q_1 \\ p_3 q_0 + p_1 q_3 - p_2 q_1 + p_0 q_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Note that Q_{IB} and $-Q_{IB}$ represent the same rotation, but not the same unit quaternion.

Rotation Quaternion \Leftrightarrow Rotation Vector

$$\mathbf{q}_{IB} = \begin{cases} \left[\cos(\frac{1}{2}\|\phi\|), \frac{\phi^T}{\|\phi\|} \sin(\frac{1}{2}\|\phi\|) \right]^T & \text{if } \|\phi\| \geq \epsilon \\ [1, \frac{1}{2}\phi^T]^T & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \phi_{IB} = \begin{cases} 2 \text{atan2}(\|\hat{\mathbf{q}}\|, q_0) \frac{\hat{\mathbf{q}}}{\|\hat{\mathbf{q}}\|} & \text{if } \|\hat{\mathbf{q}}\| \geq \epsilon \\ 2 \text{sign}(q_0) \hat{\mathbf{q}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Rotation Quaternion \Leftrightarrow Angle-Axis

$$\mathbf{q}_{IB} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \\ \mathbf{n} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \end{bmatrix} \Leftrightarrow (\theta, \mathbf{n})_{IB} = \begin{cases} (2 \arccos(q_0), \frac{\hat{\mathbf{q}}}{\|\hat{\mathbf{q}}\|}) & \text{if } \|\hat{\mathbf{q}}\| \geq \epsilon \\ (0, [1 \ 0 \ 0]^T) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Rotation Quaternion \Leftrightarrow Rotation Matrix

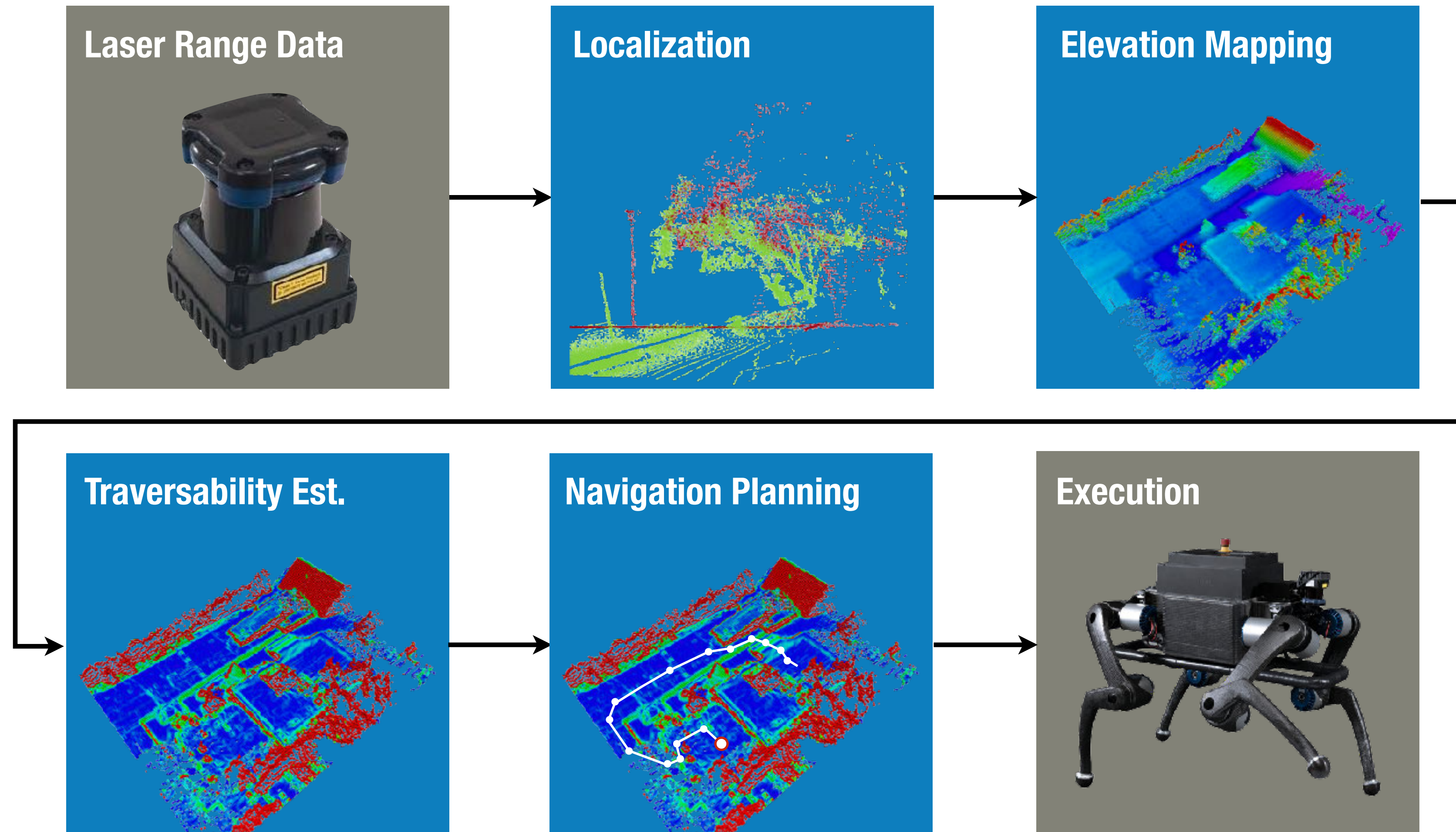
$$\mathbf{C}_{IB} = \mathbf{I}_{3 \times 3} + 2q_0 \hat{\mathbf{q}} + 2\hat{\mathbf{q}}^2 = (2q_0^2 - 1)\mathbf{I}_{3 \times 3} + 2q_0 \hat{\mathbf{q}} + 2\hat{\mathbf{q}} \hat{\mathbf{q}}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} q_0^2 + q_1^2 - q_2^2 - q_3^2 & 2q_1 q_2 - 2q_0 q_3 & 2q_0 q_2 + 2q_1 q_3 \\ 2q_0 q_3 + 2q_1 q_2 & q_0^2 - q_1^2 + q_2^2 - q_3^2 & 2q_2 q_3 - 2q_0 q_1 \\ 2q_1 q_3 - 2q_0 q_2 & 2q_0 q_1 + 2q_2 q_3 & q_0^2 - q_1^2 - q_2^2 + q_3^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{IB}^{-1} = \mathbf{C}_{BI} = \mathbf{I}_{3 \times 3} - 2q_0 \hat{\mathbf{q}} + 2\hat{\mathbf{q}}^2$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} q_0^2 + q_1^2 - q_2^2 - q_3^2 & 2q_0 q_3 + 2q_1 q_2 & 2q_1 q_3 - 2q_0 q_2 \\ 2q_0 q_2 - 2q_1 q_3 & q_0^2 - q_1^2 + q_2^2 - q_3^2 & 2q_0 q_1 + 2q_2 q_3 \\ 2q_0 q_1 + 2q_2 q_3 & 2q_2 q_3 - 2q_0 q_1 & q_0^2 - q_1^2 - q_2^2 + q_3^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Navigation

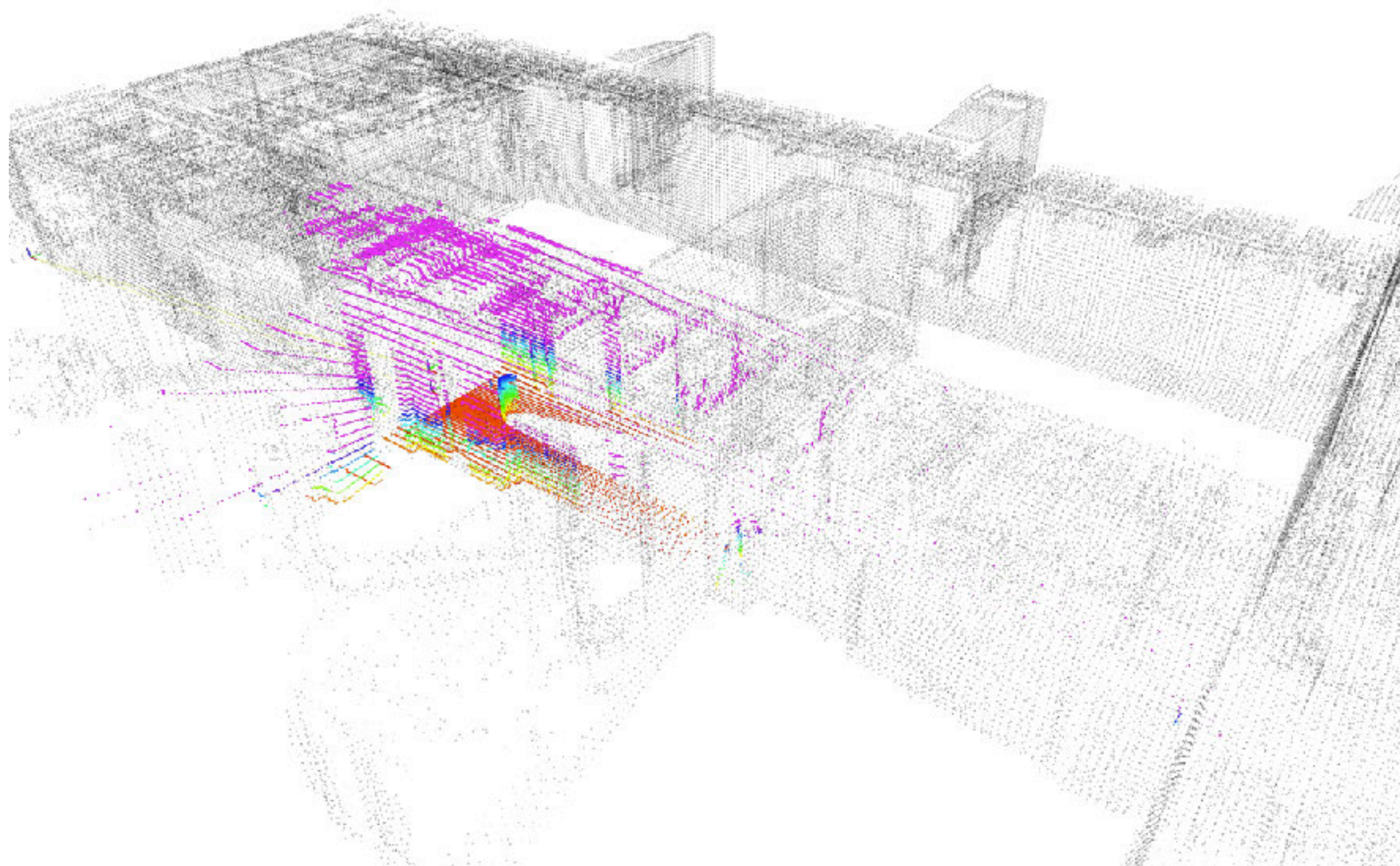


Navigation

Laser-Based Localization (Iterative Closest Point (ICP))



Open Source

[github.com/ethz-asl/
ethzasl_icp_mapping](https://github.com/ethz-asl/ethzasl_icp_mapping)

- Point cloud registration for localization in reference map
- Full rotation of LiDAR is aggregated for point cloud
- Use of existing maps or online mapping

Pomerleau, F., Colas, F., Siegwart, R., Magnenat, S., “**Comparing ICP variants on real-world data sets**”, in Autonomous Robots, 2013.

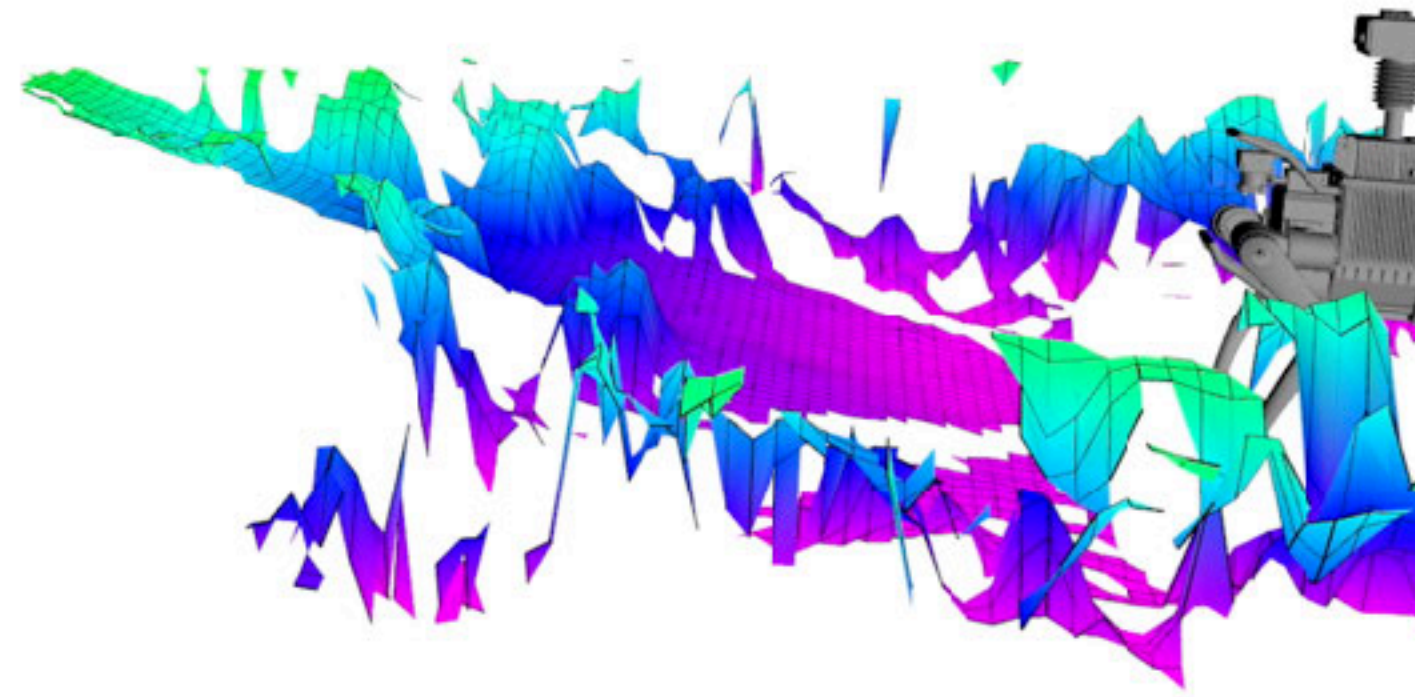
Navigation

Elevation Mapping – Dense Terrain Mapping



Open Source

[github.com/ethz-asl/
elevation_mapping](https://github.com/ethz-asl/elevation_mapping)

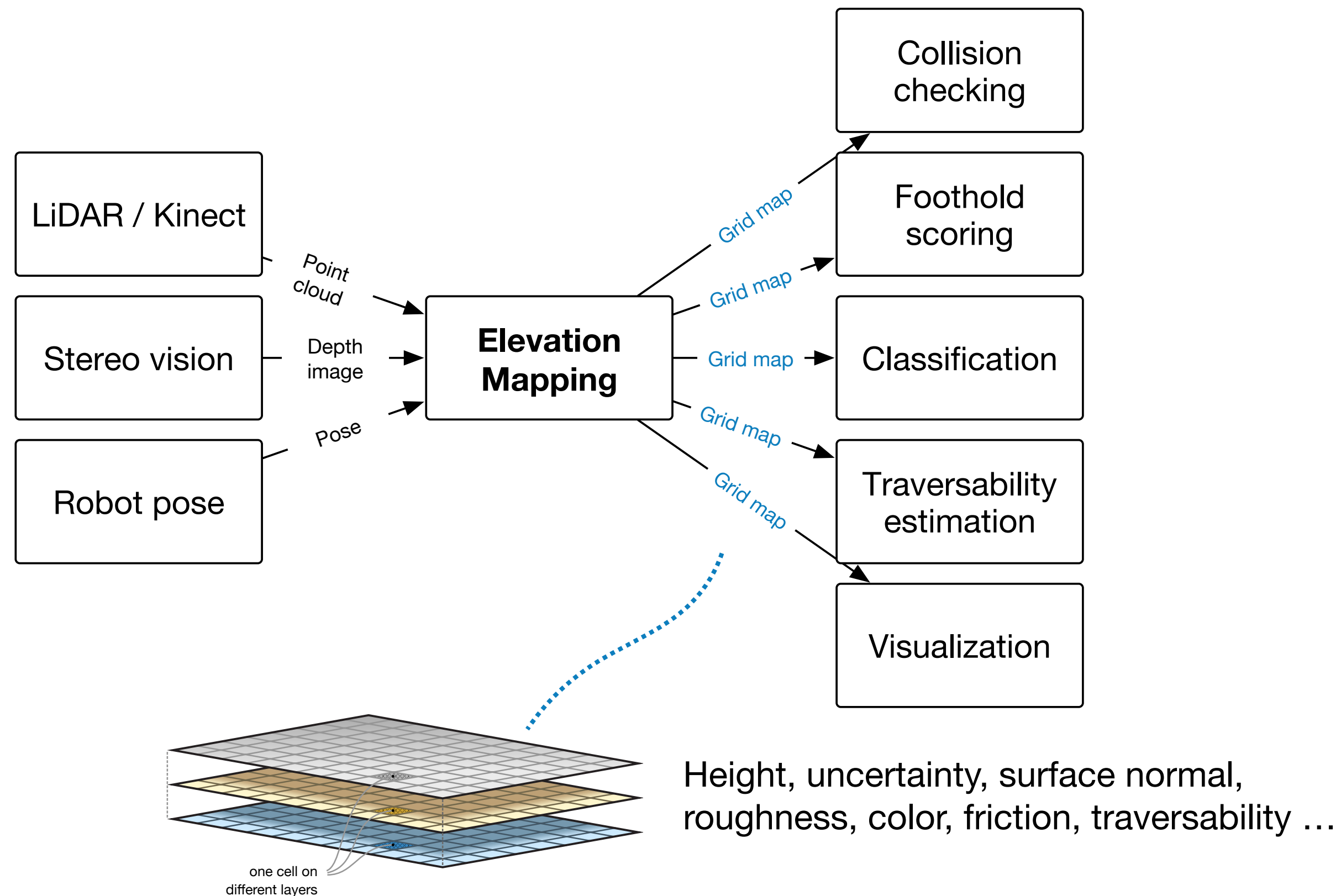
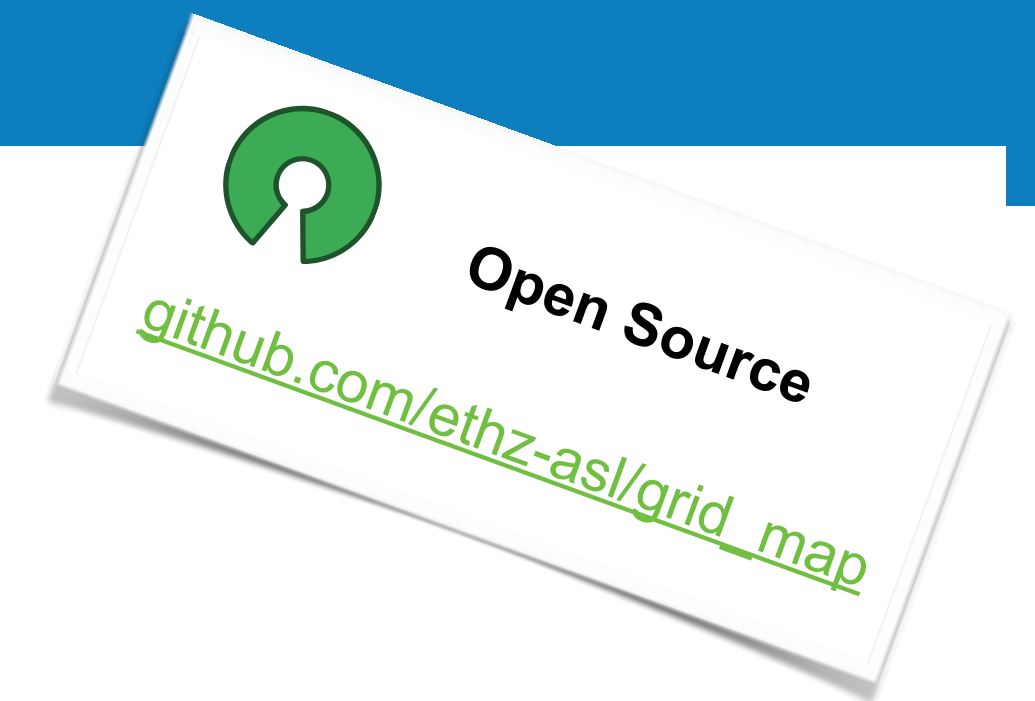


- Probabilistic fusion of range measurements and pose estimation
- Explicitly handles drift of state estimation (robot-centric)
- Input data from laser, Kinect, stereo cameras, Velodyne etc.

P. Fankhauser, M. Bloesch, C. Gehring, M. Hutter, R. Siegwart “**Robot-Centric Elevation Mapping with Uncertainty Estimates**,” in International Conference on Climbing and Walking Robots (CLAWAR), 2014.

Navigation

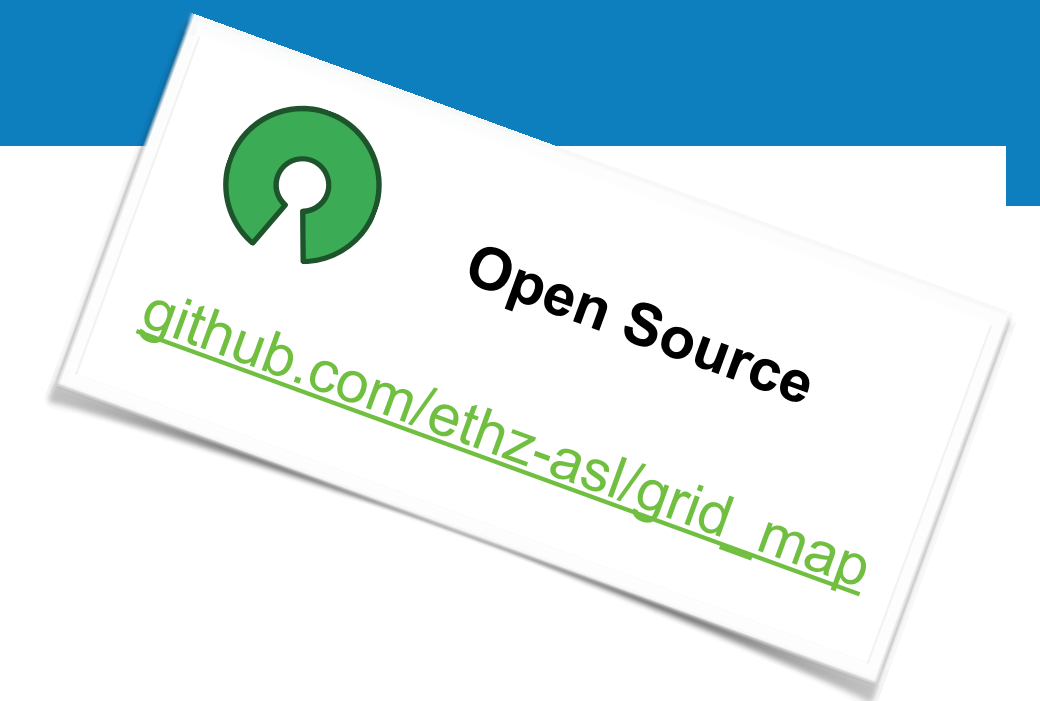
Grid Map – Universal Multi-Layer Grid Map Library



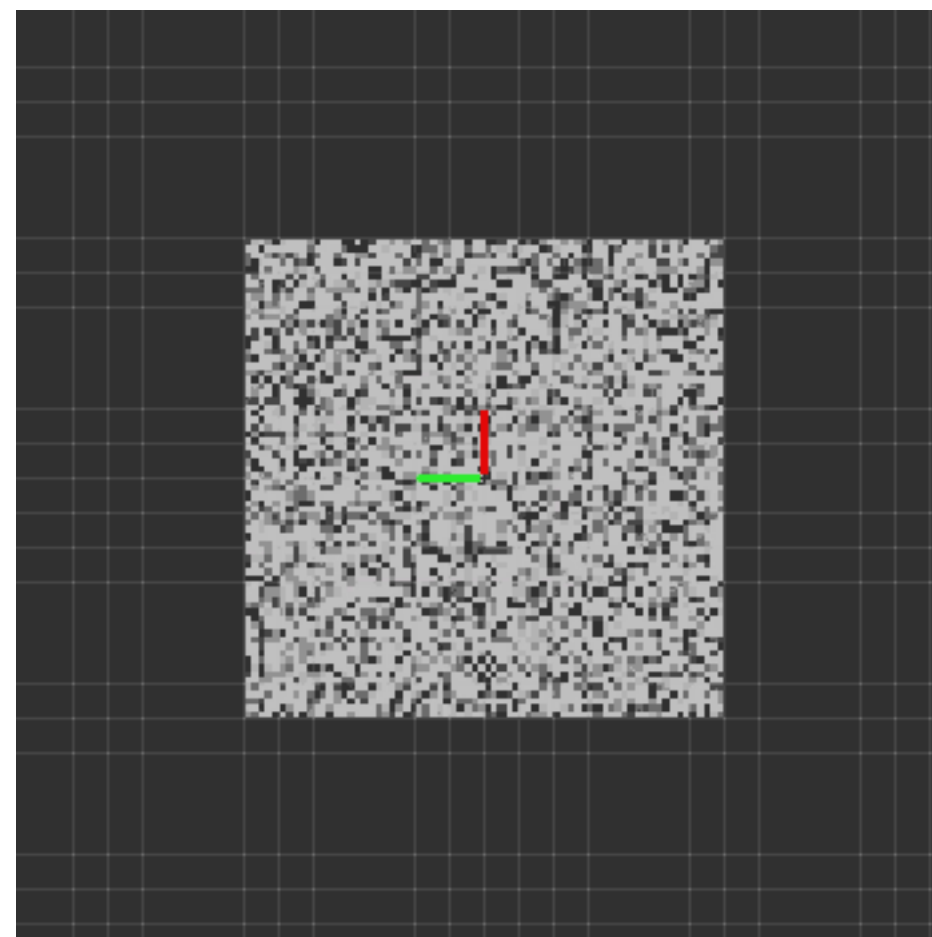
P. Fankhauser and M. Hutter, “**A Universal Grid Map Library: Implementation and Use Case for Rough Terrain Navigation,**” in Robot Operating System (ROS) - The Complete Reference, Springer, 2015.

Navigation

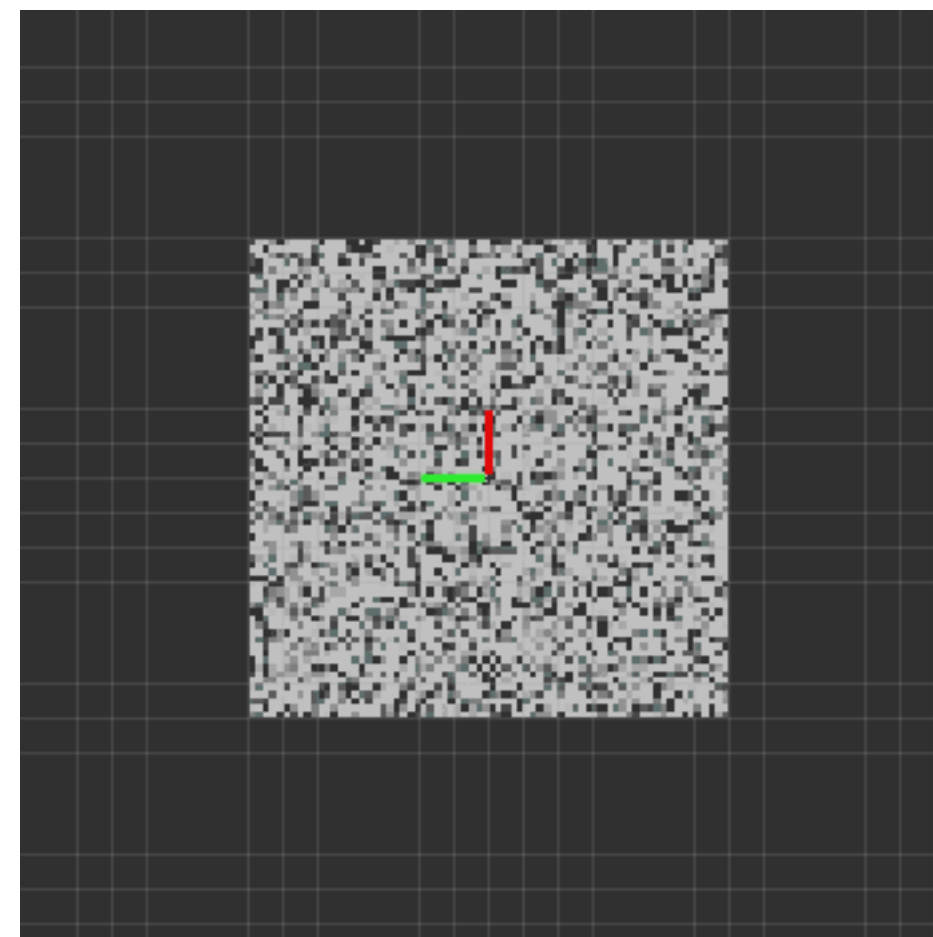
Grid Map – Universal Multi-Layer Grid Map Library



- 2D circular buffer data structure
 - ➔ Efficient map repositioning



setPosition(...)

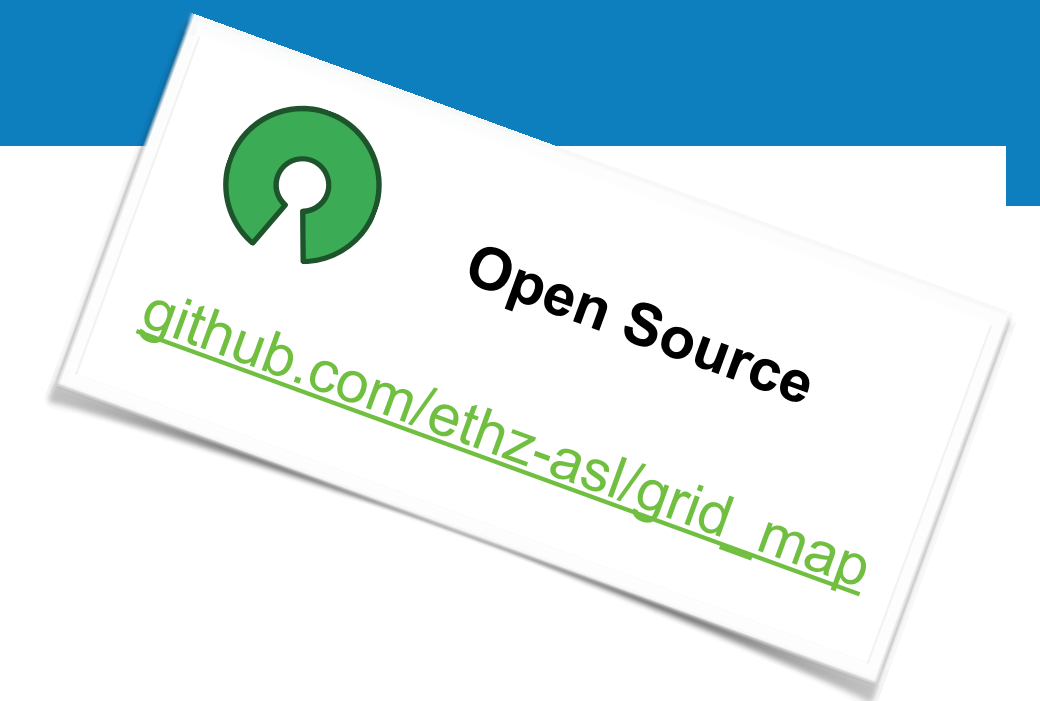


move(...)

P. Fankhauser and M. Hutter, “**A Universal Grid Map Library: Implementation and Use Case for Rough Terrain Navigation,**”
in Robot Operating System (ROS) - The Complete Reference, Springer, 2015.

Navigation

Grid Map – Universal Multi-Layer Grid Map Library



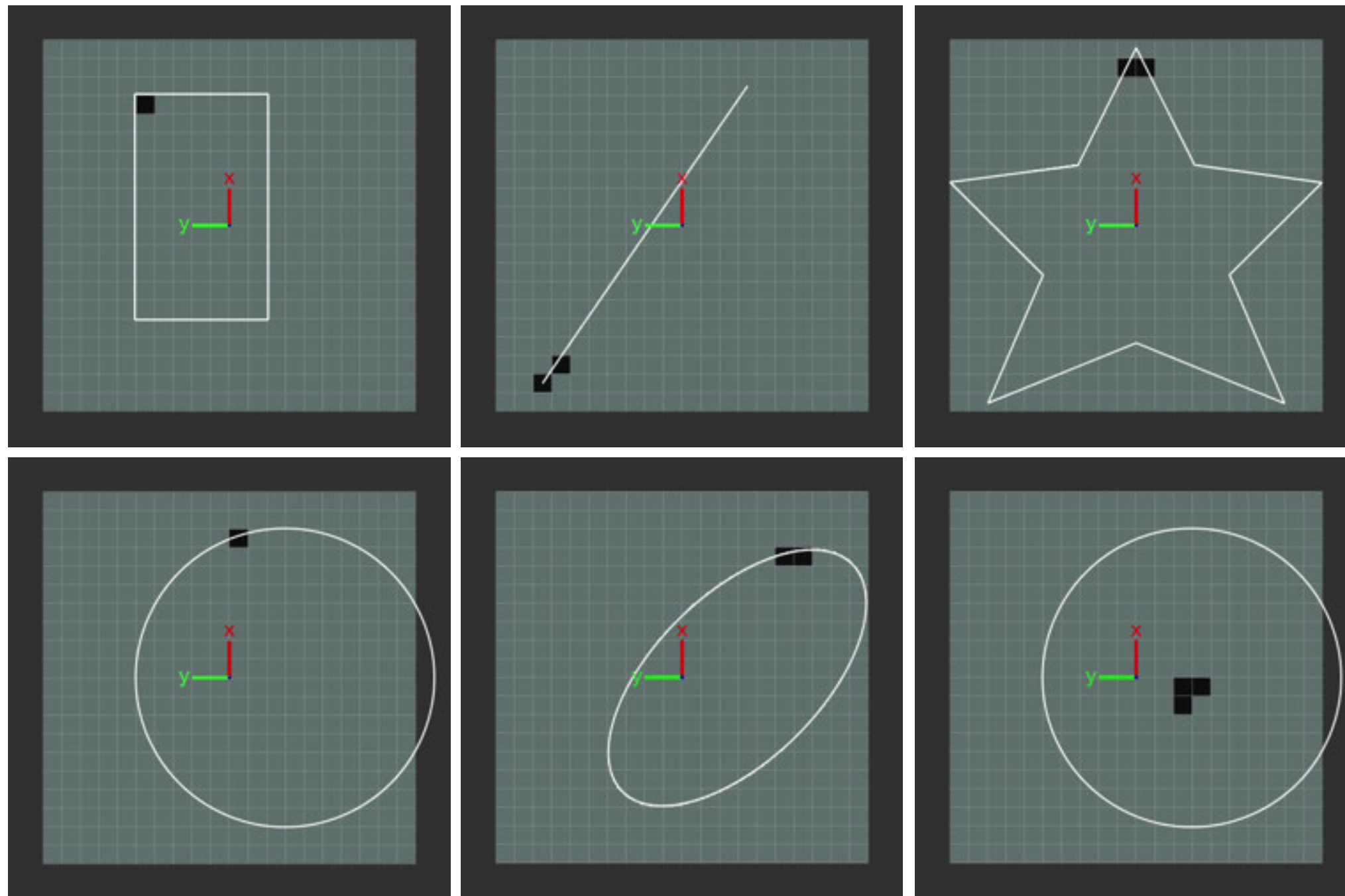
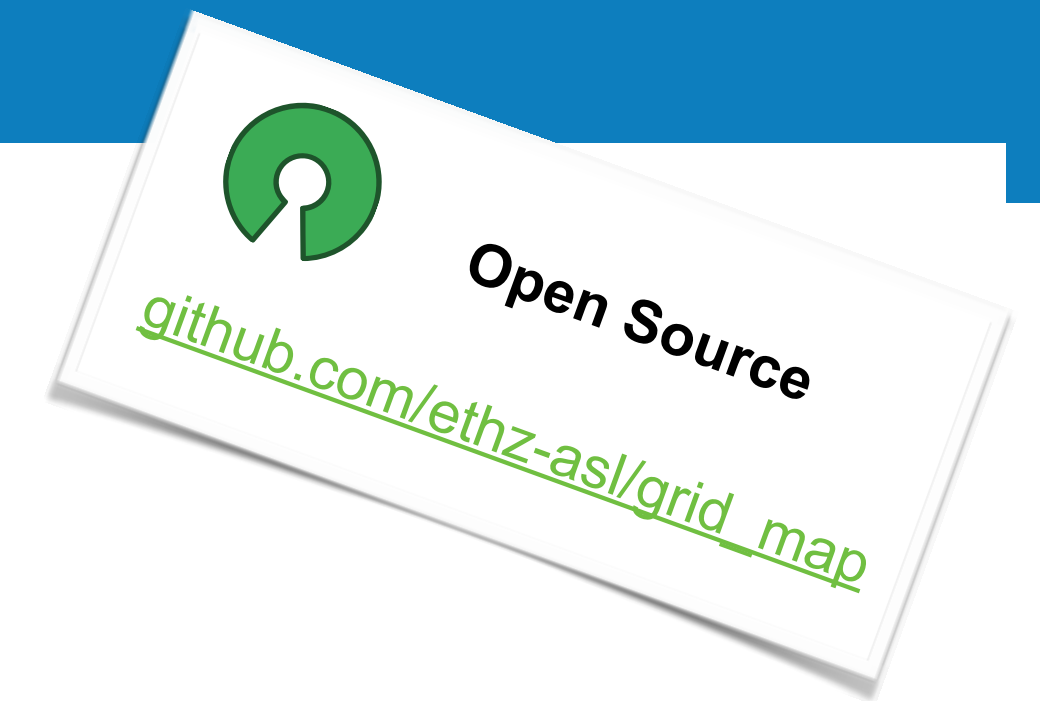
```
double rmse =  
    sqrt(map["error"].array().pow(2).sum() / nCells);
```

- 2D circular buffer data structure
 - ➔ Efficient map repositioning
- Based on Eigen (C++)
 - ➔ Versatile and efficient data manipulation

P. Fankhauser and M. Hutter, “**A Universal Grid Map Library: Implementation and Use Case for Rough Terrain Navigation,**” in Robot Operating System (ROS) - The Complete Reference, Springer, 2015.

Navigation

Grid Map – Universal Multi-Layer Grid Map Library

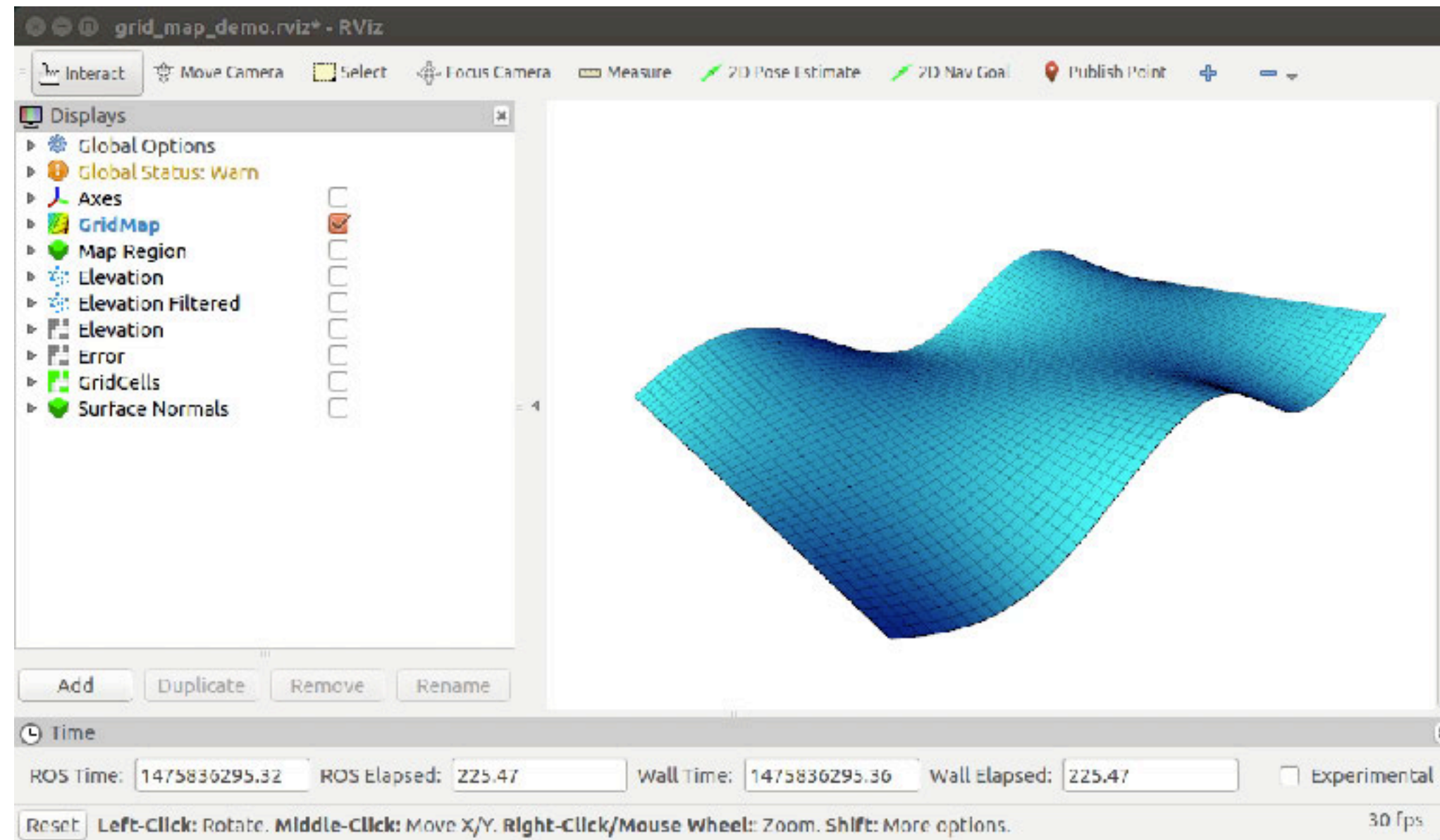
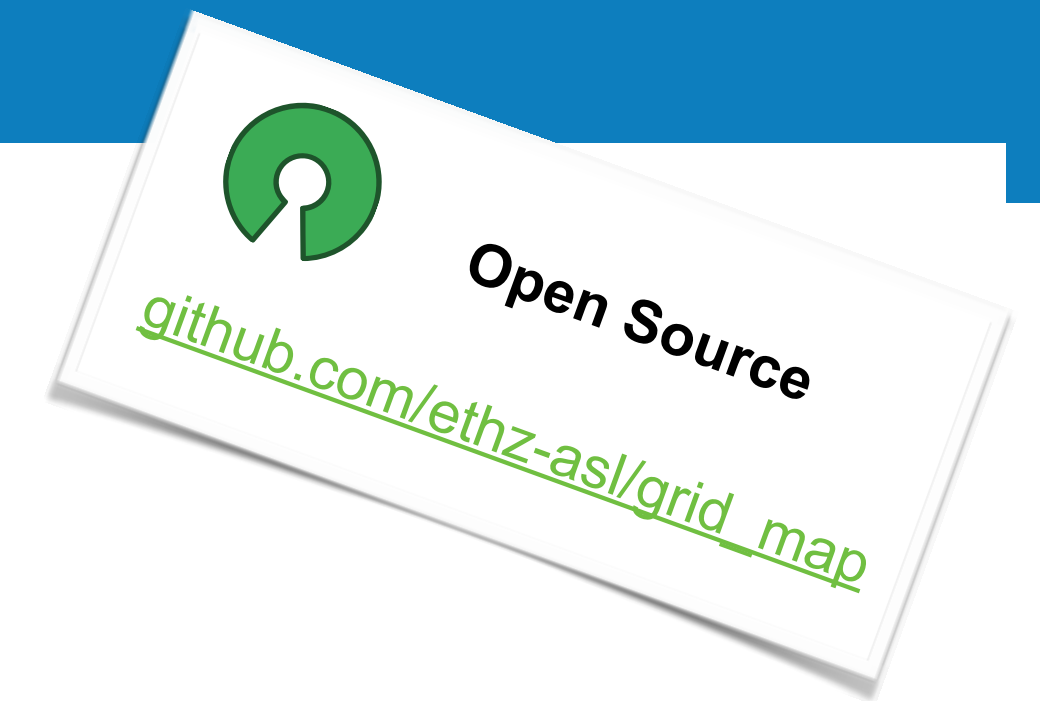


- 2D circular buffer data structure
 - ➔ Efficient map repositioning
- Based on Eigen (C++)
 - ➔ Versatile and efficient data manipulation
- Convenience functions
 - ➔ Iterators, math tools, etc.

P. Fankhauser and M. Hutter, “A Universal Grid Map Library: Implementation and Use Case for Rough Terrain Navigation,” in Robot Operating System (ROS) - The Complete Reference, Springer, 2015.

Navigation

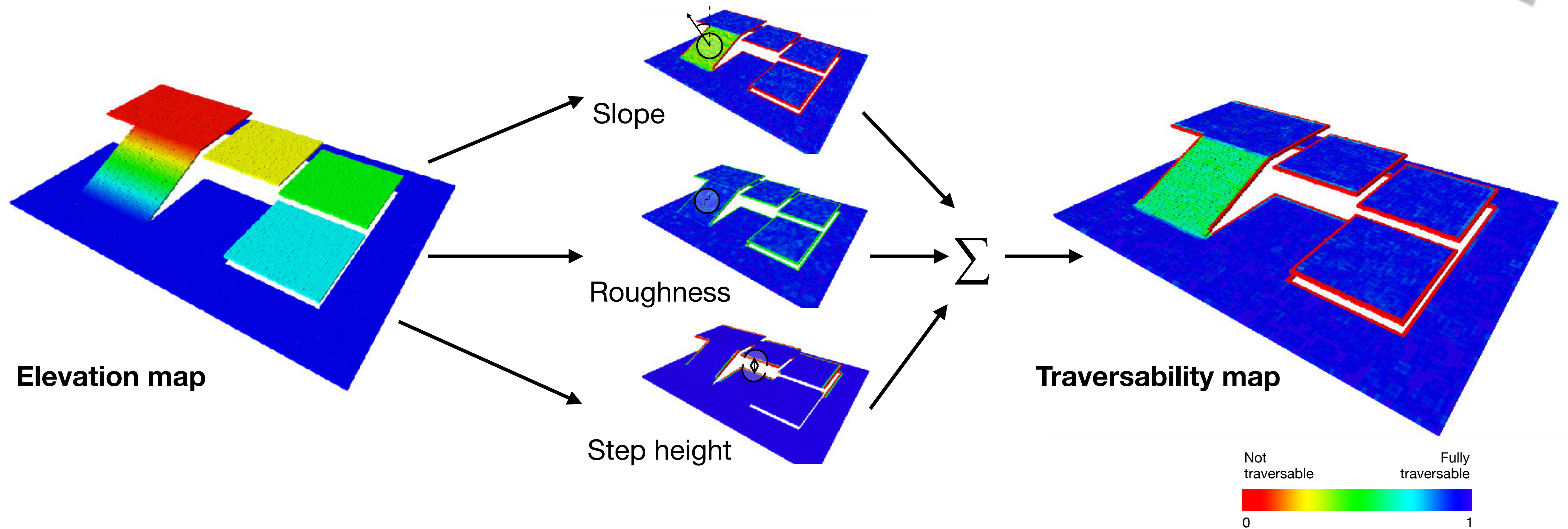
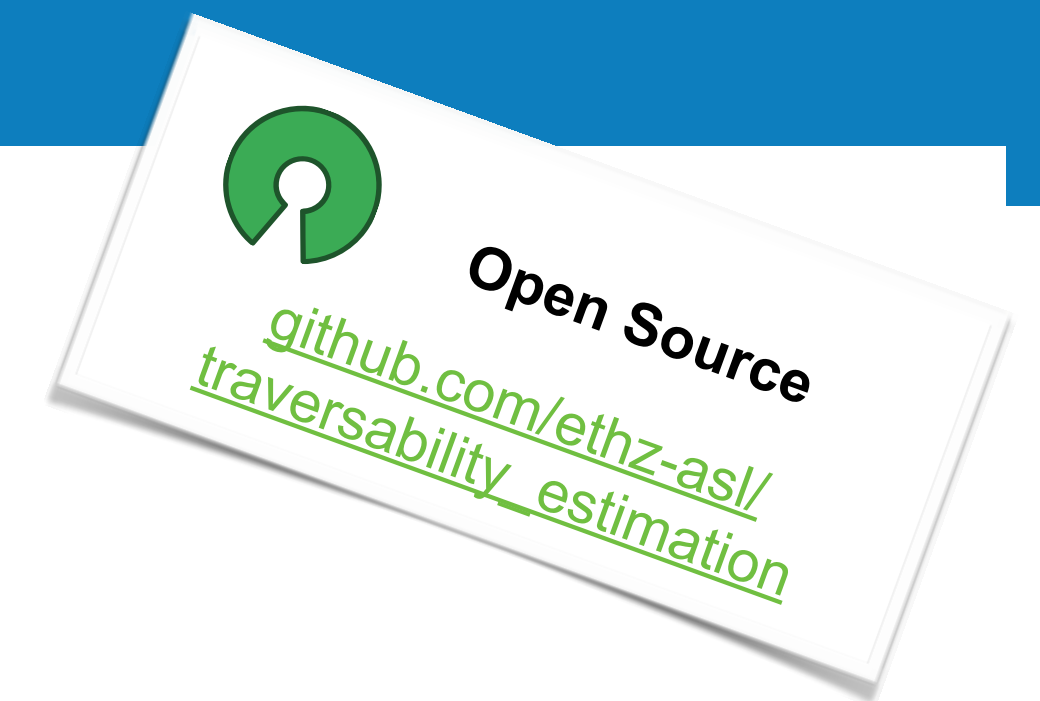
Grid Map – Universal Multi-Layer Grid Map Library



- 2D circular buffer data structure
 - ➔ Efficient map repositioning
- Based on Eigen (C++)
 - ➔ Versatile and efficient data manipulation
- Convenience functions
 - ➔ Iterators, math tools, etc.
- ROS & OpenCV interfaces
 - ➔ Conversion from/to images, point clouds, occupancy grids, grid cells

P. Fankhauser and M. Hutter, “**A Universal Grid Map Library: Implementation and Use Case for Rough Terrain Navigation,**”
in Robot Operating System (ROS) - The Complete Reference, Springer, 2015.

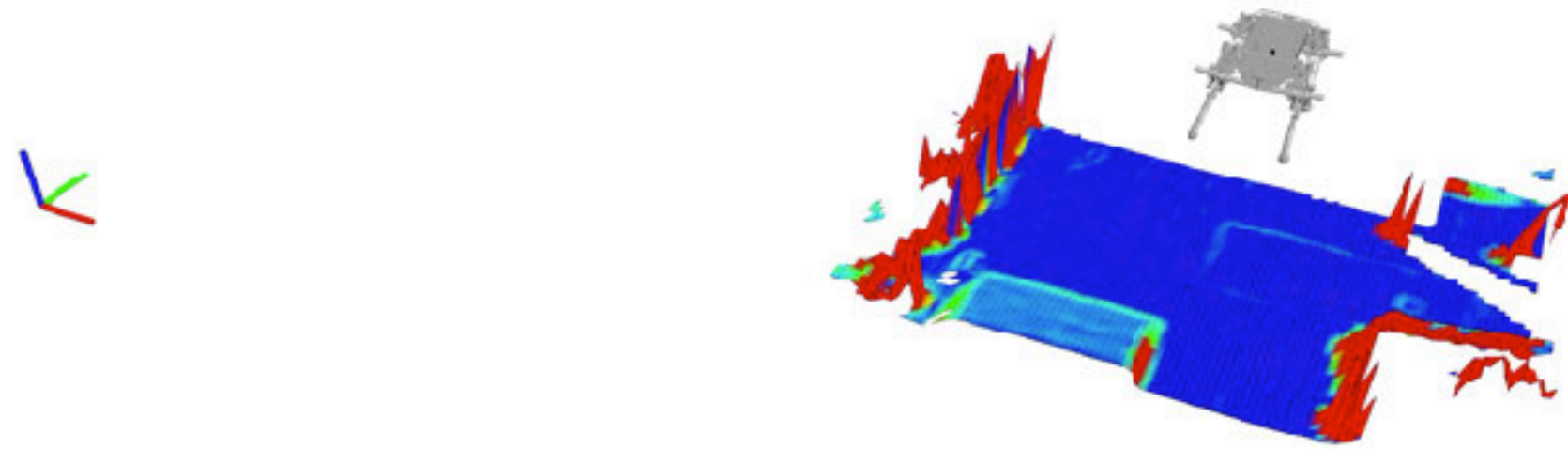
Navigation Traversability Estimation



M. Wermelinger, P. Fankhauser, R. Diethelm, P. Krüsi, R. Siegwart, M. Hutter, “**Navigation Planning for Legged Robots in Challenging Terrain,**” in IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2016.

Navigation

Navigation Planning

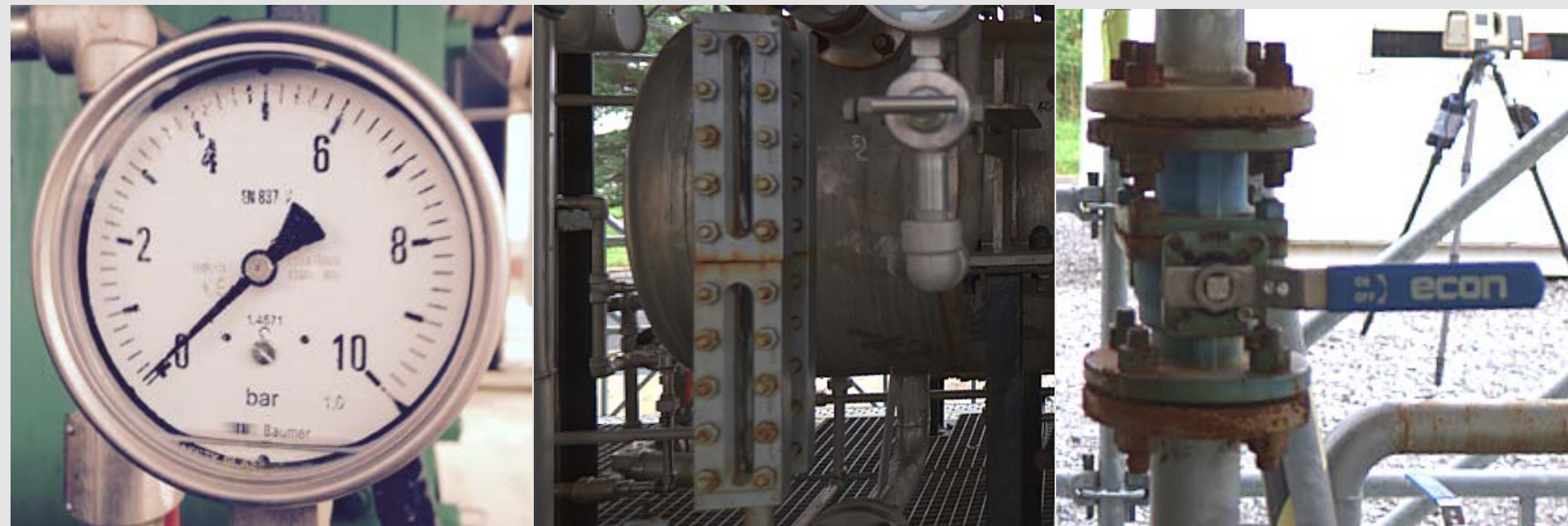


- Online navigation planning based on RRT* (OMPL)
- Works with and without initial map
- Continuous for changing environments

M. Wermelinger, P. Fankhauser, R. Diethelm, P. Krüsi, R. Siegwart, M. Hutter, “**Navigation Planning for Legged Robots in Challenging Terrain,**” in IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), 2016.

Inspection

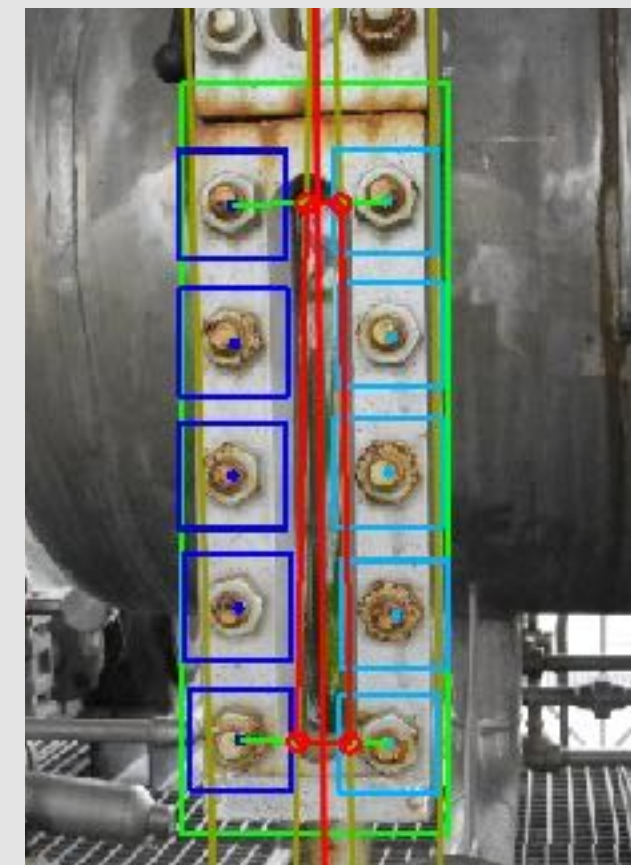
Visual inspection



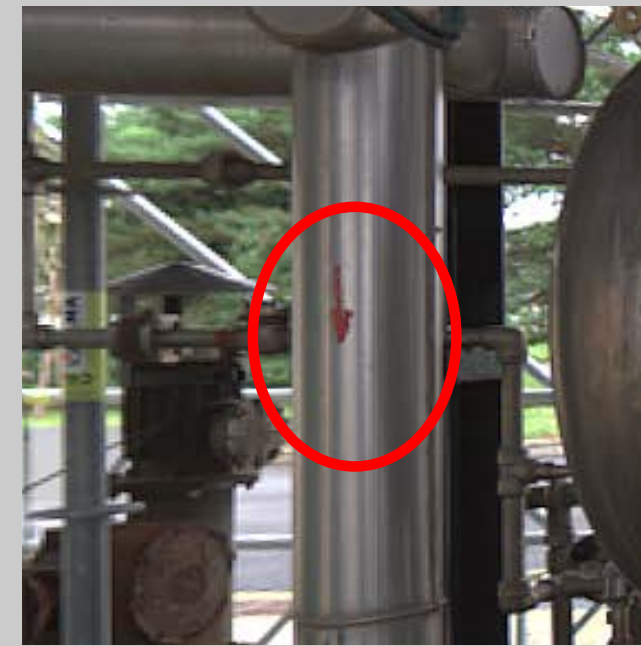
Pressure & Level gauges Valves



Zoom-camera



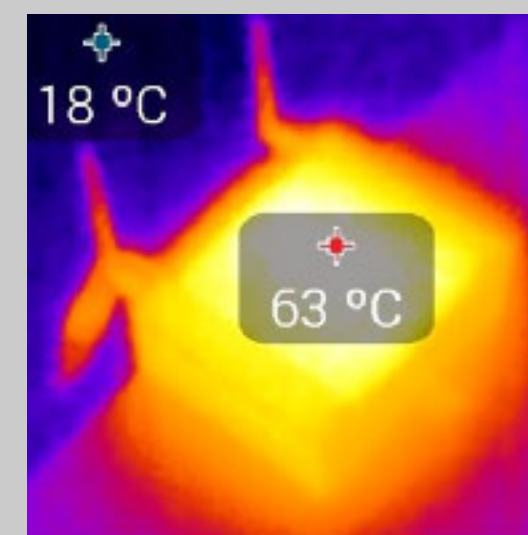
Thermal Inspection



Thermal points



Thermal-camera



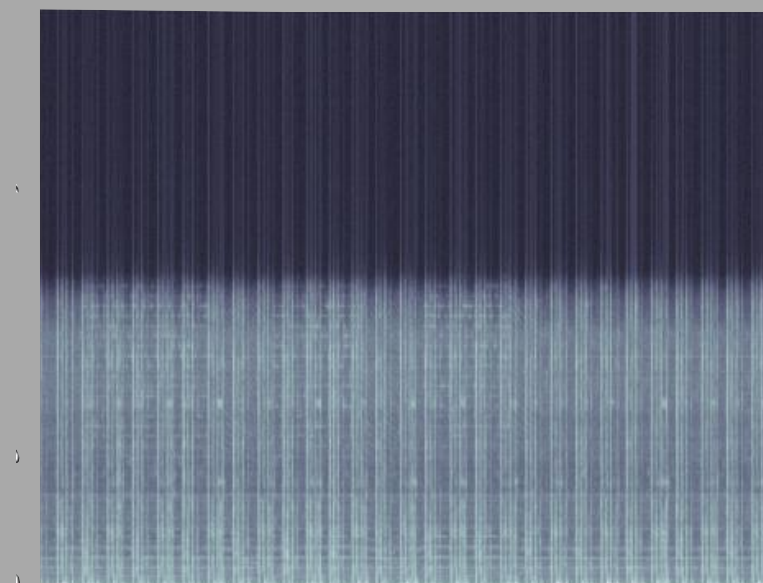
Auditive Inspection



Pumps Gas leaks Platform alarm



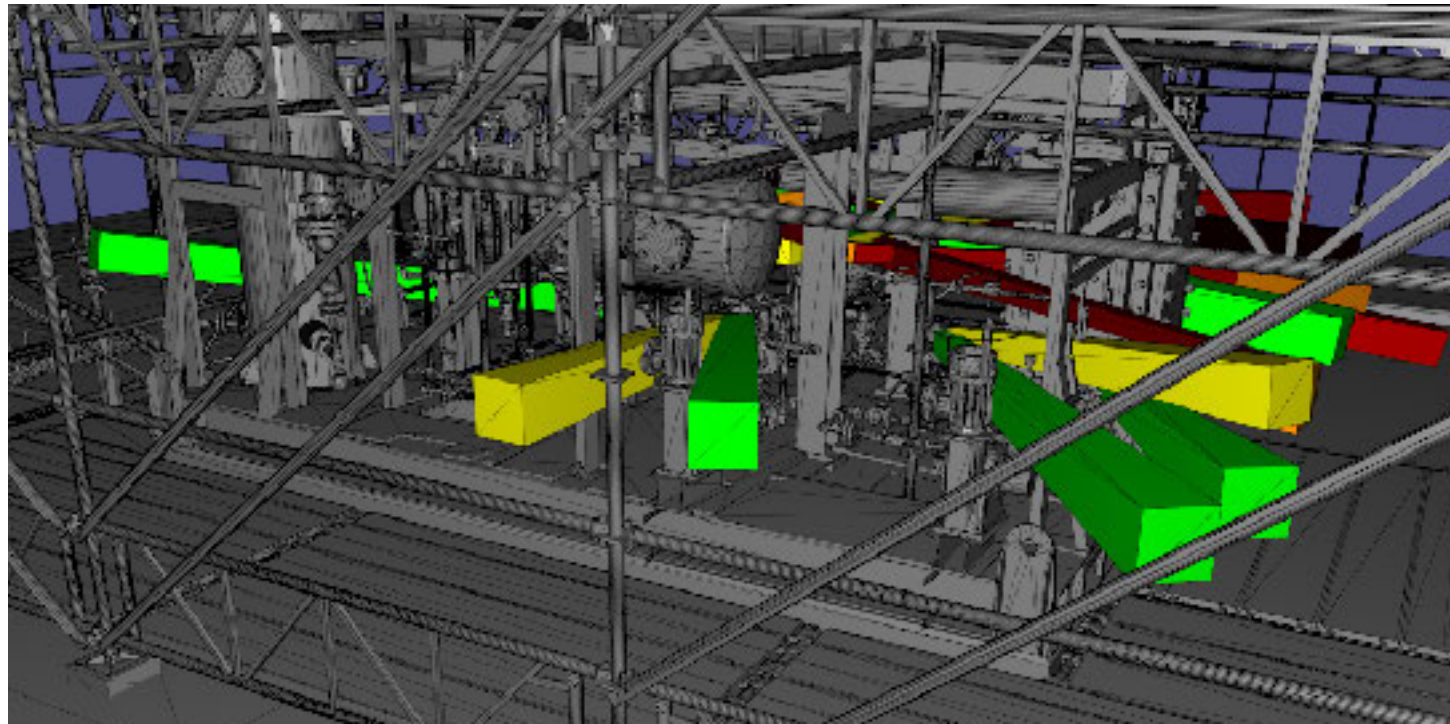
Microphones (audible and ultra-sonic)



Inspection

Visual Inspection of Pressure Gauges

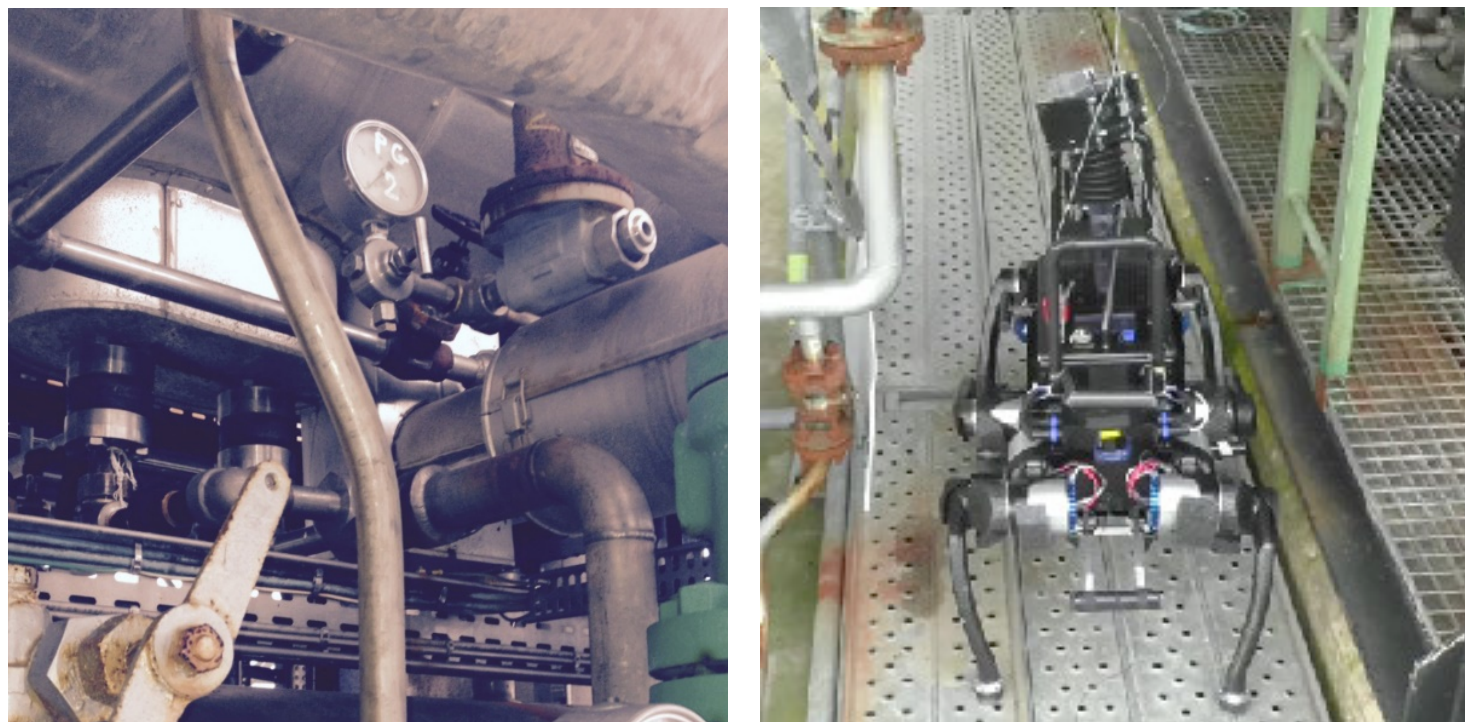
A Automatic view point generation



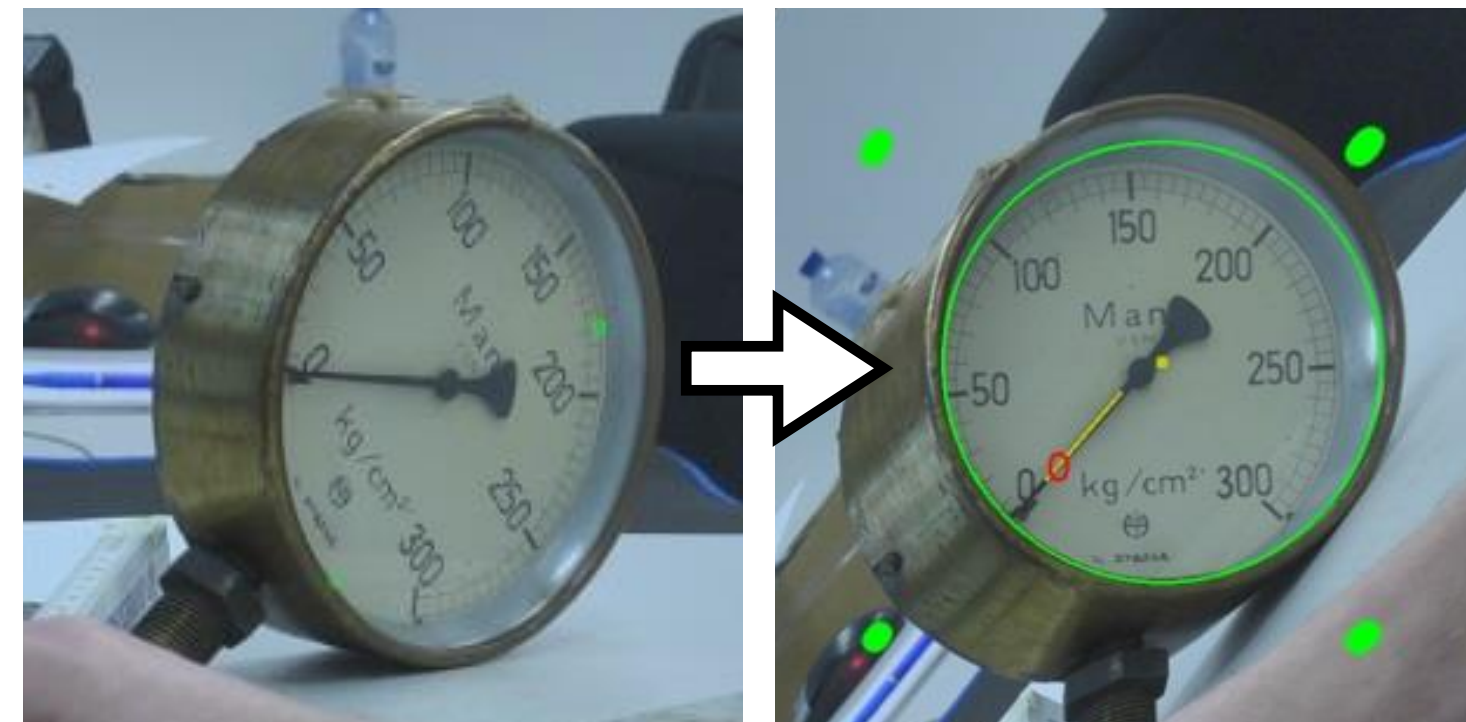
C Visual servoing



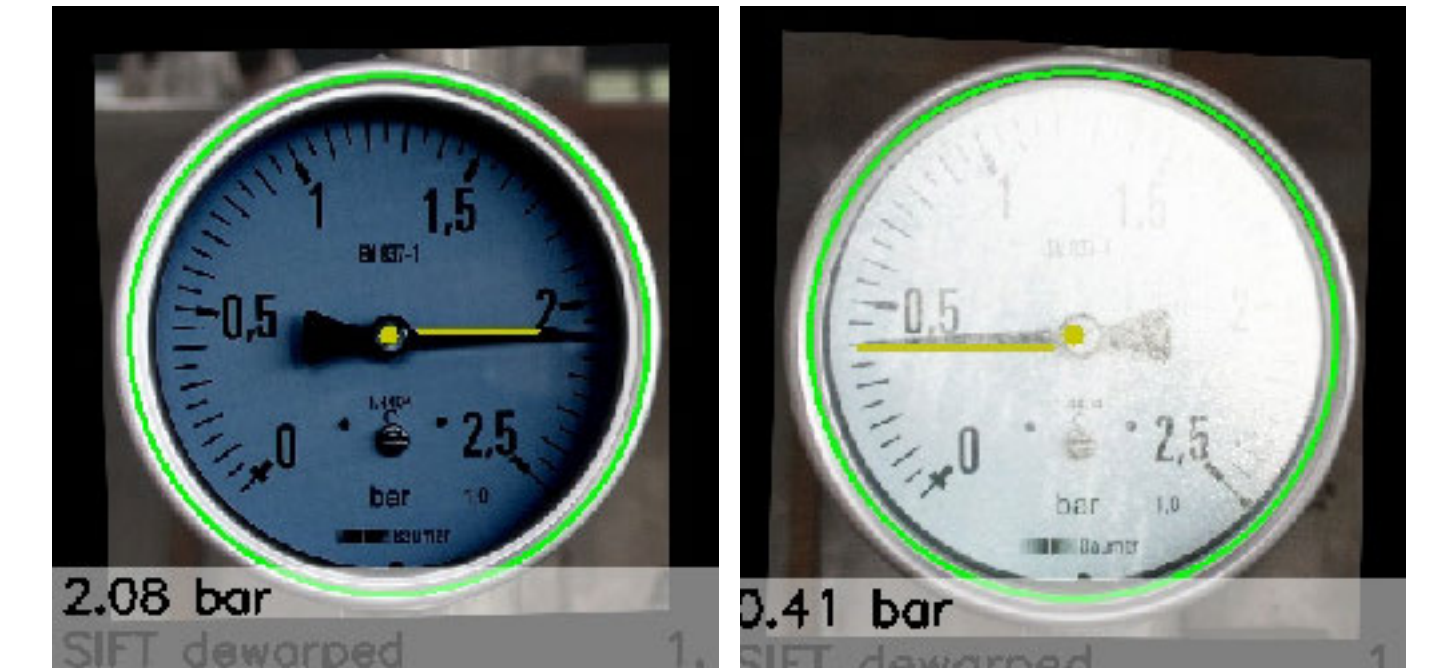
B Whole-body camera positioning



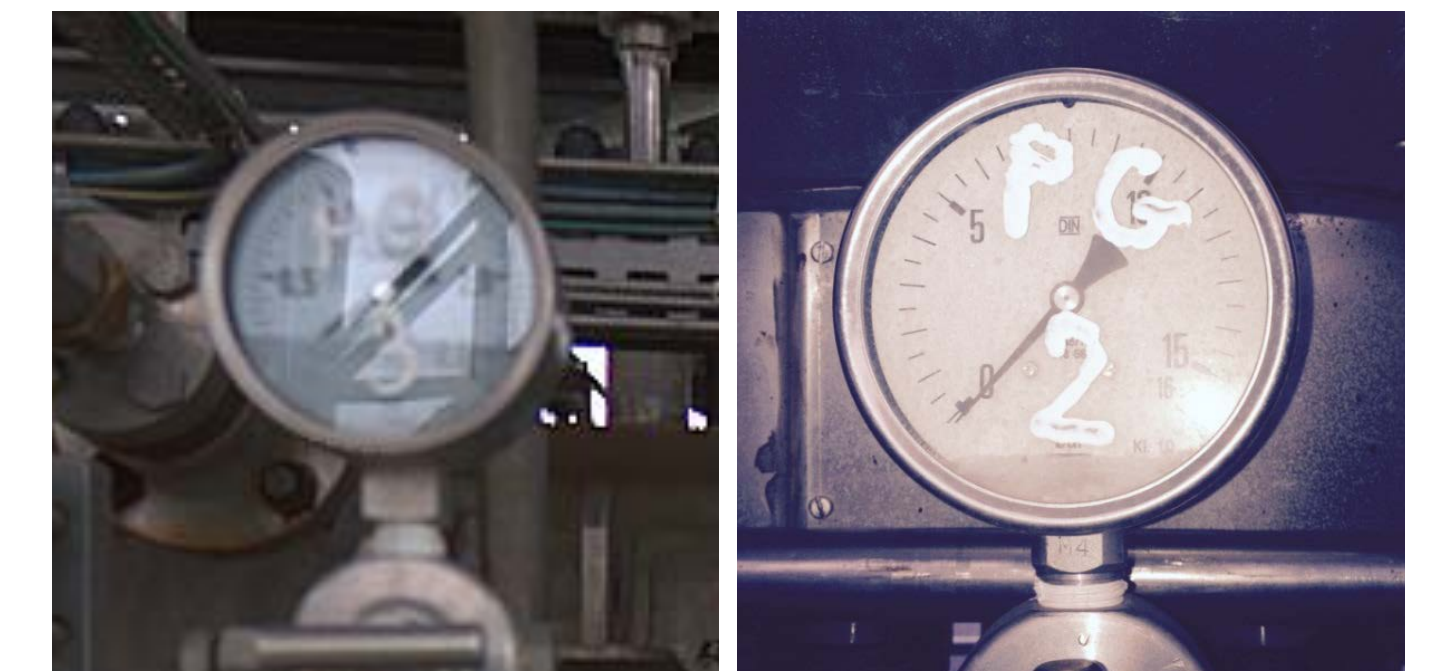
D Image de-warping



E Indicator reading



→ Reading ok

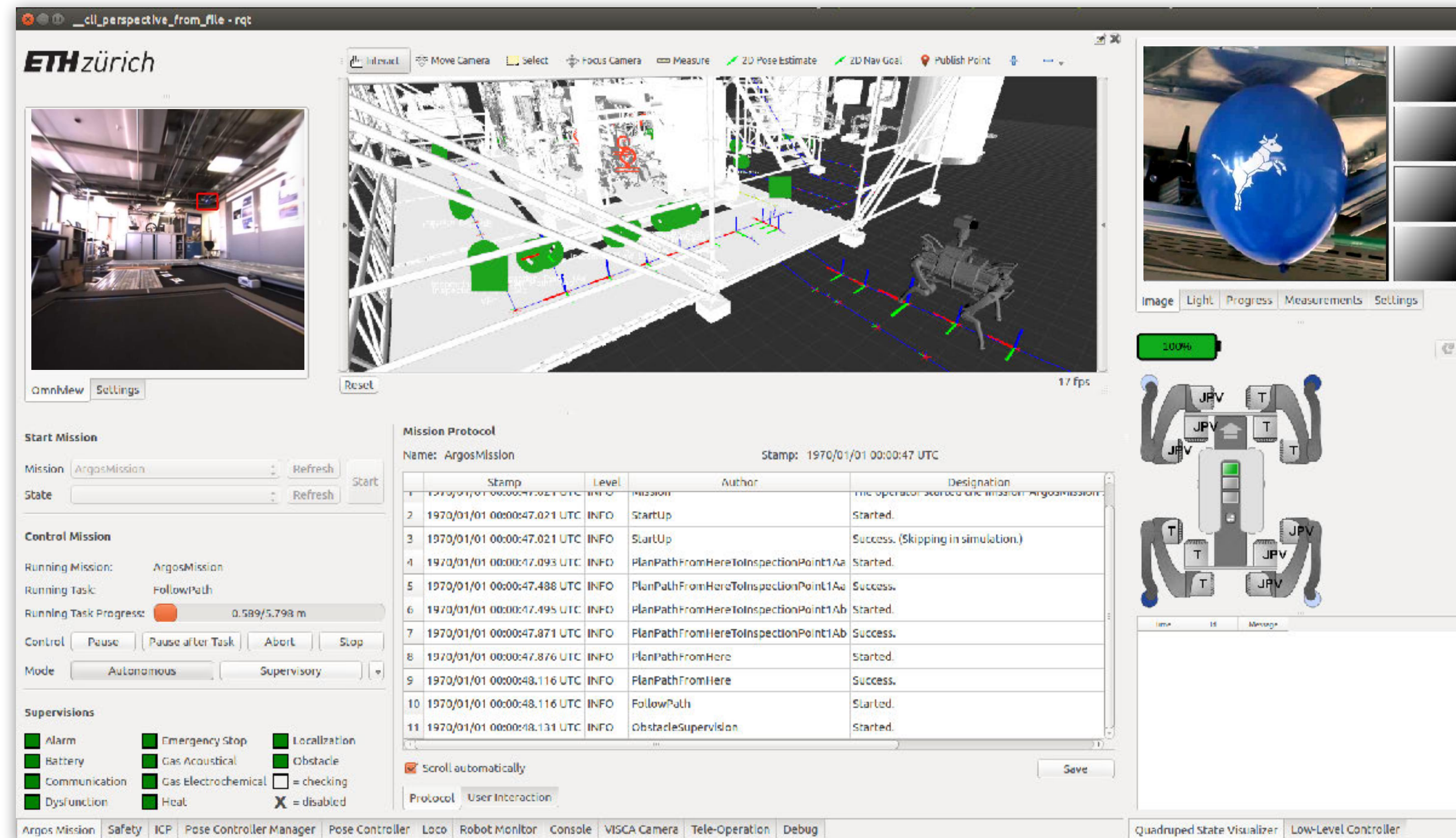


→ Reading unsuccessful, try alternative position or report as unknown

S. Bachmann, “Visual Inspection of Manometers and Valve Levers”, Master’s Thesis, ETH Zurich, 2015.

User Interface

Interface for remote control, semi-, and full autonomous operation.



User Interface

Interface for remote control, semi-, and full autonomous operation.

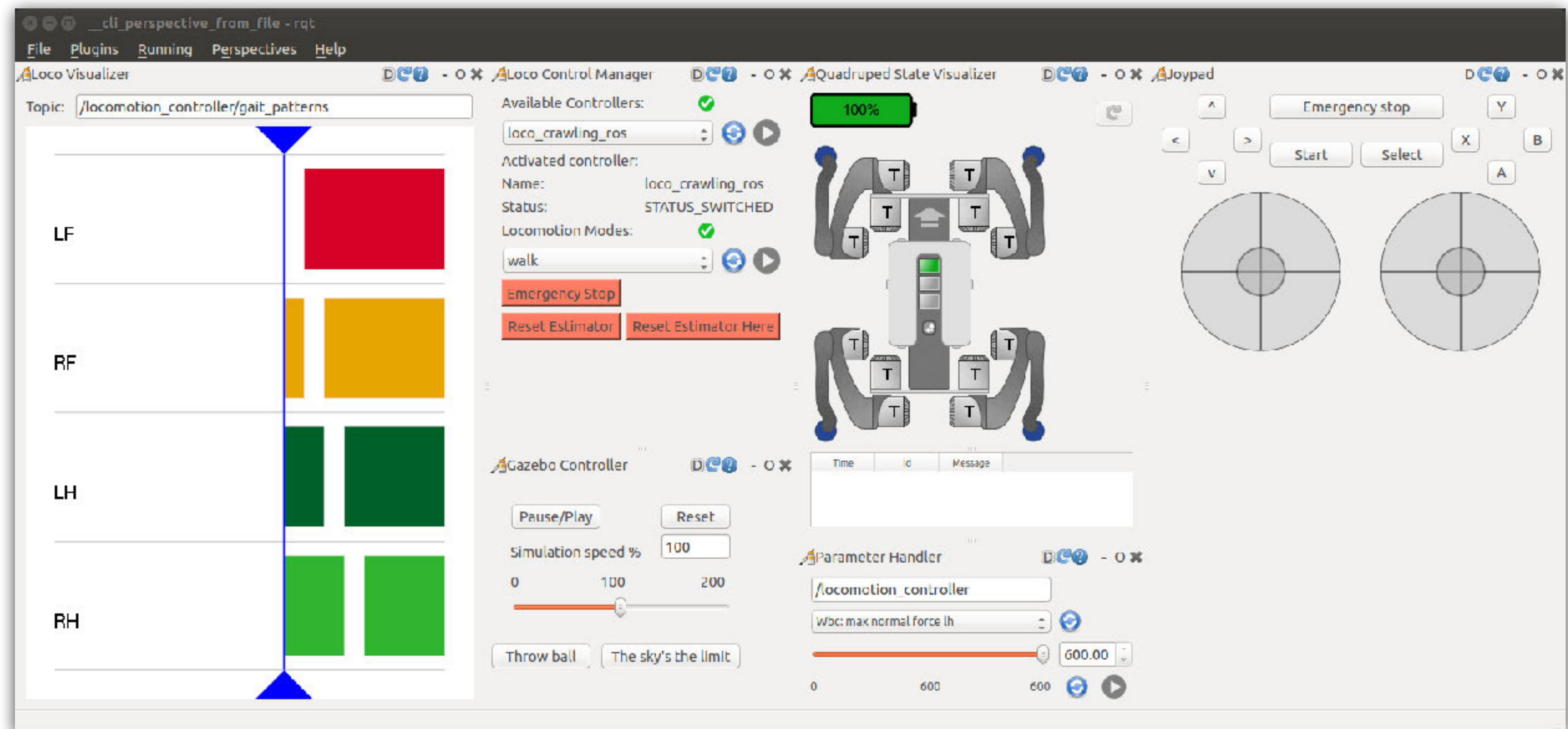
The screenshot displays the ETH zürich User Interface, which is divided into several functional areas:

- Situational camera:** A small inset window on the left showing a first-person view from the robot's perspective.
- 3D view (RViz):** The central large window showing a 3D simulation of the robot's environment with a path and obstacles.
- Inspection cameras:** A window on the right showing a close-up view of a blue balloon with a white deer logo, which is the target of the robot's inspection.
- Mission control & protocol:** A panel on the bottom left containing mission start controls, a progress bar, and a table of mission tasks.
- Robot actuators & sensors:** A diagram on the bottom right showing the robot's internal components, including joints (JPV) and sensors (T).
- Error protocol:** A large yellow area at the bottom right for displaying error messages.
- Other modules:** A row of buttons at the very bottom for switching between different system modules like Safety, ICP, and Pose Controller.

Mission Protocol Table:

| Stamp | Level | Author | Designation |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1970/01/01 00:00:47.021 UTC | INFO | Mission | The operator started the mission ArgosMission. |
| 2 1970/01/01 00:00:47.021 UTC | INFO | StartUp | Started. |
| 3 1970/01/01 00:00:47.021 UTC | INFO | StartUp | Success. (Skipping in simulation.) |
| 4 1970/01/01 00:00:47.093 UTC | INFO | PlanPathFromHereToInspectionPoint1Aa | Started. |
| 5 1970/01/01 00:00:47.488 UTC | INFO | PlanPathFromHereToInspectionPoint1Aa | Success. |
| 6 1970/01/01 00:00:47.495 UTC | INFO | PlanPathFromHereToInspectionPoint1Ab | Started. |
| 7 1970/01/01 00:00:47.871 UTC | INFO | PlanPathFromHereToInspectionPoint1Ab | Success. |
| 8 1970/01/01 00:00:47.876 UTC | INFO | PlanPathFromHere | Started. |
| 9 1970/01/01 00:00:48.116 UTC | INFO | PlanPathFromHere | Success. |
| 10 1970/01/01 00:00:48.116 UTC | INFO | FollowPath | Started. |
| 11 1970/01/01 00:00:48.131 UTC | INFO | ObstacleSupervision | Started. |

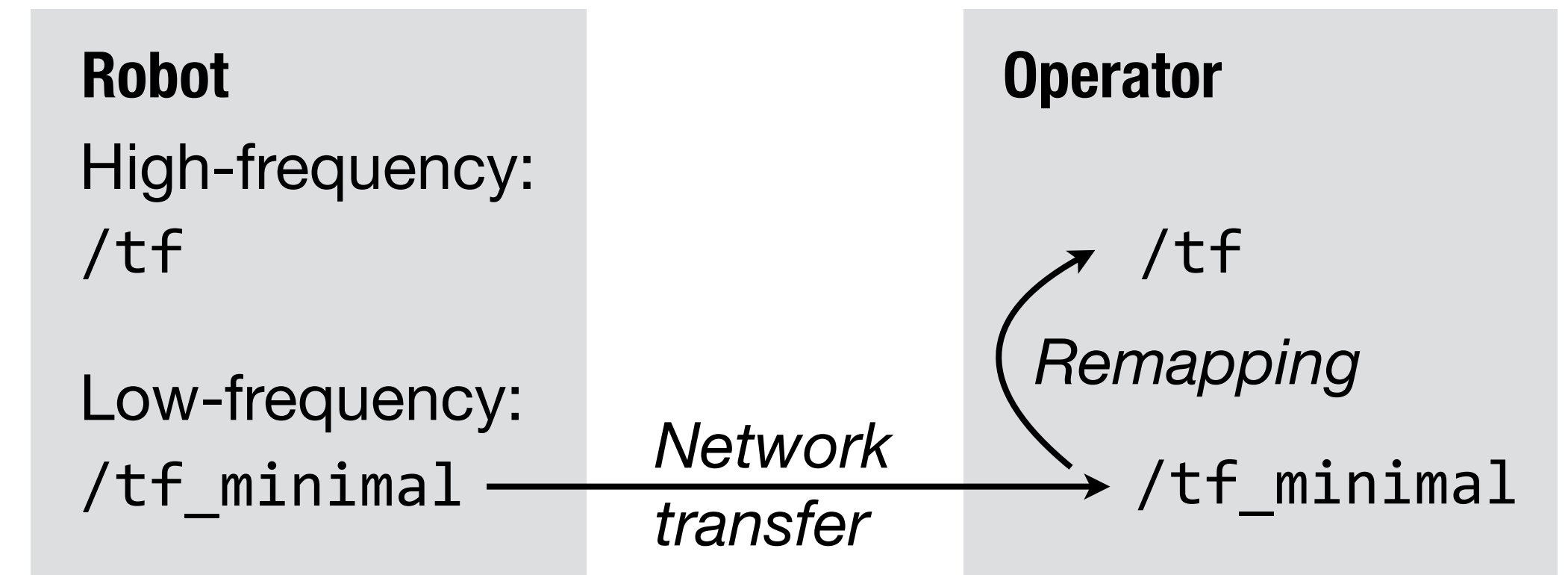
User Interface



User Interface

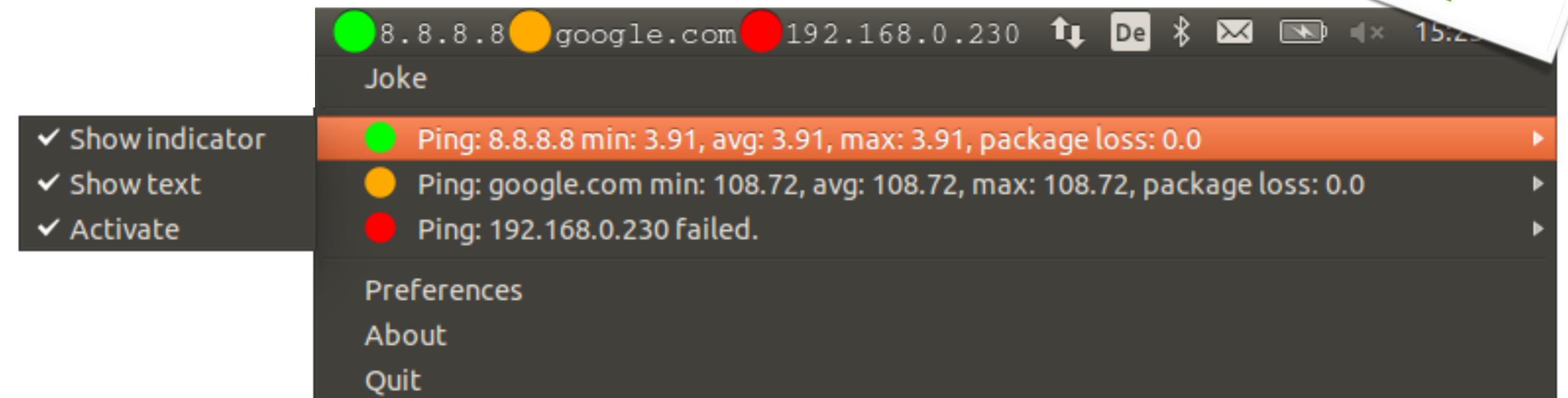
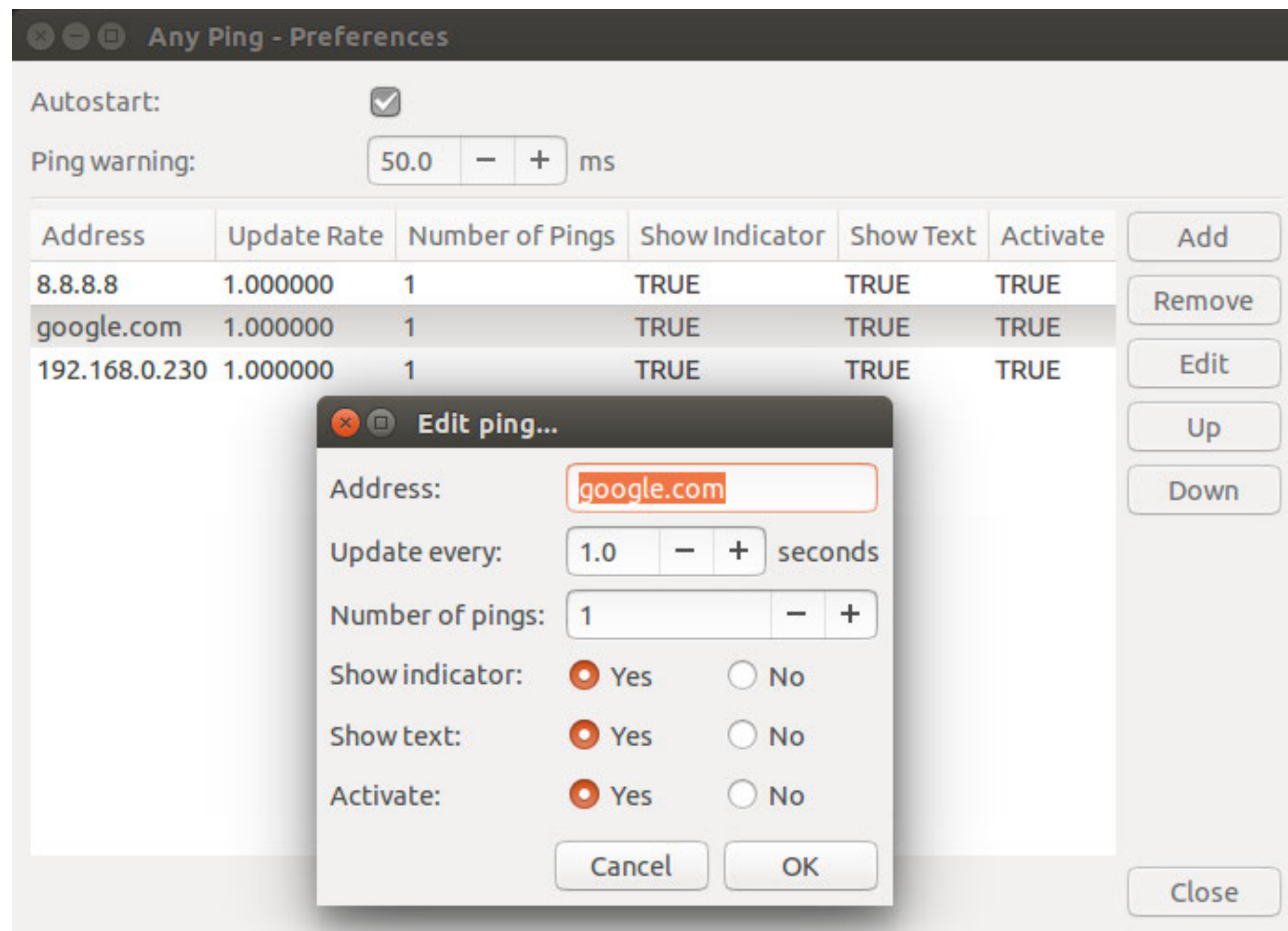
Bandwidth Considerations

- Only critical data is transmitted by default (robot state and position)
- Other data is transmitted on demand (video, maps, etc.)
- Separation of onboard TF and operator TF
- Connection status node monitors WiFi status and triggers recovery behavior



User Interface

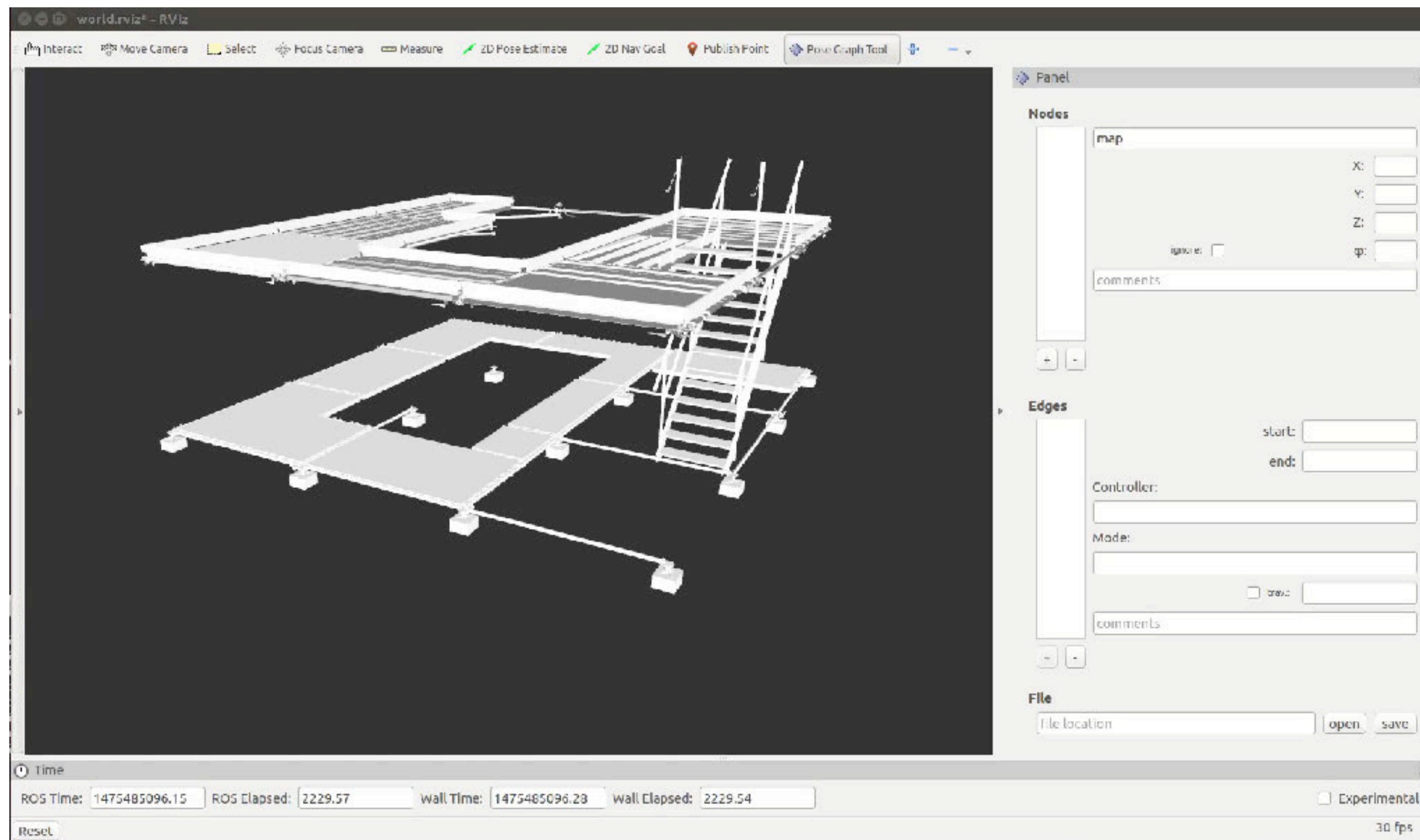
ANYping Indicator



- Indicates PC network availability in Ubuntu menu bar

User Interface

Pose Graph

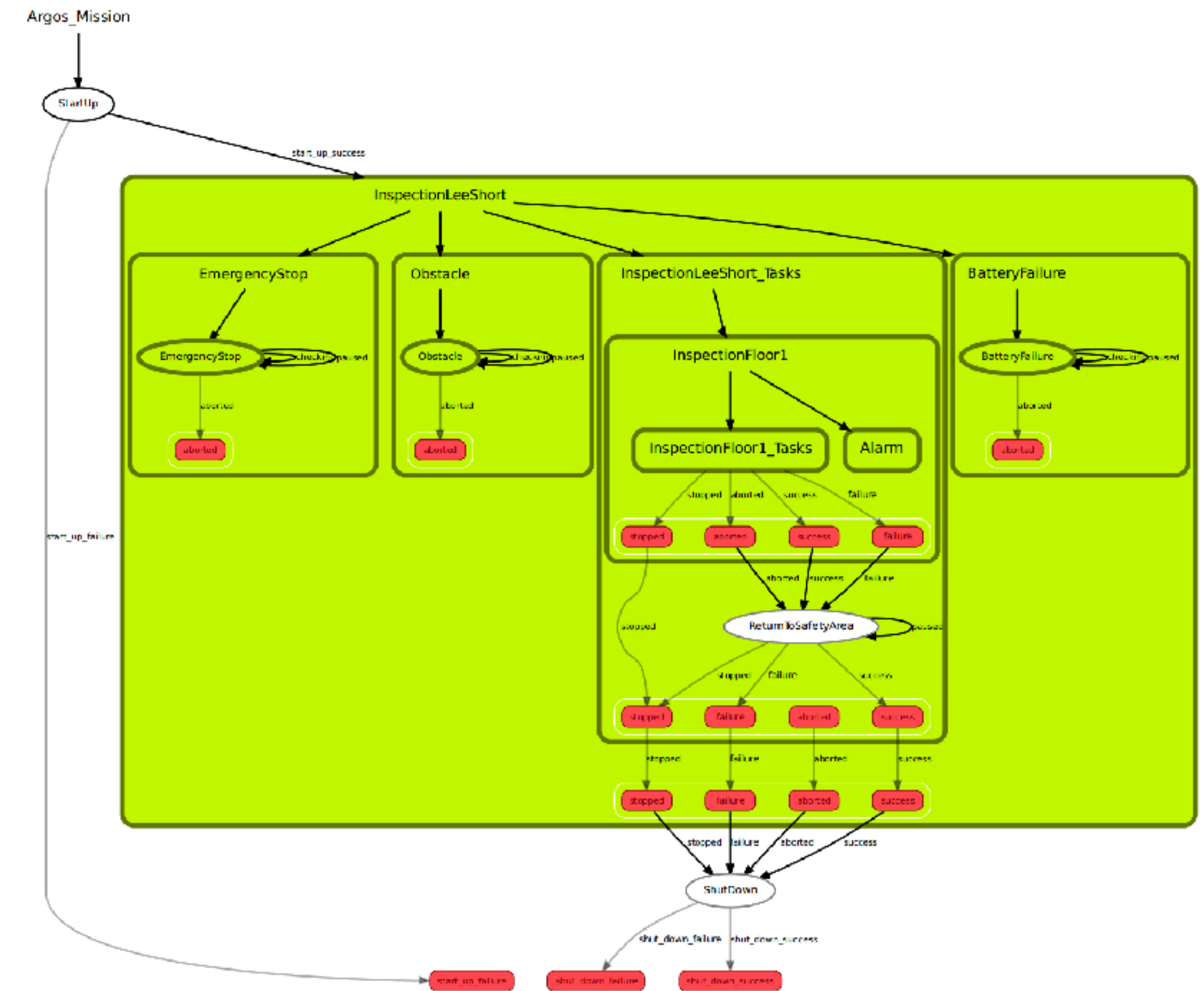


- Pose graph for inspection, special maneuvers (e.g. stairs), docking station etc.
- Visualization and interactive editing of pose graph
- Continuous updating and (re-)planning on pose graph during mission

User Interface

Mission Creation

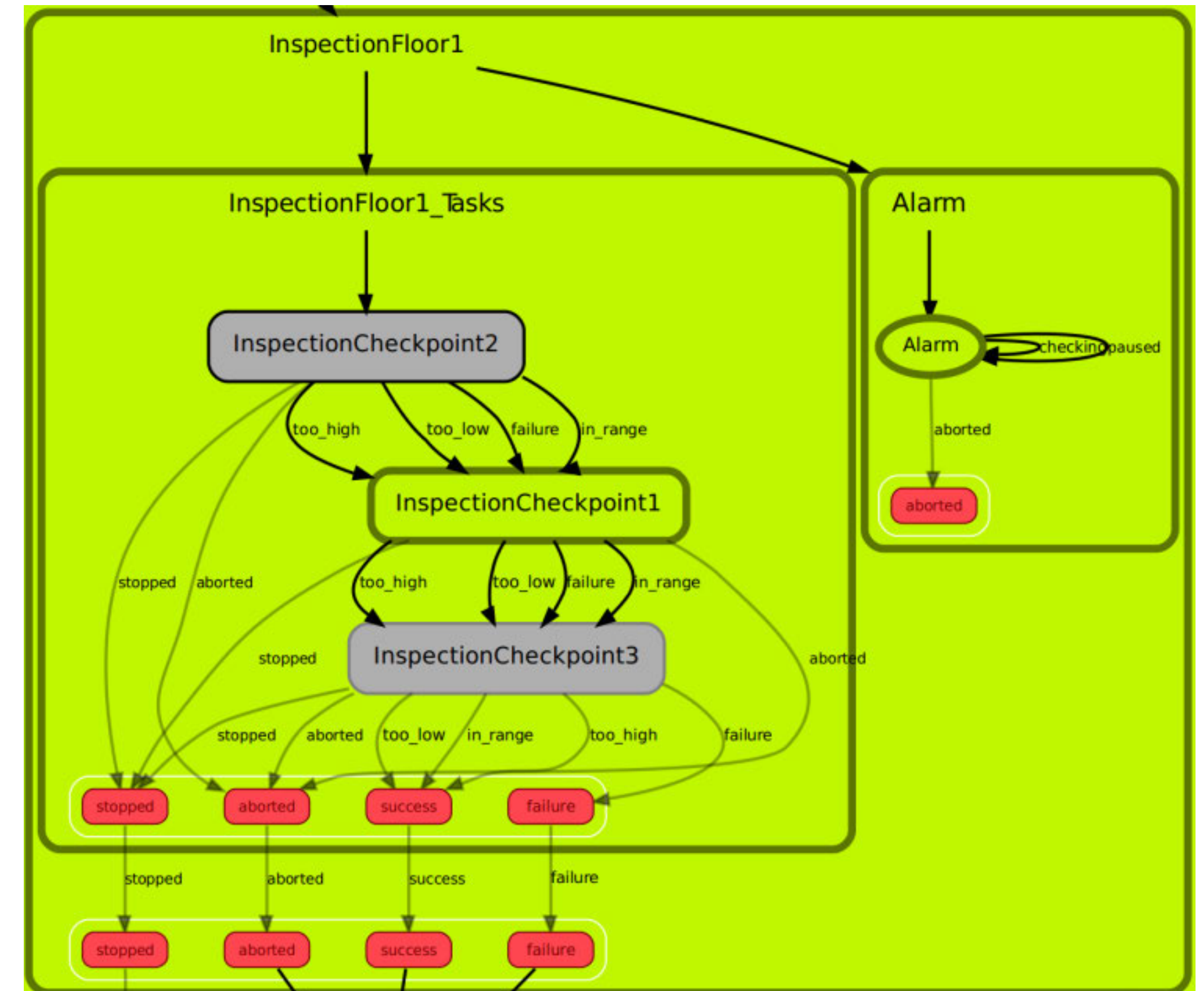
- Task-level state machine (C++ library, similar to SMACH)
- State machine defined in YAML format
- Common building blocks to facilitate construction



User Interface

Mission Creation

- Task-level state machine (C++ library, similar to SMACH)
- State machine defined in YAML format
- Common building blocks to facilitate construction
- Typical missions programmed in 5–20 minutes



RQT Multiplot Plugin & Variant Topic Tools



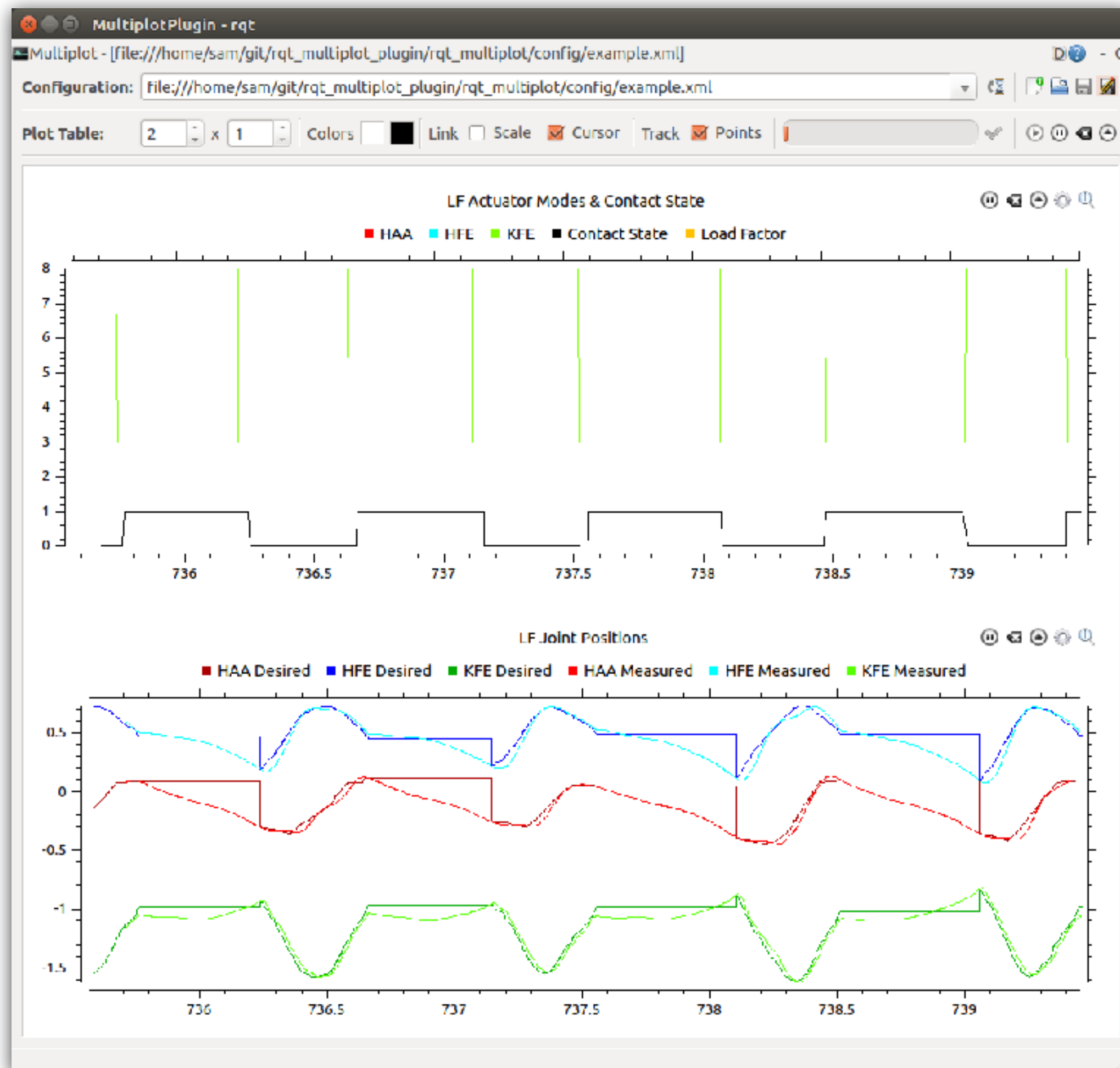
Open Source

[github.com/ethz-asl/
rqt_multiplot_plugin](https://github.com/ethz-asl/rqt_multiplot_plugin)



Open Source

github.com/ethz-asl/variant



- C++ library (alternative to `rqt_plot`)
- Multiple plots in one window
- Edit, save, and load configurations
- Live plotting or load rosbags

RQT Multiplot Plugin & Variant Topic Tools



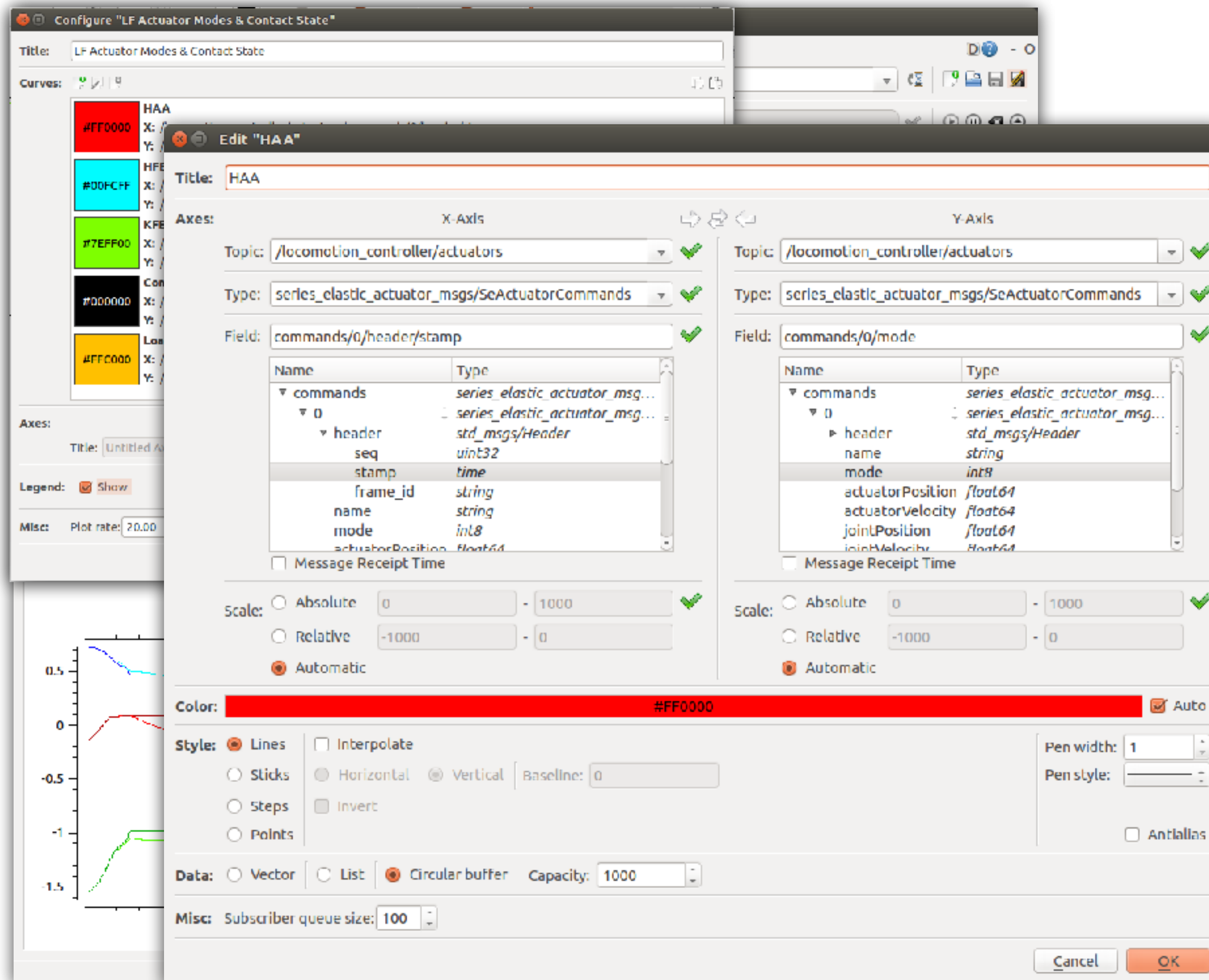
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[github.com/ethz-asl/
rqt_multiplot_plugin](https://github.com/ethz-asl/rqt_multiplot_plugin)



Open Source

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- C++ library (alternative to rqt_plot)
- Multiple plots in one window
- Edit, save, and load configurations
- Live plotting or load rosbags
- Easy to setup configurations

RQT Multiplot Plugin & Variant Topic Tools



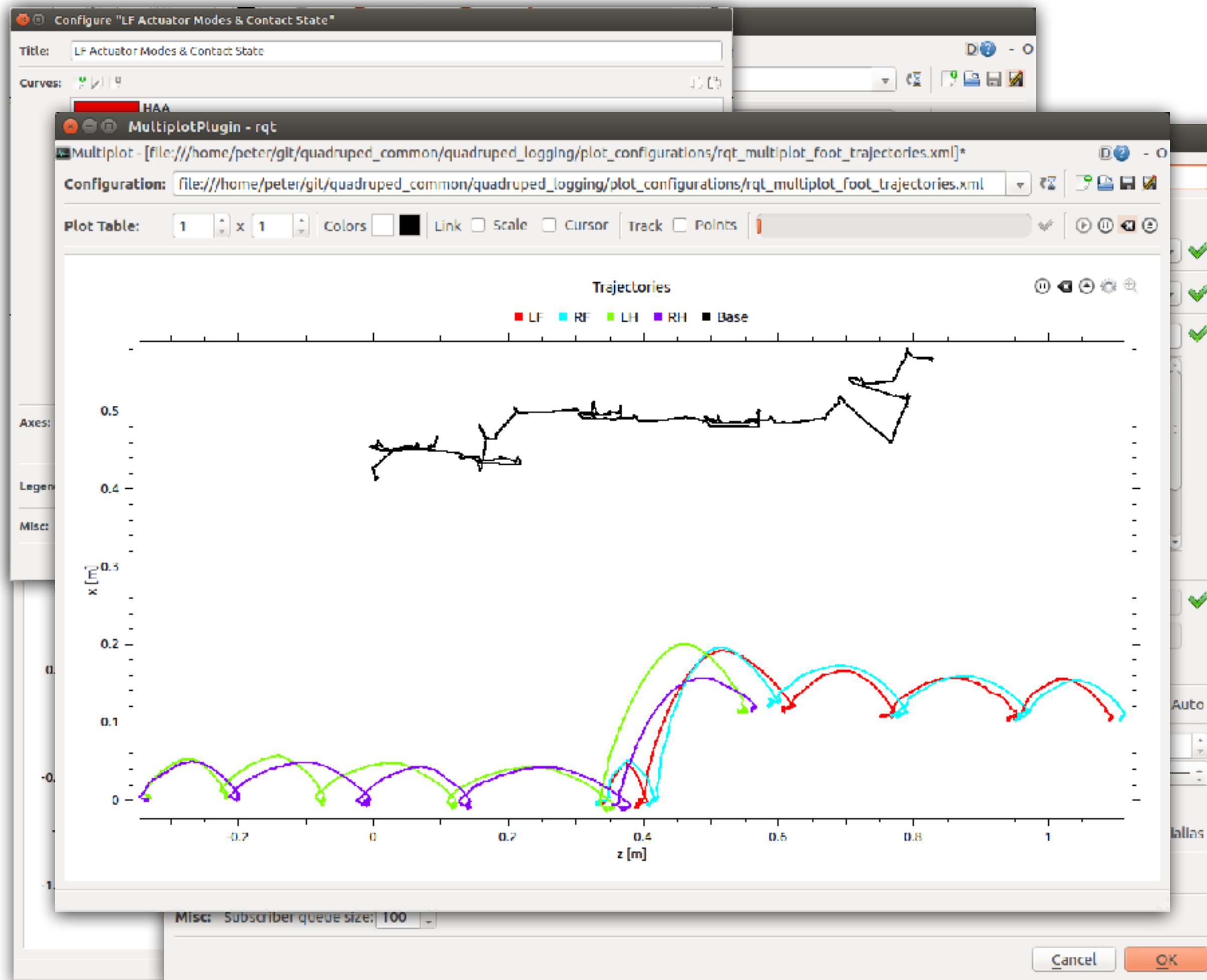
Open Source

[github.com/ethz-asl/
rqt_multiplot_plugin](https://github.com/ethz-asl/rqt_multiplot_plugin)

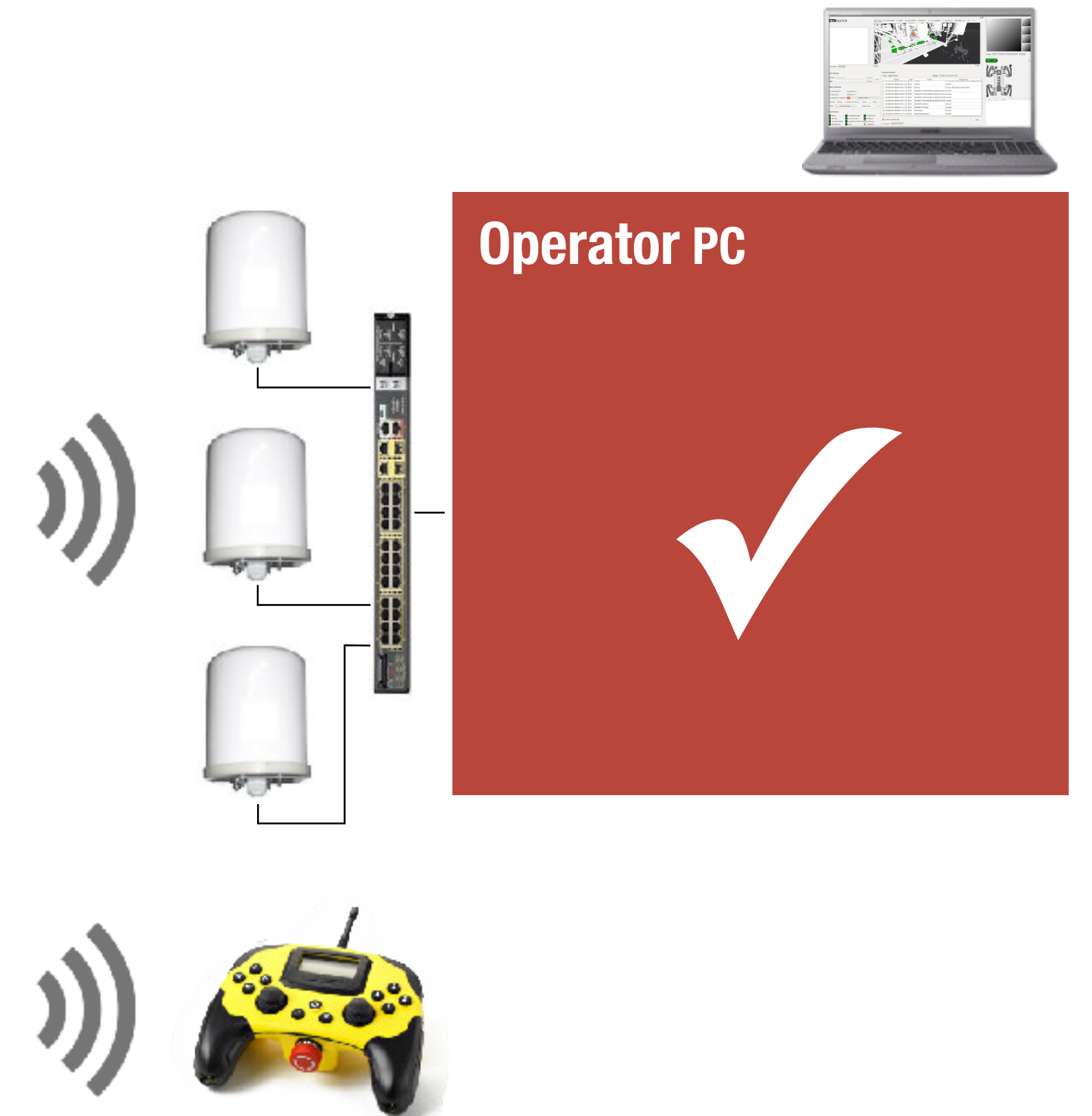
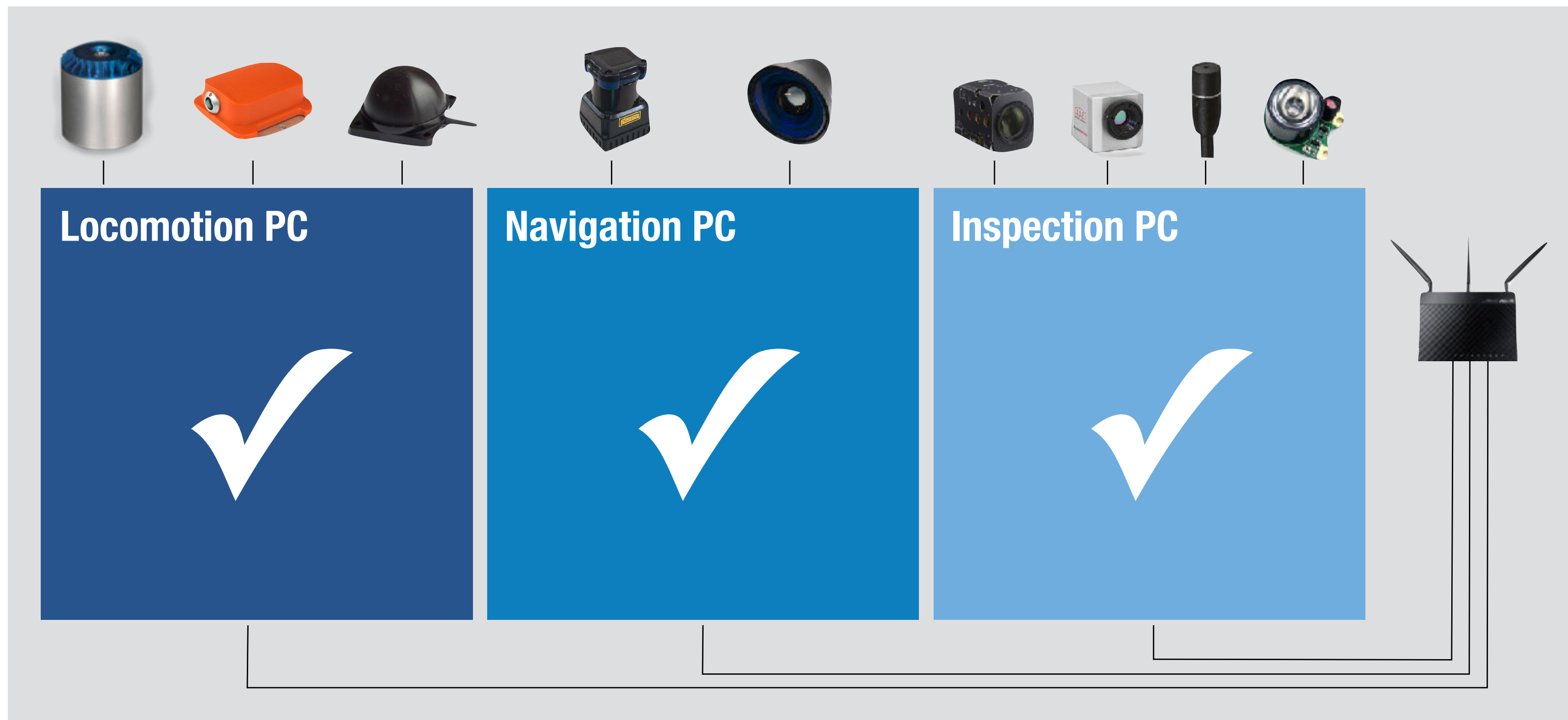


Open Source

github.com/ethz-asl/variant



- C++ library (alternative to rqt_plot)
- Multiple plots in one window
- Edit, save, and load configurations
- Live plotting or load rosbags
- Easy to setup configurations
- x- and y-axis freely configurable



Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

- All developers and robots same setup
 - ➔ Ubuntu 14.04 LTS, ROS Indigo

ubuntu[®]
14.04 LTS



Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

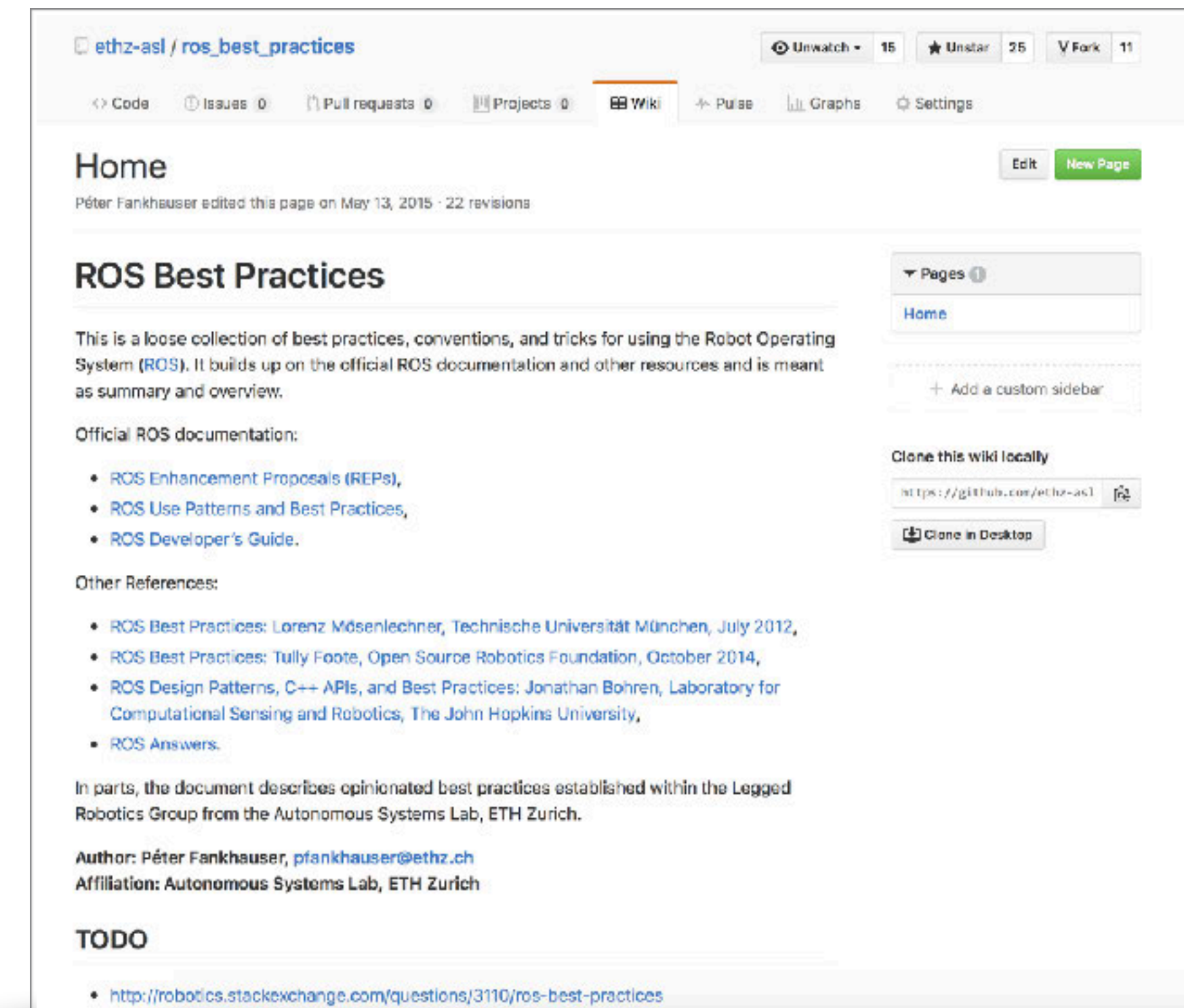
- All developers and robots same setup
 - ➔ Ubuntu 14.04 LTS, ROS Indigo
- Software version control with Git
 - ➔ Bitbucket & GitHub



GitHub

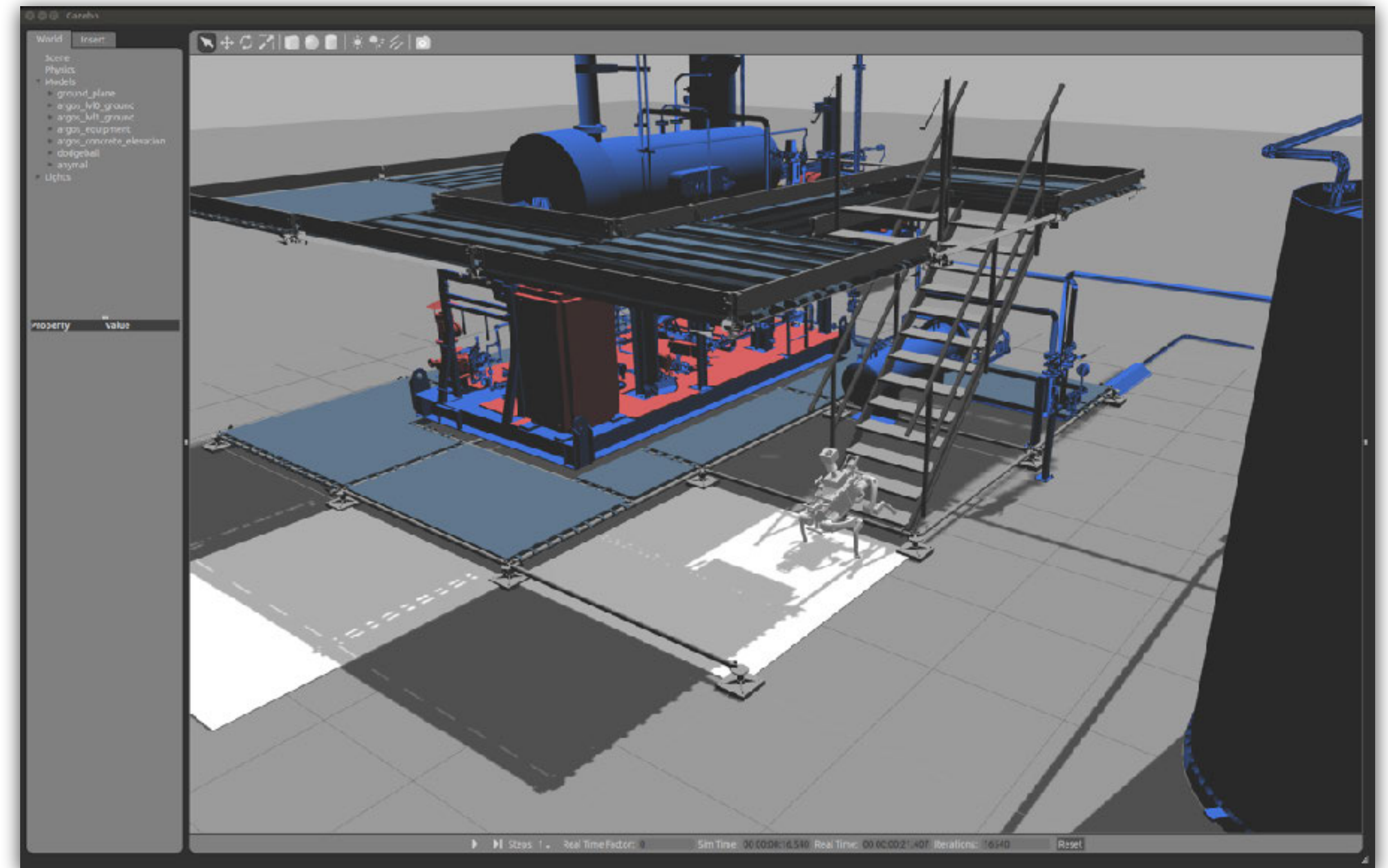
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- Conventions for package structure, format, naming, and code style
 - ➔ github.com/ethz-asl/ros_best_practices/wiki



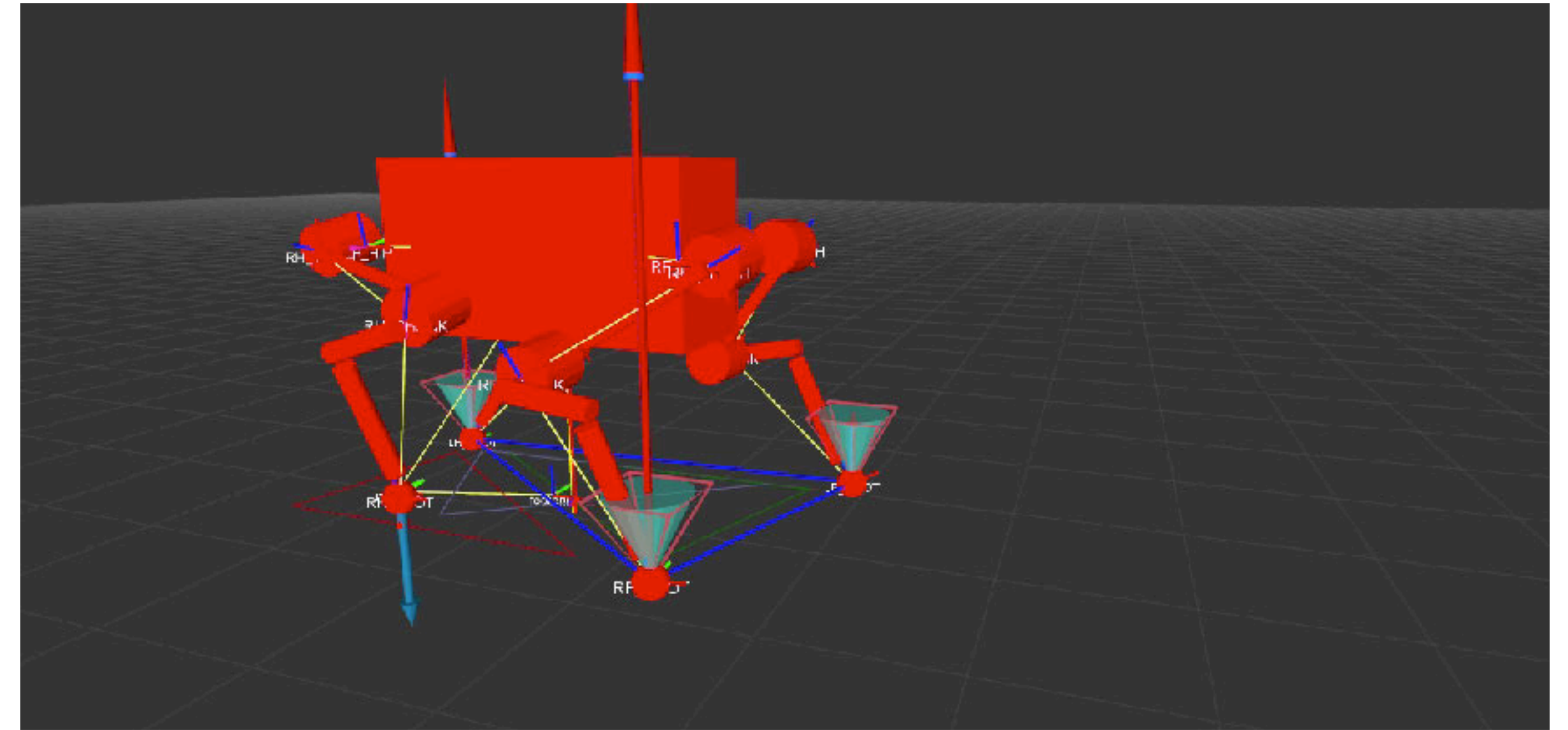
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- Extensive use of simulation
 - ➔ Gazebo



Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

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 - ➔ github.com/ethz-asl/ros_best_practices/wiki
- Extensive use of simulation
 - ➔ Gazebo
- Visualizing as much as possible



Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

- Lots of tests on hardware
 - ➔ Weekly “shakeouts” for defined tasks
 - ➔ Lots of demos



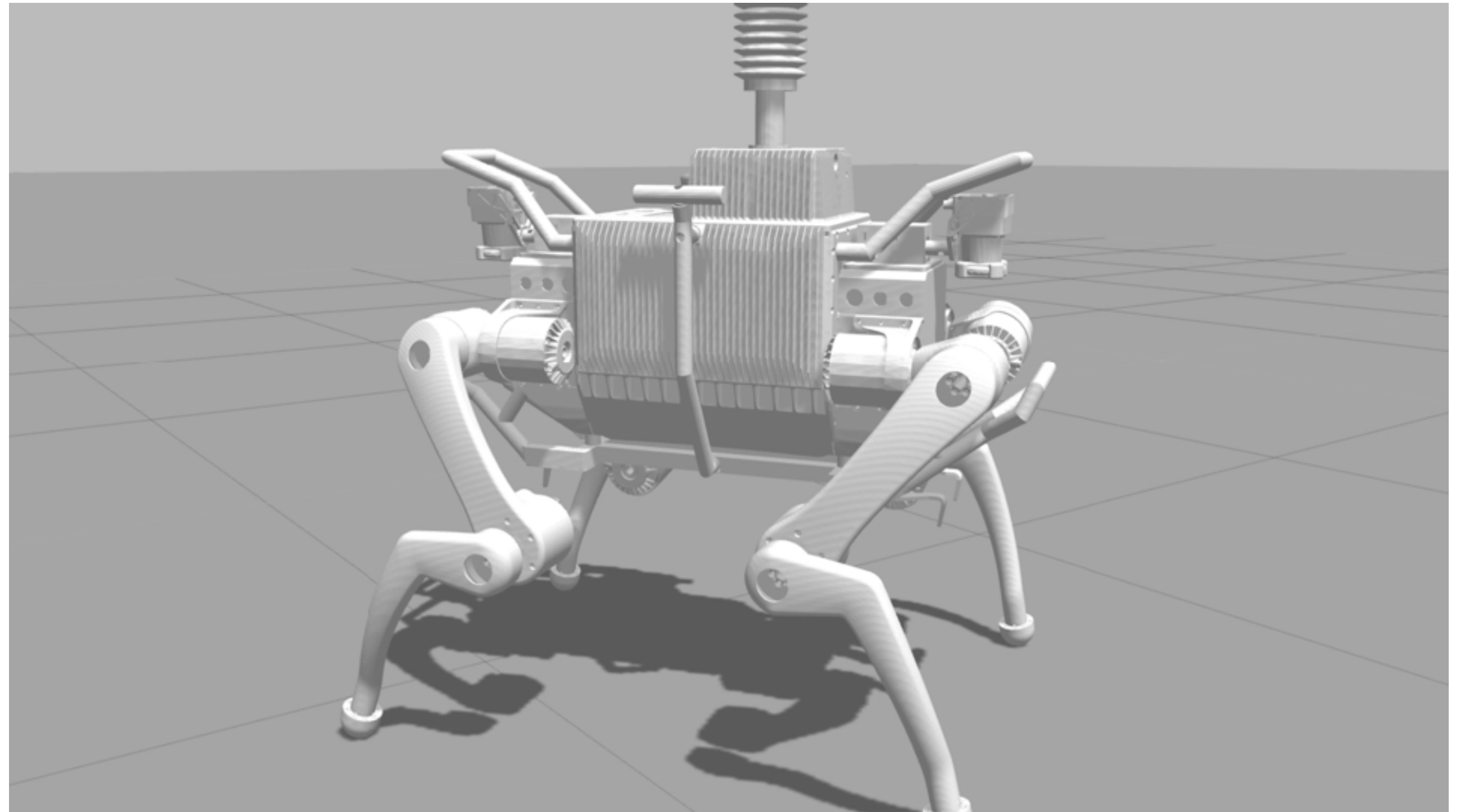
Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

- Lots of tests on hardware
 - ➔ Weekly “shakeouts” for defined tasks
 - ➔ Lots of demos
- Continuous Integration
 - ➔ Jenkins
 - ➔ Unit tests (after each change)
 - ➔ ROS integration tests (at night)



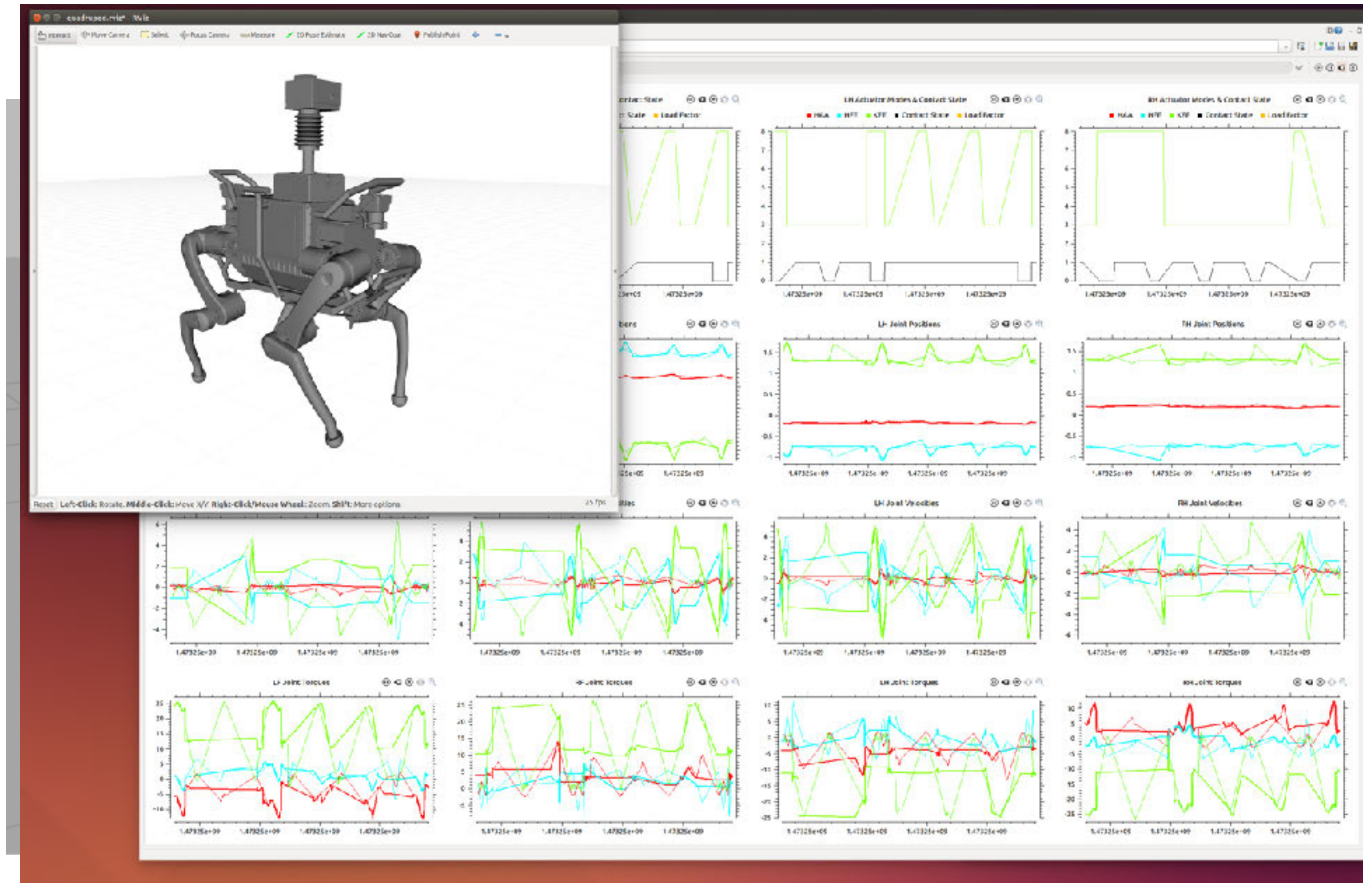
Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

- Lots of tests on hardware
 - ➔ Weekly “shakeouts” for defined tasks
 - ➔ Lots of demos
- Continuous Integration
 - ➔ Jenkins
 - ➔ Unit tests (after each change)
 - ➔ ROS integration tests (at night)



Software Tools – How We (Try) To Keep Things Smooth

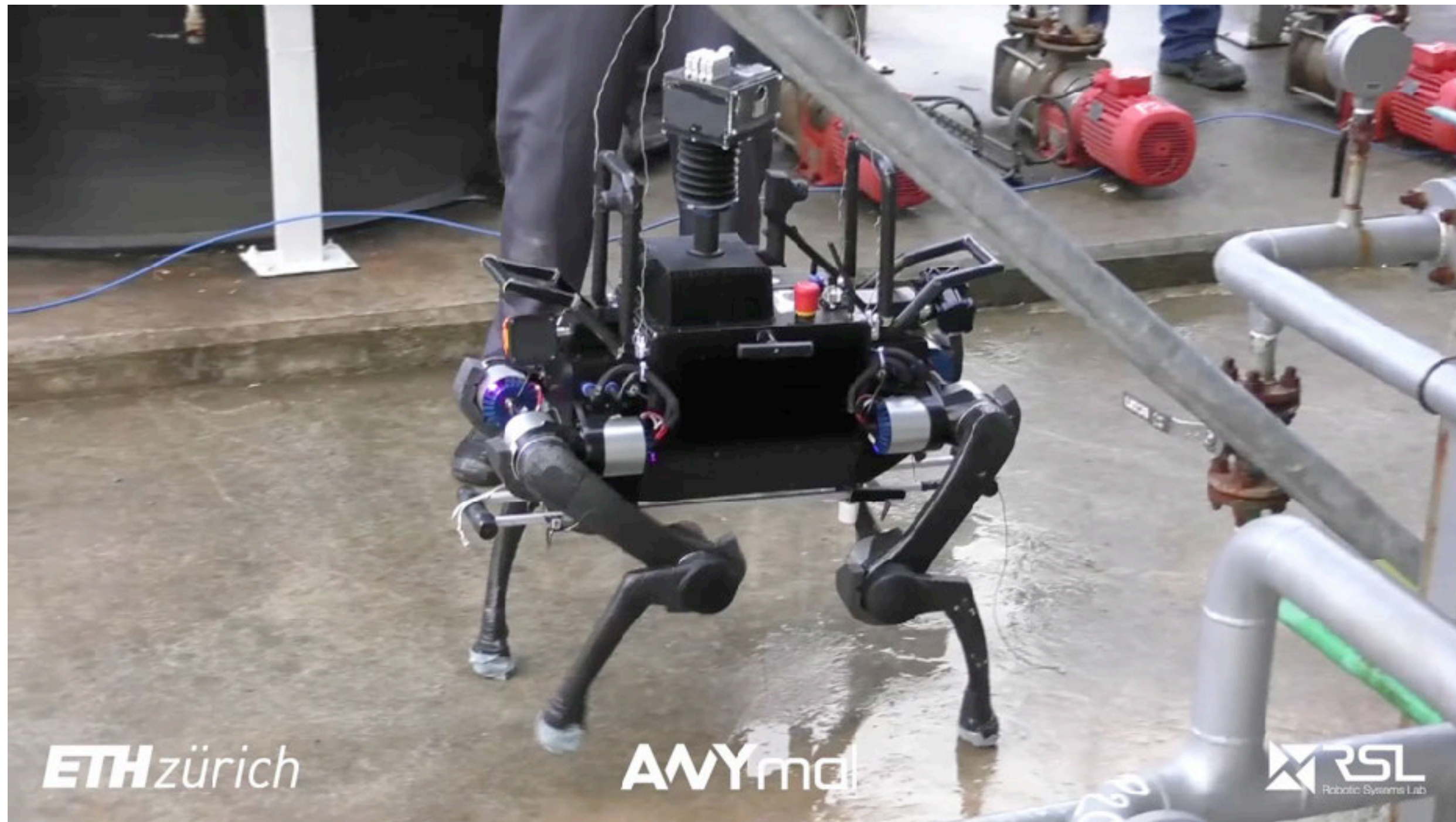
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 - ➔ Weekly “shakeouts” for defined tasks
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 - ➔ Jenkins
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- Logging (rosbag)
 - ➔ All important information is always logged
 - ➔ Review logs with RViz and RQT Multiplot



Conclusion

- Introduced 10 open-source packages, 250+ internal packages
- Coordination of a big team is hard
- Good naming is important
- ROS as “glue”
- WiFi is often problematic
- Reliability is crucial

Thank You



Open-Source Software

github.com/ethz-asl

github.com/leggedrobotics

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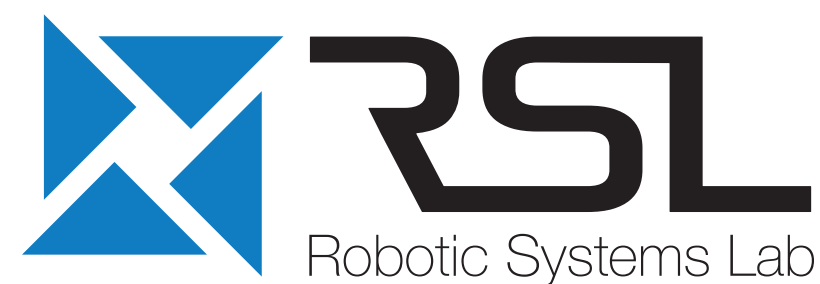
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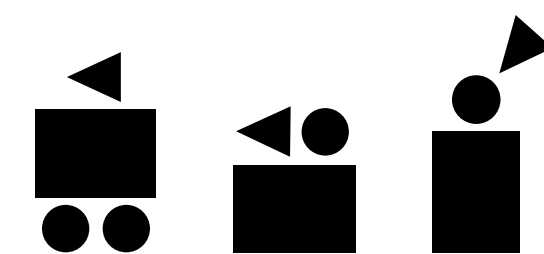
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